J. Angrist W. Newey

Agenda for First Half

I. Agnostic regression – a great place to start!

Regression as Best Linear Predictor (BLP) for the Conditional Expectation Function (CEF) Quick review of large sample theory for OLS estimates

II. Causal regression (our main occupation); regression vs. matching

Linking a regression model with a causal model
The experimentalist view of non-experimental research
Matching to estimate the effect of treatment on the treated
Theoretical comparison of regression and matching
The Angrist (1998) study of the effects of voluntary military service

III. Estimating the effect of training programs (the mother of econometric evaluation problems)

Why training programs are hard to evaluate
The Ashenfelter and Card (1985) training evaluation
The credibility of non-experimental training evaluations; Lalonde (1986)
Use of the propensity score in evaluation research
The Dehejia and Wahba (1999) propensity-score study

- IV. Instrumental variables (exploiting "nature's stream of experiments")
- A. Constant-effects models

IV and omitted variables bias: estimating a "long regression" without the controls Review of large-sample theory for IV
The Wald estimator and grouped data
Two-sample IV and related methods
The Angrist (1990) study of the effects of Vietnam-era military service

B. Instrumental variables with heterogeneous potential outcomes

Local average treatment effects; internal vs. external validity The *compliers* concept; identification of effects on the treated Models with variable treatment intensity; examples The Angrist and Krueger (1991) schooling study

- V. Statistical problems and special topics
- A. Bias in two-stage least squares; solutions
- B. Clustering and the Moulton problem
- C. IV for limited dependent variables and Quantile Treatment Effects
- D. The propensity-score paradox
- E. Regression-discontinuity methods