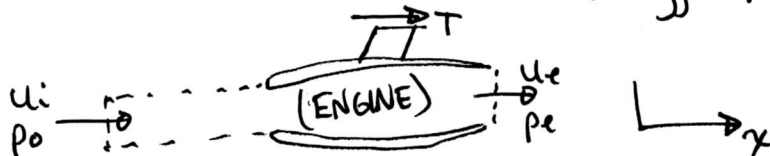


PROPULSION PI SOLUTIONS

WAITZ

INTEGRAL MOMENTUM EQN. : $\sum F_x = \int \rho u_x (\vec{u} \cdot \vec{n}) dA$



$$T + (p_o - p_e)A_e = \dot{m}u_e - \dot{m}u_o$$

a) MOM. FLUX INTO ENGINE

= mass flow rate * momentum per unit mass (i.e. velocity)
= $\dot{m}$ (velocity)

OR FROM THE INTEGRAL

$$= \int \rho u_x (\vec{u} \cdot \vec{n}) dA = \dot{m} (-u_{in}) = 50 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{s}} \cdot (-400 \text{ m/s})$$

(negative because u_{in} is (+)
an outward normal
is (-))

$$\boxed{-20 \text{ kN}}$$

b) MOM. FLUX OUT - SAME AS ABOVE EXCEPT $\vec{n}$ & $\vec{u}_e$ ARE IN SAME DIRECTION SO $\vec{u} \cdot \vec{n}$ IS (+)

$$= 50 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{s}} \cdot 700 \text{ m/s} = \boxed{35 \text{ kN}}$$

c) NET MOM FLUX = $\boxed{15 \text{ kN}}$

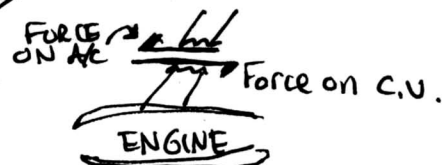
d) NET PRESSURE FORCE

$$= (p_o - p_e)A_e = (30 \text{ kPa} - 25 \text{ kPa})(1 \text{ m}^2) = \boxed{5 \text{ kN}}$$

e) NET FORCE ON MASS IN C.V.

$$T = \dot{m}u_e - \dot{m}u_o - A_e(p_o - p_e) = 35 \text{ kN} - 20 \text{ kN} - 5 \text{ kN} = \boxed{10 \text{ kN}}$$

f) THIS FORCE ACTS IN THE POSITIVE X-DIRECTION ON THE MASS IN THE C.V. $\rightarrow$



g)

SINCE THE AIRCRAFT IS IN STEADY LEVEL FLIGHT, THE FORCES MUST BALANCE.

THEREFORE THE ^{VECTOR}SUM OF ALL OTHER FORCES (LIFT, DRAG, WEIGHT) MUST = $10 \text{ kN} + x \text{ DIR}$