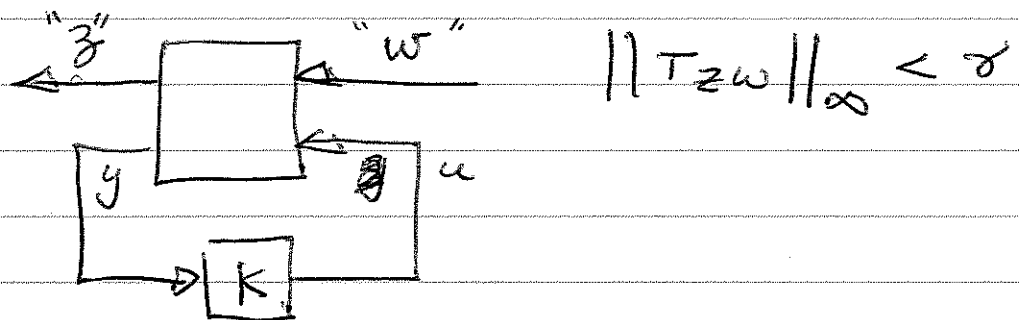


## H<sub>∞</sub> control

Problem: Find a controller,  $K(s)$ , so that



Note: "z" includes  $z$  and  $u$ ;  
"w" includes  $w$  and  $v$ . So cost function is like

$$J = \int \left( |z|^2 + |u|^2 - \gamma^2 [ |w|^2 + |v|^2 ] \right) dt$$

To solve, do

- (1) Full information control
- (2) Estimation
- (3) Combined controller.

$$J = \min_u \max_w \int \left( |z|^2 + |u|^2 - \gamma^2 |w|^2 \right) dt$$

Assume a cost-to-go of form

$$J = x^T P x$$

Then applying dynamic programming yields

$$u = -B_u^T P x + \frac{B_w^T P x}{\gamma^2}$$

The Riccati equation for  $P$  is given by

$$-\dot{P} = A^T P + P A + C_z^T C_z + \gamma^{-2} P B_w B_w^T P - P B_u B_u^T P$$

$$= 0 \quad (\text{in steady-state})$$

ARE has a solution iff

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} A & -B_u B_u^T + \gamma^{-2} B_w B_w^T \\ -C_z^T C_z & -A^T \end{pmatrix}$$

has no poles on  $j\omega$ -axis.

Note that the FS controller is

$$u = -F x$$

$$F = B_u^T P$$

H<sub>∞</sub> estimator.

The dual estimation problem yields

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{\Sigma} &= A\Sigma + \Sigma A^T + B_w B_w^T - \Sigma C_y^T C_y \Sigma \\ &\quad + \gamma^{-2} \Sigma C_z^T C_z \Sigma \\ &= 0 \text{ in steady-state.} \end{aligned}$$

The corresponding Hamiltonian is

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} A^T & \gamma^{-2} C_z^T C_z - C_y^T C_y \\ -B_w B_w^T & -A \end{bmatrix}$$

The Riccati equation has a solution iff  $J$  has no  $j\omega$ -axis poles.

The H<sub>∞</sub> estimator is

$$\dot{\hat{x}} = A\hat{x} + L(y - C\hat{x})$$

$$L = -\Sigma C_y^T$$

What is interpretation of  $\Sigma$ ?  
 The estimation error is bounded  
 by

$$\int_{-\infty}^t (|z|^2 - \gamma^2 [|\omega|^2 + |v|^2]) dt$$

$$< - (x - \hat{x})^T \Sigma^{-1} (x - \hat{x}) \gamma^2$$

~~Some mess~~

Can  $w, v$  drive system unstable?  
 Suppose for  $t < 0$ ,  $w, v$  are such  
 that  $y \equiv 0$ . Then  $\hat{x} \equiv 0$ , so there  
 is no control ( $u \equiv 0$ ). Then

$$\int_{-\infty}^0 (|z|^2 + |u|^2 - \gamma^2 (|\omega|^2 + |v|^2)) dt$$

$$< - x^T \Sigma^{-1} x \gamma^2$$

After  $t=0$ , assume we know state,  
 so do perfect control. Then

$$\int_0^{\infty} (z^2 + u^2 - \gamma^2 \omega^2 - \gamma^2 v^2) dt <$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} (z^2 + u^2 - \gamma^2 \omega^2) dt < x^T P x$$

So total cost  $J$  satisfies

$$J < x^T P x - x^T \Sigma^{-1} x \sigma^2$$

If  $P < \Sigma^{-1} \sigma^2$   $J < 0 \Rightarrow \|T_{zw}\| < \sigma$   
(sort of). But if  $P > \Sigma^{-1}$ , can  
find  $x(0)$  for which cost is  $+\infty$ !

So requirement for  $H_\infty$  stabilizing  
controller is

$$P < \Sigma^{-1} \sigma^2$$

which is the same as

$$\rho(\Sigma P) < \sigma^2$$

↑ "spectral radius"

So estimation and control problems  
are coupled! There is not a  
nice separation principle.

$H_\infty$  controller is given by

$$K_{\text{sub}}(s) = \left[ \begin{array}{c|c} \hat{A}_\infty & -Z_\infty L_\infty \\ \hline F_\infty & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\hat{A}_\infty = A + \gamma^{-2} B_w B_w^T P - B_2 F_\infty + Z_\infty L_\infty C_y$$

$$F_\infty = B_u^T P$$

$$L_\infty = \Sigma C_y^T$$

$$Z_\infty = (I - \gamma^{-2} \Sigma P)^{-1}$$

Can find best controller by  $\gamma$ -iteration.