6.161 - Modern Optics Project Laboratory
Course Information and Syllabus - Fall 2016

The important thing in science is not so much to obtain new facts as to discover new ways of thinking about them. - Sir William Bragg

1. Overview

6.161 offers an introduction to laboratory optics, optical principles, and optical devices and systems. This course covers a wide range of topics, including: polarization properties of light, reflection and refraction, coherence and interference, Fraunhofer and Fresnel diffraction, holography, imaging and transforming properties of lenses, spatial filtering, two-lens coherent optical processors, optical properties of materials, lasers, electro-optic, acousto-optic and liquid-crystal light modulators, optical detectors, optical waveguides and fiber-optic communication systems.

Most optical systems involve the use of many of the principles and components we will study. The goal is to help the student develop a thorough understanding of the underlying physical principles of modern optical devices and systems through hands-on learning. Lectures are supplemented with weekly laboratory exercises, problem sets and a final laboratory project of the student's choosing. There are 12 design points associated with this subject. Students may use this subject to find an advanced undergraduate project.

In general, there are two lectures and one laboratory period each week for the first eight weeks. During the first several weeks, the lectures will review and develop fundamental principles and concepts in classical optics, and optical and quantum electronics. The remaining lectures address contemporary topics in modern optics.

Since this is a laboratory course, the intent is not to dwell on detailed theoretical treatments of the topics, but to provide a sufficient background for the student to grasp the principles and confirm the associated phenomena in the laboratory. For more theoretical treatments the student is encouraged to enroll in other optics subjects that are specifically designed for this purpose (e.g., 6.630, 6.631, 6.634, 6.453 and 6.637).

Prerequisites: The prerequisite is 6.003. Exceptions can be made by the Lecturer.

Lecture: Room 34-304, TR 2:30-4:00pm
Laboratory: Optics Lab: 38-633, Time TBA. Optics Lab Phone: x3-4619 (Note: we share the lab phone with 6.115, 6.003, and 6.002).

Course Staff

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lecturer: Prof. Cardinal Warde</th>
<th>Teaching Assistant: Christos Samolis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Room 13-3102</td>
<td>Room 13-3102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extension 3-6858</td>
<td>Extension 3-4623</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="mailto:warde@mit.edu">warde@mit.edu</a></td>
<td><a href="mailto:csamolis@mit.edu">csamolis@mit.edu</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Writing Program Coordinator: Juergen Schoenstein</th>
<th>Course Secretary: Josephina Lee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Room E39-377</td>
<td>Room13-3058</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(617) 324-2172</td>
<td>Extension 3-3282</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="mailto:juergen@mit.edu">juergen@mit.edu</a></td>
<td>j <a href="mailto:cree@mit.edu">cree@mit.edu</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Course Website: [http://web.mit.edu/6.161](http://web/mit.edu/6.161)
2. Course Content

2.1 Laboratory Exercises
There are seven laboratory exercises concerned with the measurement and observation of basic optical and quantum phenomena. Each laboratory exercise consists of pre-lab exercises (to be completed before entering the lab) and several experiments dealing with the same theme, designed to complement the lecture material. The course staff will set up each laboratory exercise for one week only, and you must complete each laboratory exercise sometime during the week that it is set up. Some of the laboratory exercises require a considerable amount of setup time, and once taken apart, will not be set up again.

To make the laboratory exercises flow smoothly, please arrive on time for your assigned lab sessions. Additionally, please come prepared: this means that you will have: (1) read the lab material before arriving, (2) completed the pre-lab, and (3) brought your questions with you. As part of the pre-lab, you must find and review the material necessary to complete the lab before you begin. In order to ensure that you will have all the data you need for your write-ups, you will be required to take notes in a laboratory notebook. More information as to laboratory write-up specifics will become available during the first week of the term.

For all labs, write your answers in your lab notebook, and be prepared to discuss them in your oral presentations to the TA. Be sure to include derivations, solutions, graphs, diagrams, data, and physical explanation when answering the lab questions. Be sure to include copies of any computer print-outs. These notebooks may be checked at any time by the TA or professor to make sure they contain all necessary information. A well-kept notebook will help ensure that you not fail to gather all the necessary data for your write-up (as you may not be able to come back and retrieve the data before the apparatus for a given laboratory exercise has been dismantled). Additionally, short oral quizzes may be given in the lab to test your comprehension of the current laboratory material -- these quizzes or notebook checks can count toward your laboratory grade in borderline cases.

For the even-numbered laboratory exercises (2, 4 and 6) the laboratory report will be in oral form. The same amount of care and preparation must go into these oral reports as if the reports were written. For each of these oral reports, each student will prepare a 10-minute Power-Point Presentation that addresses all of the topics that would have been covered in a fully written report. These oral reports will be scheduled by appointment with the TA and they must be completed within one week after the laboratory work is done.

The written laboratory exercise reports for the odd-numbered exercises (3, 5 and 7) must be turned in to the Teaching Assistant (TA) one week after the exercise was scheduled. In the event the report is due on a day when the Institute is closed, the report should be turned in to the TA by 5:00 pm on the first day that classes resume whether or not the Laboratory is open on that day. This may be a day when 6.161 does not meet. Late laboratory exercise reports should be handed directly to the TA.

2.2 Homework Problems
One homework problem set will be handed out each week for the first 8 weeks of the term. The homework problems are designed to encourage outside reading, and to strengthen your grasp of the fundamentals. How you got to your answer is very important. Show your work! The grader will deduct points for answers which lack justification. Problem sets will not be accepted after the solutions are handed out. Points will be deducted for late problem sets. Late homework should be placed in the bin outside 13-3102 or handed directly to the TA.
2.3 Quizzes
There will be two quizzes during the term. The quizzes will be given during the regular class period (see class calendar). These quizzes will cover broad ideas, as presented in lecture, lab, and homework. The quizzes will consist of short questions intended to test your knowledge of basic optical principles and laboratory optics. These quizzes will be open book (Prof. Warde’s class notes). If you have done the reading, attended the lecture, completed the homework, and worked the labs, you should be well prepared for the quizzes. **The quizzes will count for approximately 20 % of your grade (10 % each).** These quizzes will enable the teaching staff to diagnose both our teaching and your comprehension.

2.4 Final Project
In preparation for the final project, you will submit a one-page design **Project Proposal** that presents an accurate and compelling account of your working idea. At this stage, the objective is not to “sell” an incomplete design, but rather to elicit the most useful feedback possible from your audience of experts (Instructor, TA, or other expert). To do so, you should present evidence of the significance of the problem, of the merit of your proposed solution to that problem, and of the novelty of that solution.

To make all the final projects roughly equal in difficulty and time requirement, we will provide you with several possible final projects (which will still allow for, and require, innovation). Additionally, we will allow students to start the final project as soon as they want, hopefully reducing end-of-the-term stress. We will provide the necessary lab equipment and all the technical help we can to ensure that your experience is both educational and rewarding. Of course, if you still want to find your own project, or have a hankering to do something different, just tell us and we will try to accommodate you (in such a case, we would encourage you to look around MIT for groups that may have projects that interest you). Many final projects found outside of class turn into RAships and M.Eng. theses. Additional information will be distributed around the sixth week of the term.

2.5 Writing the Final Project Report
The final project report should not exceed 30 pages in length, and should be written in accordance with the outline followed by most professional journals in the field (e.g., Applied Optics or Journal of the Optical Society of America). Alternatively, you may use the outline provided below.

1. A cover page which states the title of experiment, your name, subject number, the date, and the name of the person who supervised your work.
2. A one-paragraph **Abstract** that states the problem being addressed or the goals of the research, the procedures used to solve or analyze the problem, and the salient findings, conclusions or implications of the work.
3. An **Introduction** that contains a brief description of the problem being investigated as well as brief background information to familiarize the reader with the significance or importance of the work to the field. Be sure to define all uncommon terms.
4. A section describing the **Approach** used. This section should briefly describe the general techniques or methods used to explore the phenomena being investigated. It may, therefore, include a brief theoretical formulation or modeling of the problem. For brevity, you should cover the principles at a level such that one with a similar educational background (MIT junior or senior) can follow your reasoning. Do not rederive complicated equations. Instead you should state the equation, cite the reference (see 8 below) where one can find the derivation, but interpret each term in the equation so the reader can understand the physical concepts involved.
5. A brief description of the apparatus used, followed by your **Experimental Procedure**. Use as many diagrams as you need to describe the apparatus and its operating principles, and how the data were taken.
6. A section describing your **Experimental Results and Analysis**. Present raw data, whenever possible, in tabular form, and derived results or analysis, whenever possible, in graphical form.

7. A section summarizing your **Conclusions** with comments on the errors in your measurements, and recommendations for improving the measurements or the experiment. Your conclusions should also tie in to the stated objectives of the experiment so that the reader gets your opinion of the overall success of the work. This is also a good place to speculate on the potential applications of your work.

8. A list of **References** that support claims made in your report.

Should you still be in doubt, use the bold-face words above as section headings in your reports.

### 3. CIM Requirement

#### 3.1 Specifics

There are four assignments for which write-ups are required: Laboratory exercise No. 3 (interferometry), Laboratory exercise No. 5 (holography), Laboratory Exercise No. 7 (lasers) and the final project report. All other Laboratory Exercises (2, 4, and 6) will be presented orally before the MOL staff and a staff member from the Writing Rhetoric & Professional Communications (WRAP) Program.

The written laboratory exercise reports should be limited to a maximum of 15 single-spaced pages with fonts no smaller than 10 point. The final project report should not exceed 30 pages with fonts no smaller than 10 point.

Laboratory report No. 3 will be graded for its technical merit by the MOL staff, and by staff from the WRAP Program who will read it for its communication effectiveness and provide feedback to you. A grade for the writing component of this report will be assigned after your final revision. You can do as many revisions as you need, so as to practice your writing skills essentially without penalty.

Laboratory exercise No. 5 will be graded by both the MOL staff (for technical content) and the Writing Program staff (for communication effectiveness) and feedback will be given. Your Lab 5 report **must then be revised and resubmitted** to the Writing Program. The Writing Program staff will assign a final grade based on the revised report.

The end-of-term final project report will also be graded for its clarity and completeness, but there will be no opportunity to rewrite the final project report. Further, all students must give an oral presentation on their end-of-term final project on the last day of the class. This oral presentation will be graded for its communication effectiveness, as part of the final project report grade. The communication intensive portion of this subject counts for about 20% of the overall grade (see grade distribution table below).

### 4. General Policies

#### 4.1 Grades and Grading

The laboratory exercises are an integral part of 6.161, constitute the majority of your learning, and thus the final grade. Homework problem sets make up a significant portion of the final grade. The two quizzes are obviously important since they represent 20% of the grade. Your performance on the Final Project is also a very important portion of our evaluation of your overall performance. The approximate percentage values are as follows: 40% Labs (includes active participation in lab, performance on pre-lab, good laboratory notes, and the communication component), 20% Homework, 20% for the in-Class Quizzes, and 20% Final Project (including the communication component). The table below summarizes the grading algorithm. We will take into account participation in the classroom and in the laboratory as well as attendance when deciding borderline final grades.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assignment</th>
<th>% of Grade</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Technical</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lab 1 (Safety)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lab 2</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lab 3</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lab 4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lab 5</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lab 6</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lab 7</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lab 8 (in class)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homework</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quizzes</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final Project</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>84</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please note: To earn a passing grade (A, B, C) in this subject, you must complete and either write up or present each of the six laboratory exercises within the prescribed time period. Thus, at the end of the term no incompletes will be given due to incomplete lab reports! Also, since most students do well on both the labs and the Final Project, performance on both the problems sets and quizzes become an extremely important factor in determining the final grades.

**Note from the TA:** Please do not become discouraged if your score on the first lab seems low. Lab 2, while it does count as part of the final grade, should be viewed as a steppingstone into the course. Just do the best you can on this Lab. Assume nothing, and be very thorough in your explanations! Do not assume that the TA knows how you arrived at your answers. Assume the TA has never taken this class, and thus needs a full and detailed explanation. While you may have the correct answer, how you got there is more important! **You will not receive credit for answers without explanation.** For all labs, the TA will only grade your submission if you showed up to lab and actively participated in the lab experiments.

**4.2 Neatness and Clarity**

To ensure that you get the maximum number of points on each Lab and homework assignment, make sure to be neat! The TA or grader will not grade messy work. Additionally, messy work will delay turnaround on both problem sets and homework. Questions on both problems sets and labs must be answered clearly and succinctly. The TA will be looking for demonstrated understanding. It is preferred that you explain in words when possible; this will ensure that you get the maximum number of points for your effort. However, do not neglect mathematical rigor. When math is needed, it must have the proper units and be clearly written. The TA and a grader grade all labs and homework; the more clear and succinct your answers, the better. However, do not compromise important details. The grader will not accept numerical answers without their derivation. Likewise, the grader will not accept written answers, without appropriate reasoning.

**4.3 Labeling and Formatting**

Whenever a problem asks for a graph, the student must create computer-generated graphs. All graphs must be labeled and titled - a copy of the graph must be transferred to your lab notebook or your homework problem solution. Use callouts to point out important regions of your graphs. Any written answers exceeding one page must be typed. It is suggested that you format all your answers using LaTeX or a comparable typesetting package.
Label your answers clearly; the grader will not search extensively for an answer. Circle your answers, and underline key portions of your work which directly aid in the creation of the answer. Points may not be given back if an answer is skipped in the grading process because the answer was difficult to find.

4.4 Matlab, Mathematica, LabView and Maple
When computer-based problems are presented, please use Matlab, Mathematica, LabView or Maple to do your work. If you feel much more comfortable with other math packages, that is okay, but please put the code in your public directory along with instructions on its execution. You can download homework-specific Matlab scripts and Matlab notebooks from the website for this class. Please include any code and graphs you use in your solutions. Often, unless stated, graphical solutions may be used, especially if they show that you really understand the material. To use Matlab, Mathematica or Maple on Athena, type: add matlab, add math, and add maple at the Athena% prompt.

4.5 Late-Work Policy
Having been an undergraduate once, your TA knows that many of you have obligations which inhibit your ability (on rare occasions) to turn in work on time. If such an emergency arises, notify the TA before the homework is due (if possible). In order to be fair to your classmates, we must still penalize late work (unless the tardiness was due to medical or similarly urgent reasons). Additionally, an incomplete problem set will not be accepted. We expect you to make an effort on ALL parts of ALL problems. This gives us the chance to see where you are having problems, if any. If you need additional time, ask for it. You will always receive more points for a completed late problem set than an on-time incomplete one (assuming you turn it in before solutions are handed out). If tardiness becomes a chronic problem, it will significantly degrade our final evaluation of your performance.

4.6 Collaboration
Collaboration is encouraged. Talking with peers about problems helps everyone ("To teach is to learn twice." – Joseph Joubert). However, blatant copying and other forms of cheating will not be tolerated. Always acknowledge your collaborators. This will not hurt your grade. In fact, it may help. We care that you learn the material. If you learn best from a friend, that is fine with us.

4.7 Plagiarism
While collaboration is encouraged, plagiarism will not be tolerated. Please become familiar with the various forms of plagiarism so that you avoid making embarrassing and perhaps costly mistakes. Here are two MIT websites where you can learn more about plagiarism:
http://web.mit.edu/writing/Citation/plagiarism.html

4.8 Office Hours
Group office hours will be conducted weekly in Prof. Warde’s office (13-3102). Office hours will address questions from the laboratory exercises, quizzes, and problem sets. Office hours may also include hands-on demonstrations of applied concepts. While office hours are not mandatory (except to deliver oral presentations of your laboratory exercises) they may cover concepts and material that may show up on quizzes, homework and labs. Students are expected to ask questions and come to office hours prepared.

5. Textbooks and Reading Materials
A combination of class notes and lecture slides will be provided on each topic we will cover. However, several of the basic concepts are covered in the following textbooks:

Purchase of these textbooks is not essential. Notes will be handed out at class for every topic covered in the course calendar. These books are on reserve in the Barker Library - but occasionally disappear during the term (especially when problem sets are due). They are intended for use as reference material. Please note that Hecht was a required book for 8.03, and Saleh was recommended for 6.631.

Portions of the material we will cover can also be found scattered throughout a number of journals and conference proceedings that include:

Journal of the Optical Society of America
Applied Optics
Optics Letters
Applied Physics Letters
Optics Communications
Optical Engineering
Proceedings of the SPIE (Society of Photo-Optical Instrumentation Engineers).

Occasionally, students will be expected to read and apply material covered in articles selected from these journals.