Massachvsetts Institvte of Technology 6.S077, Fall 2018 Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science **Final Project Topics: Biological Intelligence**

Released: Wednesday, November 8

Due: Wednesday, November 21 (Weds. before Thanksgiving break) What: email me a 1-paragraph description (at most) of what you want to write about for your final project. It doesn't have to be what's included here, but I need to approve over Thanksgiving break.

Topics

1. Anything-literally-that we've talked about in this class: how babies learn speech; animal "language," including artificial language experiments, dolphins, chimps, parrots; sign language; honeybee dance and navigation; how kids learn words; etc.

There's a long list of topics cribbed from the Wikipedia entry on animal cognition, here, that you can also select from:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Animal_cognition

We've collected some references cited in this article and posted them to the wiki page for 6.S077. In particular, the following topics might spark your interest:

- 2. How children learn numbers and how to count, and the difference between analogical "numeracy" and their adult-like number cognition and counting
- Same topic, but for animals (see "Animals that count how numeracy evolved" on the wiki); Anderson, U.S.; Stoinski, T.S.; Bloomsmith, M.A.; Marr, M.J.; Smith, A.D.; Maple, T.L. (2005). Also, "Relative numerousness judgment and summation in young and old western lowland gorillas." Journal of Comparative Psychology. 119: 285–295 See also Wikipedia entries on dogs: <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dog_intelligence</u> And for cetaceans: <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cetacean_intelligence</u> For macaque monkeys, see the PNAS article by Livingstone, 2014 on the wiki
 Echele action in hete https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/A mined. achele action
- 4. Echolocation in bats: <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Animal_echolocation</u>
- 5. Dead-reckoning in insects (ants, etc.) i.e., "path integration." See the wiki, "ant-path-integration."
- Attention in other animals (and human); see Blough, D. S. (2006) Reaction-time explorations of visual attention, perception, and decision in pigeons. In E. A. Wasserman & T. R. Zentall (Eds) Comparative Cognition: Experimental Explorations of Animal Intelligence pp. 89-105. New York: Oxford.
- 7. Visual search and attention, see preceding reference.
- 8. Concepts and categories in other animals, and in humans: review article by Zentall, 2008, posted on the wiki. See the references contained there. (animal-concepts.pdf) This is a big topic, so you could focus on some particular animal: songbirds, for vocal categories; honeybees/insects, for the concepts of "up" and "down" (see the wiki, "insect-above-below.pdf") Fish: <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fish_intelligence</u>
- 9. Concepts in humans: read J. Fodor's (scathing) review of our weak ideas about concepts re the "Big Book of Concepts" and write a paper for and against Fodor's views; review is on the wiki ("fodor-on-concepts").

- Associative learning, e.g., in pigeons, Vaughan, W.; Jr (1988). "Formation of equivalence sets in pigeons". Journal of Experimental Psychology: Animal Behavior Process. 14: 36 42. doi:10.1037/0097-7403.14.1.36.
- 11. Rule learning in other animals, e.g., rats; see wiki pdf, "rat-rule-learning."
- Rule learning in monkeys, Vaughan, W.; Jr (1988). "Formation of equivalence sets in pigeons". Journal of Experimental Psychology: Animal Behavior Process. 14: 36 42. doi:10.1037/0097-7403.14.1.36
- How can neural nets encode symbols?
 R. Gallistel, on the "Language of Thought" on the course wiki.
- 14. Memory

Memory for locations by birds: Balda, R.; Kamil, A. C. (1992). "Long-term spatial memory in Clark's nutcracker, Nucifraga Columbiana". Animal Behaviour. 44 (4): 761–769. doi:10.1016/S0003-3472(05)80302-1.

Seasonal hippocampal plasticity in food-storing birds, David F. Sherry and Jennifer S. Hoshooley, Philos Trans R Soc Lond B Biol Sci. 2010 Mar 27; 365(1542): 933–943. doi: 10.1098/rstb.2009.0220

 "Naïve" physics in infants, perhaps other animals; see Baillargeon, R. (1994). "How Do Infants Learn About the Physical World?". Current Directions in Psychological Science. 3 (5): 133– 140. doi:10.1111/1467-8721.ep10770614.

See: Needham & Baillargeon, Inutitions about support in 4.5 month old infants, Cognition, on course wiki.

See also: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Naïve_physics

- 16. Causal reasoning, infant "metaphysics." See Xu & Carey, "Infant Metaphysics" on course Wiki.
- False beliefs. Baillargeon, R. & Onishi, K. H. (2005). Do 15-Month-Old Infants Understand False Beliefs? Science, 308(5719), 225-258. doi: 10.1126/science.1107621; Baillargeon, R., Scott, R. M., & He, Z. (2010). False-belief understanding in infants. Trends in cognitive sciences, 14(3), 110-118. doi:10.1016/j.tics.2009.12.006.
- 18. Tool use. Please look at: <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tool_use_by_animals</u>
- 19. Theory of mind in nonhuman animals. See Buckner, 2017, on the course wiki.
- 20. Spontaneous creation of sign languages. See "Emerging sign languages" on the course wiki.