










 cosmic time $t$ as a function of the Hubble expansion rate $H$.



 universe: the following statement regarding the radiation-dominated phase of the early (b) (12 points) In Chapter 4 of The First Three Minutes, Steven Weinberg makes


[^0] scribe at least one of these two chains.

 trons through a series of two particle reactions.
(a) (8 points) During nucleosynthesis, heavier nuclei form from protons and neu-

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 $\cdot \frac{\tau^{\jmath}}{\varepsilon^{n d} \eta} \frac{\varepsilon}{\nu \mp} \equiv 0$ -
$(\theta \operatorname{soo}-\mathrm{L}) x=p$ ' $(\theta \mathrm{u} ̣ \mathrm{~s}-\theta) \boldsymbol{o}=\nsupseteq$ parametric equations









 where I have taken $k=1$. To discuss motion in the radial direction, it is more

 The spacetime metric for a homogeneous, isotropic, closed universe is given by it was from Quiz 2, 1998.)




You should carry out any angular integrations that may be necessary, but you may $r \leq r_{\max }$.

Calculate the volume $V\left(r_{\max }\right)$ of the sphere described by


The metric for a Robertson-Walker universe is given by
The following problem was Problem 1, Quiz 3, 1990:
(20 points)
PROBLEM 4: VOLUMES IN A ROBERTSON-WALKER UNIVERSE
p. 5
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Flat $(k=0)$ :
Closed $(k>0):$
Open $(k<0)$


[^0]:    

