

## Trigonometric and Hyperbolic Identities

$$\sin x = \frac{1}{2i} (e^{ix} - e^{-ix}) = -i \sinh(ix)$$

$$\cos x = \frac{1}{2} (e^{ix} + e^{-ix}) = \cosh(ix)$$

$$\sin(x \pm y) = \sin x \cos y \pm \cos x \sin y$$

$$\cos(x \pm y) = \cos x \cos y \mp \sin x \sin y$$

$$\sin x \pm \sin y = 2 \sin \frac{x \pm y}{2} \cos \frac{x \mp y}{2}$$

$$\cos x + \cos y = 2 \cos \frac{x + y}{2} \cos \frac{x - y}{2}$$

$$\cos x - \cos y = -2 \sin \frac{x + y}{2} \sin \frac{x - y}{2}$$

$$\sin x \cos y = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(x + y) + \sin(x - y)]$$

$$\cos x \cos y = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(x + y) + \cos(x - y)]$$

$$\sin x \sin y = -\frac{1}{2} [\cos(x + y) - \cos(x - y)]$$

$$\sin(2x) = 2 \sin x \cos x$$

$$\cos(2x) = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x$$

$$\sin^2 x = \frac{1}{2} [1 - \cos(2x)]$$

$$\cos^2 x = \frac{1}{2} [1 + \cos(2x)]$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \cos x \qquad \sin(\pi - x) = \sin x \qquad \cos(\pi - x) = -\cos x$$

$$\sinh x = \frac{1}{2} (e^x - e^{-x}) = -i \sin(ix)$$

$$\cosh x = \frac{1}{2} (e^x + e^{-x}) = \cos(ix)$$

$$\sinh(x \pm y) = \sinh x \cosh y \pm \cosh x \sinh y$$

$$\cosh(x \pm y) = \cosh x \cosh y \pm \sinh x \sinh y$$

$$\sinh x \pm \sinh y = 2 \sinh \frac{x \pm y}{2} \cosh \frac{x \mp y}{2}$$

$$\cosh x + \cosh y = 2 \cosh \frac{x + y}{2} \cosh \frac{x - y}{2}$$

$$\cosh x - \cosh y = 2 \sinh \frac{x + y}{2} \sinh \frac{x - y}{2}$$

$$\sinh x \cosh y = \frac{1}{2} [\sinh(x + y) + \sinh(x - y)]$$

$$\cosh x \cosh y = \frac{1}{2} [\cosh(x + y) + \cosh(x - y)]$$

$$\sinh x \sinh y = \frac{1}{2} [\cosh(x + y) - \cosh(x - y)]$$

$$\sinh(2x) = 2 \sinh x \cosh x$$

$$\cosh(2x) = \cosh^2 x + \sinh^2 x$$

$$\sinh^2 x = \frac{1}{2} [\cosh(2x) - 1]$$

$$\cosh^2 x = \frac{1}{2} [\cosh(2x) + 1]$$

## Useful Integrals

$$\int x \cos x dx = \cos x + x \sin x$$

$$\int x \sin x dx = \sin x - x \cos x$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin x}{x} dx = \pi$$

$$\int_0^L \frac{\cos^2\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}x\right)}{\sin^2\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}x\right)} dx = \frac{L}{2} \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

## Gaussians

$$\phi(x) = (\pi L^2)^{-1/4} e^{-x^2/2L^2}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \phi^2(x) dx = 1$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} x \phi^2(x) dx = \frac{L}{2\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 \phi^2(x) dx = \frac{L^2}{2}$$

## Fourier Transforms

$$\psi(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} A(k) e^{ikx} \frac{dk}{2\pi} \qquad A(k) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \psi(x) e^{-ikx} dx$$

$$\psi(x) \qquad A(k)$$

$$\phi(x) \qquad B(k)$$

$$a\psi(x) + b\phi(x) \qquad aA(k) + bB(k)$$

$$\psi(x - x_0) \qquad e^{-ikx_0} A(k)$$

$$e^{ik_0x} \psi(x) \qquad A(k - k_0)$$

$$\psi^*(x) \qquad A^*(-k)$$

$$\psi(-x) \qquad A(-k)$$

$$\psi(ax) \qquad \frac{1}{|a|} A\left(\frac{k}{a}\right)$$

$$\psi(x) * \phi(x) \qquad A(k)B(k)$$

$$\psi(x)\phi(x) \qquad A(k) * B(k) \quad [\text{See below}]$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \psi(x) \qquad ikA(k)$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^x \psi(x') dx' \qquad \frac{1}{ik} A(k) + \pi A(0) \delta(k)$$

$$x\psi(x) \qquad i \frac{d}{dk} A(k)$$

$$A(x) \qquad 2\pi \psi(-k)$$

$$\delta(x) \qquad 1$$

$$u(x) \qquad \frac{1}{ik} + \pi \delta(k)$$

$$\delta(x - x_0) \qquad e^{-ikx_0}$$

$$e^{-x^2/2L^2} \qquad \sqrt{2\pi L^2} e^{-L^2 x^2/2}$$

$$\psi(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & |x| < L \\ 0, & |x| > L \end{cases} \qquad 2 \frac{\sin kL}{k}$$

$$e^{-\alpha|x|} \qquad \frac{2\alpha}{\alpha^2 + k^2}$$

$$\text{sech } x \qquad \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{sech}\left(\frac{\pi}{2}k\right)$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \psi^*(x)\phi(x) dx = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} A^*(k)B(k) \frac{dk}{2\pi} \qquad \text{Parseval's Theorem}$$

$$A(k) * B(k) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} A(k')B(k - k') \frac{dk}{2\pi} \qquad \text{Convolution in } k\text{-domain}$$

## Fundamental Constants

Speed of light	$c = 2.998 \times 10^8$ m/s
Electron charge	$e = 1.602 \times 10^{-19}$ C
Electron mass	$m_e = 9.109 \times 10^{-31}$ kg
Proton mass	$m_p = 1.672 \times 10^{-27}$ kg
Planck's constant	$\hbar = 1.055 \times 10^{-34}$ Js
Boltzmann's constant	$k_B = 1.381 \times 10^{-23}$ J/K
Bohr rad. $a_0 = \frac{4\pi\epsilon_0\hbar^2}{m_e e^2}$	$a_0 = 0.529$ Å
Rydberg $I_H = \frac{\hbar^2}{2m_e a_0^2}$	$I_H = 13.61$ eV

## Particles and Waves

$$E = \sqrt{(pc)^2 + (m_0 c^2)^2}$$

$$E = \hbar\omega$$

$$p = \hbar k$$

$$\text{Photon: } E = pc$$

$$\text{Electron: } E = \frac{p^2}{2m}$$

$$\text{Group velocity: } v(k) = \frac{d\omega}{dk}$$

$$\text{Compton scattering: } \Delta\lambda = \frac{h}{mc}(1 - \cos\theta)$$

## Heisenberg Uncertainty

$$\Delta x \Delta p \geq \frac{\hbar}{2} \quad \Delta E \Delta t \geq \frac{\hbar}{2} \quad \text{etc.}$$

## Operators

$$\hat{x} = x = i \frac{\partial}{\partial k}$$

$$\hat{p} = \hbar k = -i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial x}$$

$$\hat{E} = i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t}$$

$$\hat{H} = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + V(\hat{x})$$

## More Operators

$$[\hat{A}, \hat{B}] \equiv \hat{A}\hat{B} - \hat{B}\hat{A}$$

$$[\hat{x}, \hat{p}] = i\hbar$$

$$[\hat{x}, \hat{H}] = \frac{\hbar^2}{m} \frac{\partial}{\partial x}$$

$$[\hat{p}, \hat{H}] = -i\hbar \frac{\partial \hat{V}}{\partial x}$$

$$|\phi(x)\rangle \equiv \phi(x)$$

$$\langle \phi(x) | \equiv \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx \phi^*(x) \mathfrak{G} \dots$$

$$\langle \phi(x) | \hat{O} | \psi(x) \rangle \equiv \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx \phi^*(x) \hat{O} \psi(x)$$

## Ehrenfest Theorem

$$\frac{d}{dt} \langle \hat{Q} \rangle = \left\langle \frac{\partial \hat{Q}}{\partial t} \right\rangle + \frac{1}{i\hbar} \langle [\hat{Q}, \hat{H}] \rangle$$

## Schrödinger Equation

$$\hat{E}\psi = \hat{H}\psi$$

$$i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \psi(x, t) = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} \psi(x, t) + V(x) \psi(x, t)$$

Time independent:

$$E\psi(x) = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} \psi(x) + V(x) \psi(x)$$

Time evolution of eigenfunctions of  $\hat{H}$ :

$$\phi_n(x, t) = \phi_n(x, 0) e^{-(E_n/\hbar)t}$$

## Eigenfunction Expansion

[Assuming  $\phi_n(x)$  constitute a complete orthonormal set in Hilbert space, which they would, if they are eigenfunctions of a Hermitian operator.]

$$\psi(x) = \sum / \int a_n \phi_n(x)$$

$$a_n = \langle \phi_n(x) | \psi(x) \rangle$$

