Class 12: Grammars & Parsing

6.102 – Software Construction Spring 2024

A grammar for arithmetic expressions



Open warmupTest.ts and run it with npm run warmupTest

In the output, look for and compare:

- the parse tree
 - $\circ\,$ relate to the grammar at the top of <code>parser.ts</code>
- the abstract syntax tree (AST)
 - \circ relate to the classes Plus and Constant in IntegerExpression.ts

Fill in the TODOs in warmupTest with input strings that produce different results:

- same AST but different parse tree
- same AST leaves (54, 2, 89 in that order) and expression value, but different parse tree and different AST
- same AST leaves and value, but parse tree with fewest possible primary nodes

Nanoquiz

- This quiz is just for you and your own brain:
 - $\circ~$ closed-book, closed-notes
 - nothing else on your screen
- Lower your laptop screen when you're done





Multiplication

Today's starting code can handle addition of integers: 5+(2+3)

We want to support multiplication too: 5*(2+3*4)

In the grammar at the top of parser.ts:

- Create a product nonterminal
 - Don't forget to modify the enum IntegerGrammar
- sum should now be a sum of products
- product should be a product of primaries
- npm run grammarTest; does it display the right parse tree for 5*(2+3*4)?

What does this grammar do with the input string 1+2*3?

```
@skip whitespace {
    expr ::= sum | product;
    sum ::= primary ('+' primary)*;
    product ::= primary ('*' primary)*;
    primary ::= constant | '(' sum ')' | '(' product ')';
}
constant ::= [0-9]+;
whitespace ::= [ \t\r\n]+;
```

Pick one:

- good parse tree
- wrong parse tree (doesn't respect PEMDAS)
- parse error (grammar doesn't match entire string)

What does this grammar do with the input string 1+2*3?

```
@skip whitespace {
    expr ::= primary ([+*] primary)*;
    primary ::= constant | '(' expr ')';
}
constant ::= [0-9]+;
whitespace ::= [ \t\r\n]+;
```

Pick one:

- good parse tree
- wrong parse tree (doesn't respect PEMDAS)
- parse error (grammar doesn't match entire string)

What does this grammar do with the input string 1+2*3?

```
@skip whitespace {
    expr ::= sum;
    sum ::= product ('+' product)*;
    product ::= primary ('*' primary)*;
    primary ::= constant | '(' sum ')';
}
constant ::= [0-9]+;
whitespace ::= [ \t\r\n]+;
```

Pick one:

- good parse tree
- wrong parse tree (doesn't respect PEMDAS)
- parse error (grammar doesn't match entire string)



Multiplication

Today's starting code can handle addition of integers: 5+(2+3)

We want to support multiplication too: 5*(2+3*4)

In the grammar at the top of parser.ts:

- Create a product nonterminal
 - Don't forget to modify the enum IntegerGrammar
- sum should now be a sum of products
- product should be a product of primaries
- npm run grammarTest; does it display the right parse tree for 5*(2+3*4)?

Now update makeAbstractSyntaxTree in parser.ts:

- the if ... else if ... needs a case for Product
- npm run parserTest to check the answer for 5*(2+3*4)

```
@skip whitespace {
    expr ::= sum;
    sum ::= product ('+' product)*;
    product ::= primary ('*' primary)*;
    primary ::= constant | '(' sum ')';
}
constant ::= [0-9]+;
whitespace ::= [ \t\r\n]+;
```

Which of these would have to change (pick all that apply):

grammar makeAST() AST data type

to support this new feature:



```
@skip whitespace {
    expr ::= sum;
    sum ::= product ('+' product)*;
    product ::= primary ('*' primary)*;
    primary ::= constant | '(' sum ')';
}
constant ::= [0-9]+;
whitespace ::= [ \t\r\n]+;
```

Which of these would have to change (pick all that apply):

grammar makeAST() AST data type

to support this new feature:

curly braces (with same meaning as parentheses)

{5+3}*6

```
@skip whitespace {
    expr ::= sum;
    sum ::= product ('+' product)*;
    product ::= primary ('*' primary)*;
    primary ::= constant | '(' sum ')';
}
constant ::= [0-9]+;
whitespace ::= [ \t\r\n]+;
```

Which of these would have to change (pick all that apply):

grammar makeAST() AST data type

to support this new feature:

negative numbers (but not subtraction
5 + -3