### 18.06 Professor Edelman Quiz 3 December 4, 2013

Grading

Your PRINTED name is:
2
3

## Please circle your recitation:

| 1 | T 9 | Dan Harris | E17-401G | $3-7775$ | dmh |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | T 10 | Dan Harris | E17-401G | $3-7775$ | dmh |
| 3 | T 10 | Tanya Khovanova | E18-420 | $4-1459$ | tanya |
| 4 | T 11 | Tanya Khovanova | E18-420 | $4-1459$ | tanya |
| 5 | T 12 | Saul Glasman | E18-301H | $3-4091$ | sglasman |
| 6 | T 1 | Alex Dubbs | $32-G 580$ | $3-6770$ | dubbs |
| 7 | T 2 | Alex Dubbs | $32-G 580$ | $3-6770$ | dubbs |

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1 (32 pts.) (2 points each)

There are sixteen $2 \times 2$ matrices whose entries are either 0 or 1 . For each of the sixteen, write down the two singular values. Time saving hint: if you really understand singular values, then there is really no need to compute $A A^{T}$ or $A^{T} A$, but it is okay if you must.

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2 (30 pts.) (3 points each: Please circle true or false, and either way, explain briefly.)
a) If $A$ and $B$ are invertible, then so is $(A+B) / 2$. True? False? (Explain briefly).
b) If $A$ and $B$ are Markov, then so is $(A+B) / 2$. True? False? (Explain briefly).
c) If $A$ and $B$ are positive definite, then so is $(A+B) / 2$. True? False? (Explain briefly).
d) If $A$ and $B$ are diagonalizable, then so is $(A+B) / 2$. True? False? (Explain briefly).
e) If $A$ and $B$ are rank 1 , then so is $(A+B) / 2$. True? False? (Explain briefly).
f) If $A$ is symmetric then so is $e^{A}$.
g) If $A$ is Markov then so is $e^{A}$.

True? False? (Explain briefly).
h) If $A$ is symmetric, then $e^{A}$ is positive definite.

True?
False? (Explain briefly).
i) If $A$ is singular, then so is $e^{A}$.

True?
False? (Explain briefly).
j) If $A$ is orthogonal, then so is $e^{A}$.

False? (Explain briefly).

## 3 ( 38 pts.)

Let $A=\left(\begin{array}{rr}-1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1\end{array}\right)$.
a) (10 pts.) Find a nonzero solution $y(t)$ in $R^{2}$ to $d y / d t=A y$ that is independent of $t$, in other words, $y(t)$ is a constant vector in $R^{2}$. (Hint: why would a vector in the nullspace of $A$ have this property?)
b) (10 pts.) Show that $e^{A t}$ is Markov for every value of $t \geq 0$.
c) (10 pts.) What is the limit of $e^{A t}$ as $t \rightarrow \infty$ ?
d) ( 8 pts .) What is the steady state vector of the Markov matrix $e^{A}$ ?

