

Massachusetts Institute of Technology  
 Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science  
 6.111 - Introductory Digital Systems Laboratory

**Problem Set 1**

**Issued:** February 4, 2004

**Due:** February 13, 2004

**Problem 1: Boolean Algebra Practice Problems** (*Problem 1 will not be graded.*)

Simplify each expression by algebraic manipulation. Try to recognize when it is appropriate to transform to the dual, simplify, and re-transform (e.g. no. 6). Try doing the problems before looking at the solutions which are at the end of this problem set.

1)  $a + 0 =$

2)  $\bar{a} \cdot 0 =$

3)  $a + \bar{a} =$

4)  $a + a =$

5)  $a + ab =$

6)  $a + \bar{a}b =$

7)  $a(\bar{a} + b) =$

8)  $ab + \bar{a}b =$

9)  $(\bar{a} + \bar{b})(\bar{a} + b) =$

10)  $a(a + b + c + \dots) =$

For (11), (12), (13),  $f(a, b, c) = a + b + c$

11)  $f(a, b, ab) =$

12)  $f(a, b, \bar{a} \cdot \bar{b}) =$

13)  $f[a, b, (\bar{a}b)] =$

14)  $y + y\bar{y} =$

15)  $xy + x\bar{y} =$

16)  $\bar{x} + y\bar{x} =$

17)  $(w + \bar{x} + y + \bar{z})y =$

18)  $(x + \bar{y})(x + y) =$

19)  $w + [w + (wx)] =$

20)  $x[x + (xy)] =$

21)  $\overline{(x + \bar{x})} =$

22)  $\overline{(x + \bar{x})} =$

23)  $w + (w\bar{x}yz) =$

24)  $\bar{w} \cdot \overline{(wxyz)} =$

25)  $xz + \bar{x}y + zy =$

26)  $(x + z)(\bar{x} + y)(z + y) =$

27)  $\bar{x} + \bar{y} + xy\bar{z} =$

**Problem 2: Karnaugh Maps and Minimal Expressions**

For each of the following Boolean expressions, give:

- i) The truth table,
- ii) The Karnaugh map,
- iii) The MSP expression, (Show groupings)
- iv) The MPS expression. (Show groupings)

1)  $(a + b \cdot \bar{c}) + d \cdot (\bar{a} \cdot \bar{b} \cdot \bar{c} + a \cdot b)$

2)  $(\bar{d} + b \cdot \bar{c}) \cdot (c \cdot d + (\bar{a} + c) \cdot (\bar{c} + d)) \cdot (b + \bar{c})$

3)  $\overline{(w \cdot y)} \cdot (\bar{w} + \bar{y} + z) \cdot (w + x + \bar{y})$

**Problem 3: Karnaugh Maps with “Don’t Cares”**

Karnaugh Maps are useful for finding minimal implementations of Boolean expressions with only a few variables. However, they can be a little tricky when “don't cares” (X) are involved. Using the following K-Maps:

		ab			
		00	01	11	10
cd	00	X	1	1	X
	01	1	1	0	0
	11	1	0	0	1
	10	X	0	0	1

(1)

		ab			
		00	01	11	10
cd	00	1	1	1	0
	01	0	X	0	0
	11	1	0	X	1
	10	1	0	0	0

(2)

- i) Find the minimal sum of products expression. Show your groupings.
- ii) Find the minimal product of sums expression. Show your groupings.
- iii) Are your solutions unique? If not, list and show the other minimal expressions.
- iv) Does the MPS = MSP?

**Problem 4: DeMorgan’s Theorem**

Use DeMorgan's Theorems to simplify the following expressions:

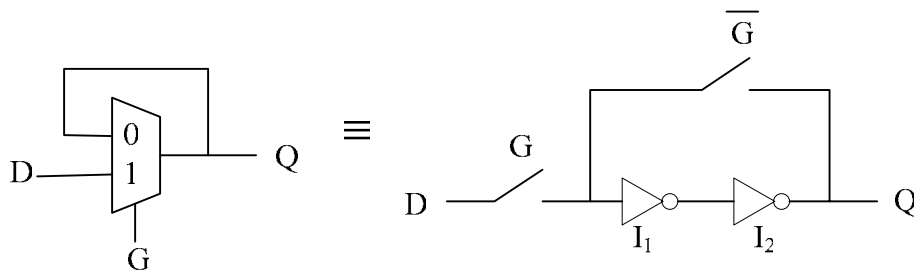
1)  $\overline{\overline{a+d} \cdot \overline{a+c}}$

2)  $\overline{a \cdot b \cdot c}$

3)  $\overline{a+d} \cdot \overline{a+c} \cdot \overline{c+d}$

**Problem 5: Setup and Hold Times for D Flip-Flop** (*Flip-flops will be covered in lecture on Wednesday Feb. 11*)

- 1) Let a D latch be implemented using a mux and realized as follows:

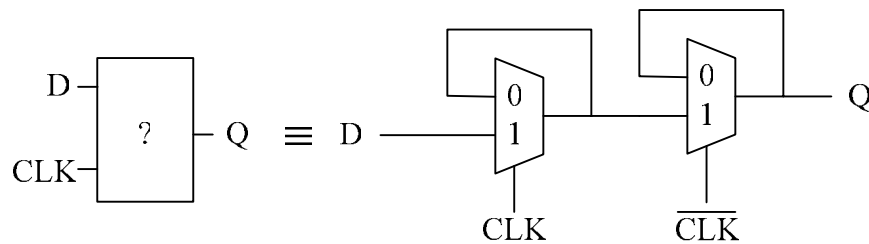


You may assume the following:

- $G$  and  $\overline{G}$  are complements and have zero skew, i.e. when  $G$  is 1,  $\overline{G}$  is exactly 0, and vice versa.
- Assume the switches are ideal, with no delay. E.g. when  $G$  is 0, the switch is open.
- The propagation delay of the inverters is  $t_{inv}$  (assume that the contamination delay or minimum delay is equal to the propagation delay).

What is the setup and hold time of this latch?

- What memory element is created when two muxes are cascaded as in the figure below? Assume that  $CLK$  and  $\overline{CLK}$  are complements with zero skew.



- What is the setup time, hold time, and clock to  $Q$  delay of the above memory element?

**Solutions to Problem 1: Boolean Algebra Practice Problems**

1)  $a + 0 = a$

2)  $\bar{a} \cdot 0 = 0$

3)  $a + \bar{a} = 1$

4)  $a + a = a$

5)  $a + ab = a(1 + b) = a$

6)  $a + \bar{a}b = (a + \bar{a})(a + b) = a + b$

7)  $a(\bar{a} + b) = a\bar{a} + ab = ab$

8)  $ab + \bar{a}b = b(a + \bar{a}) = b$

9)  $(\bar{a} + \bar{b})(\bar{a} + b) = \bar{a}\bar{a} + \bar{a}b + \bar{b}\bar{a} + \bar{b}b = \bar{a} + \bar{a}b + \bar{a}\bar{b} = \bar{a}(1 + b + \bar{b}) = \bar{a}$

10)  $a(a + b + c + \dots) = aa + ab + ac + \dots = a + ab + ac + \dots = a$

11)  $f(a, b, ab) = a + b + ab = a + b$

12)  $f(a, b, \bar{a} \cdot \bar{b}) = a + b + \overline{a\bar{b}} = a + b + \bar{a} = 1$

13)  $f[a, b, \overline{(ab)}] = a + b + \overline{(ab)} = a + b + \bar{a} + \bar{b} = 1$

14)  $y + y\bar{y} = y$

15)  $xy + x\bar{y} = x(y + \bar{y}) = x$

16)  $\bar{x} + y\bar{x} = \bar{x}(1 + y) = \bar{x}$

17)  $(w + \bar{x} + y + \bar{z})y = y$

18)  $(x + \bar{y})(x + y) = x$

19)  $w + [w + (wx)] = w$

20)  $x[x + (xy)] = x$

21)  $\overline{\overline{(x + x)}} = x$

22)  $(x + \bar{x}) = 0$

23)  $w + (wxyz) = w(1 + xyz) = w$

24)  $\bar{w} \cdot \overline{(wxyz)} = \bar{w}(\bar{w} + \bar{x} + \bar{y} + \bar{z}) = \bar{w}$

25)  $xz + \bar{x}y + zy = xz + \bar{x}y$

26)  $(x + z)(\bar{x} + y)(z + y) = (x + z)(\bar{x} + y)$

27)  $\bar{x} + \bar{y} + xy\bar{z} = \bar{x} + \bar{y} + \bar{z}$