

## Homework 2

Date Handed Out: March 21, 2006

Due Date: Before Class, April 5, 2006

**1. (Observed Optimality of Routing)[25 pts]** Consider a simple network of two nodes **S** and **T**. Both nodes are connected by two distinct links  $e_1$  and  $e_2$  with capacity 1 each. The node **S** wishes to send  $\rho < 1$  amount of data to **T** over this network. Let  $D_{e_i}(x)$  be the delay experienced per unit flow when there is  $x$  amount of flow on link  $e_i, i \in \{1, 2\}$ . An example of such functions:  $D_{e_1}(x) = x$  and  $D_{e_2}(x) = 2x^2$  for all  $x \leq 1$ .

Prove or produce a counter-example (by exhibiting example of delay functions) to the following statement: *For any  $\rho < 1$ , let  $x$  be such that  $D_{e_1}(x) = D_{e_2}(\rho - x)$ . Then routing  $x$  amount of data on link  $e_1$  and  $\rho - x$  amount of data on  $e_2$  always minimizes the total delay, which is defined as  $D = xD_{e_1}(x) + (\rho - x)D_{e_2}(\rho - x)$ .*

**2. (Network Planning)[25 pts]** We will consider the task of building a network, similar to the one described in problem 1. Specifically, we wish to provision for certain amount of capacity on links  $e_1$  and  $e_2$  so that **S** can send unit (i.e.  $\rho = 1$ ) amount of data to **T**. Let the cost of building links  $e_1$  and  $e_2$  of capacities  $y_1$  and  $y_2$  respectively be  $y_1^2$  and  $y_2^4$  respectively. Let the net-delay on link  $e_1$  be

$$D_1(x_1, y_1) = \frac{y_1}{y_1 - x_1},$$

when link  $e_1$  has capacity  $y_1$  and  $x_1$  amount of data is routed through it. Similarly, for link  $e_2$  the net-delay function be

$$D_2(x_2, y_2) = \frac{2y_2}{y_2 - x_2},$$

when link  $e_2$  has capacity  $y_2$  and  $x_2$  amount of data is routed through it. Design a network so that net-delay for each link is no more than 0.5 and cost of building the network is minimized. That is, find values  $y_1^*, y_2^*, x_1^*, x_2^*$  corresponding to link capacities and amount of data routed on the link that satisfies the desired properties.

**3. (Optimization)[50pts]** Define  $f_1(s) = s(1 - s)$ ,  $f_2(s) = s(2 - 3s)$  and  $f_3(s) = s(2 - 5s)$ . Now, consider the following optimization problem OPT:

$$\begin{aligned} \max \quad & \sum_{i=1}^3 f_i(x_i), \\ \text{Subject to} \quad & \sum_{i=1}^3 x_i = 1. \end{aligned}$$

Answer the following questions:

- Solve the above problem by the method of Lagrange Multipliers.
- Write the Gradient Descent Method for the above problem. You don't need to execute it.
- Write down the Dual problem.
- Write the Gradient descent method for the dual. You don't need to execute it.