# A Bayesian Model of Visual Attention

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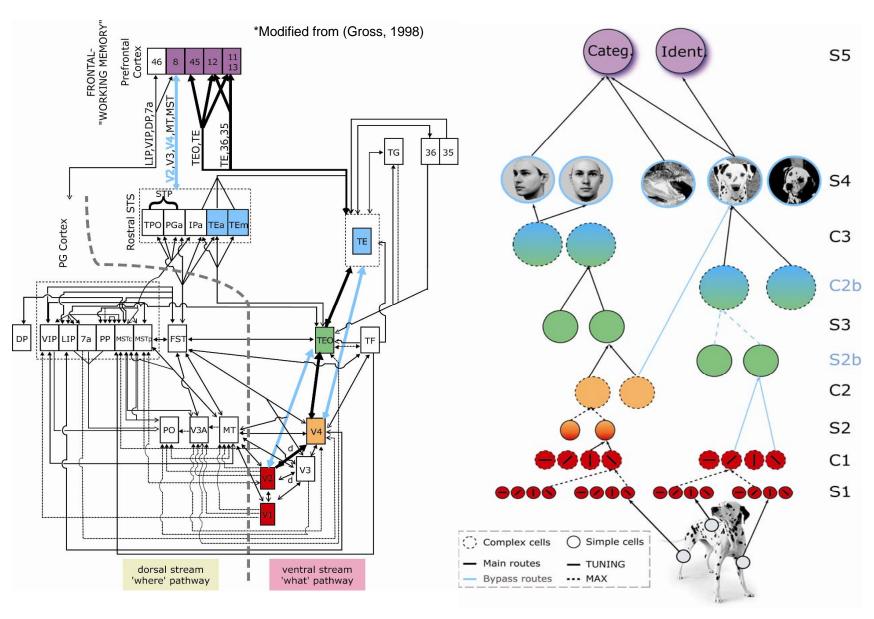
#### Outline

- Introduction
  - Limitations of feed-forward processing
  - Role of attention
- A computational model of attention
- Applications
  - Modeling human eye-movements
  - Object recognition under clutter

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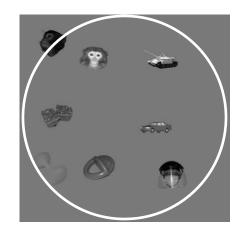
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#### Feed-forward processing

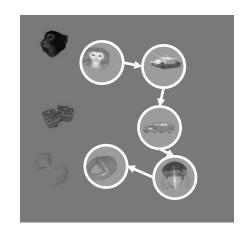


Riesenhuber & Poggio 1999, 2000; Serre Kouh Cadieu Knoblich Kreiman & Poggio 2005; Serre Oliva Poggio 2007

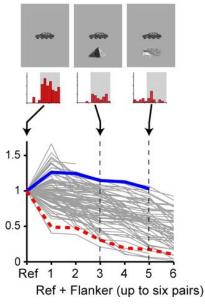
### Role of attention



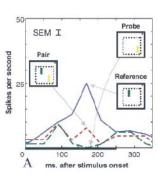
Parallel processing (No attention)



Serial processing (With attention)



Zoccolan Kouh Poggio DiCarlo 2007



Performance (d') 8.1 Human-observers 1.4 Head Closebody





Far-

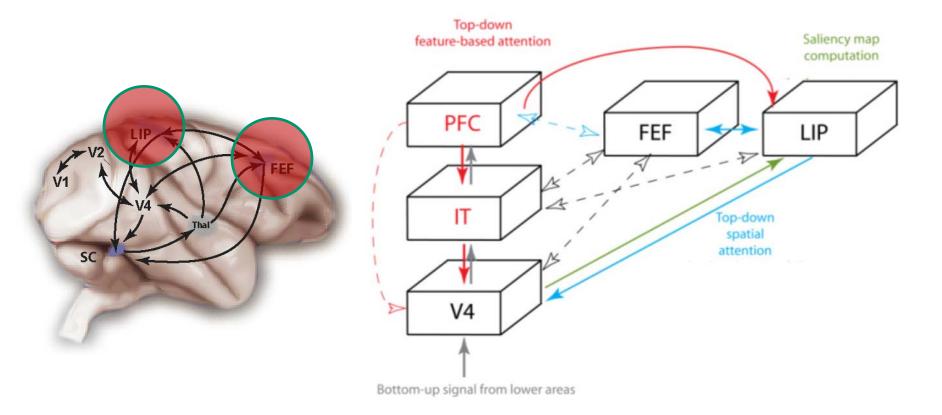
Medium-

Reynolds Chelazzi &

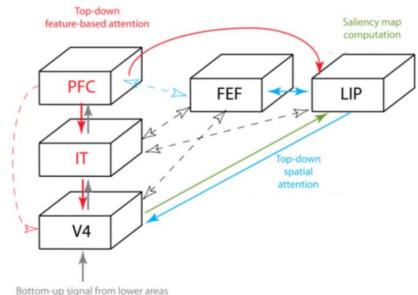
Serre Oliva Poggio 2007

Desimone 1999

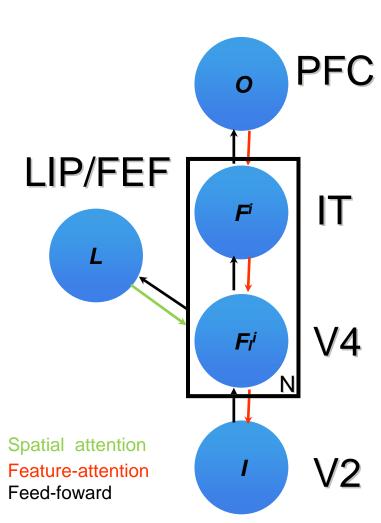
# Biology of attention



# Attention as Bayesian inference

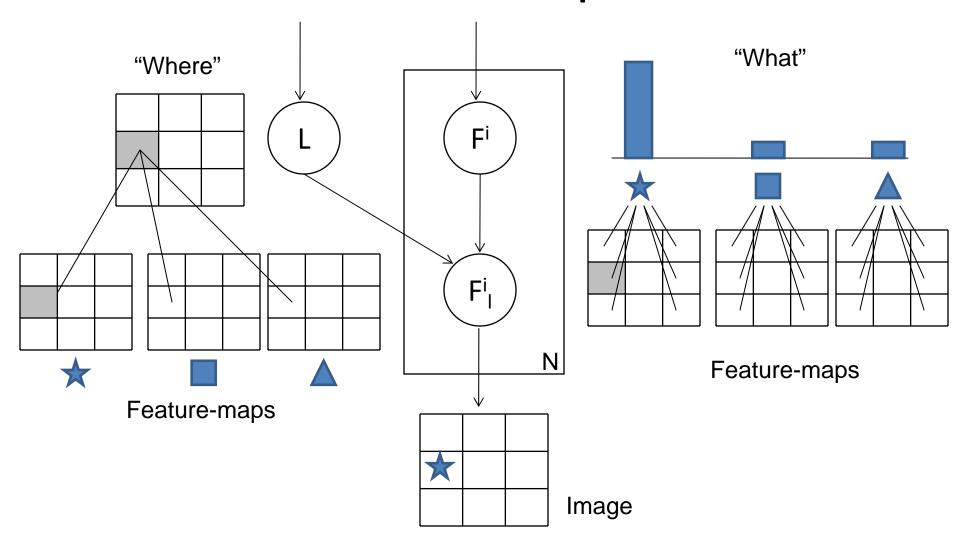


- •We use a Bayesian framework to model the interaction between the ventral stream and LIP/FEF
- •Feed **forward connections** within the ventral stream are modeled as **bottom-up** evidence. **Feedback** connections from higher areas are modeled as **top-down** priors.
- •The posterior probability of location generates a task-based saliency map.

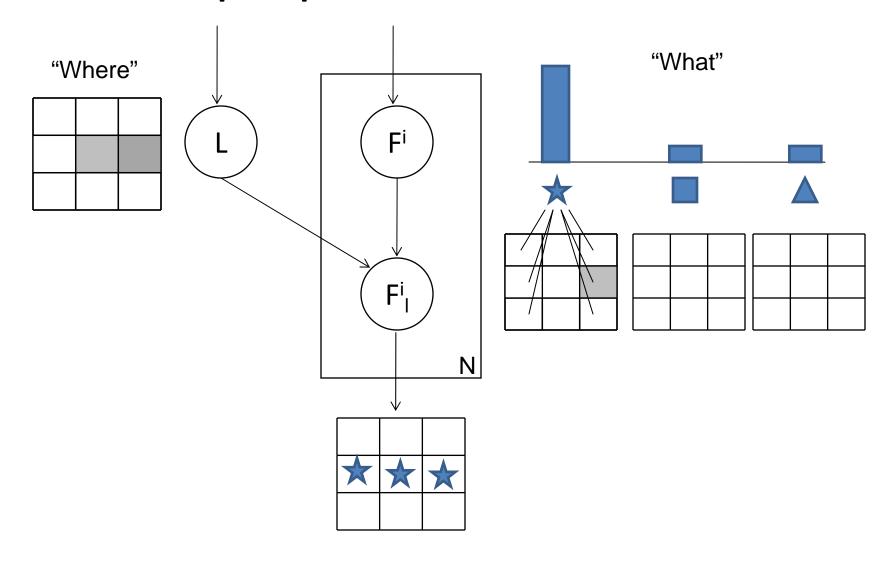


Rao 2005; Lee & Mumford 2003

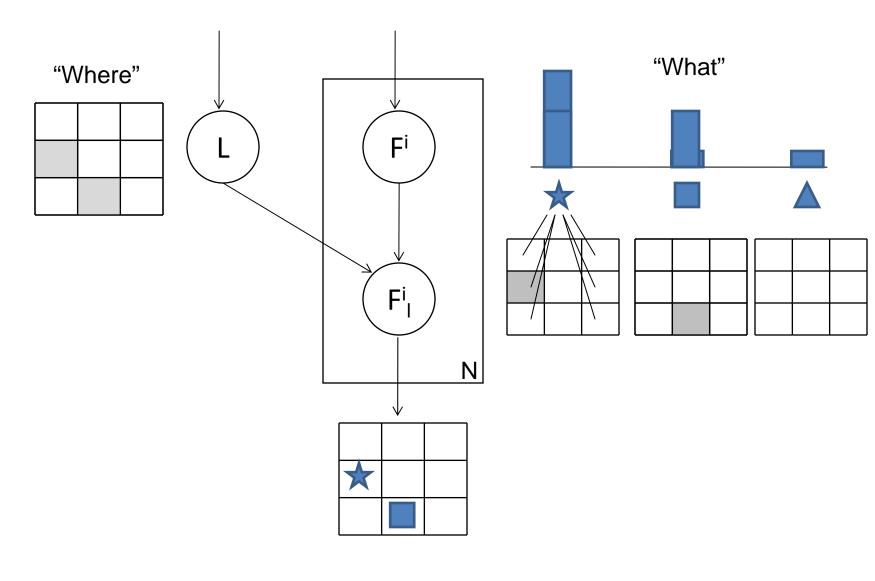
# Model description



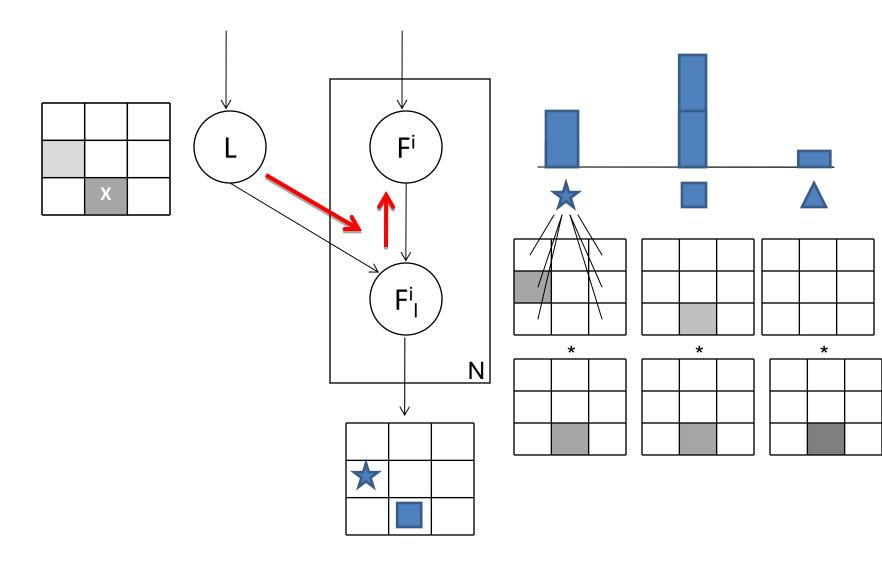
# Model properties: invariance



# Model properties: crowding

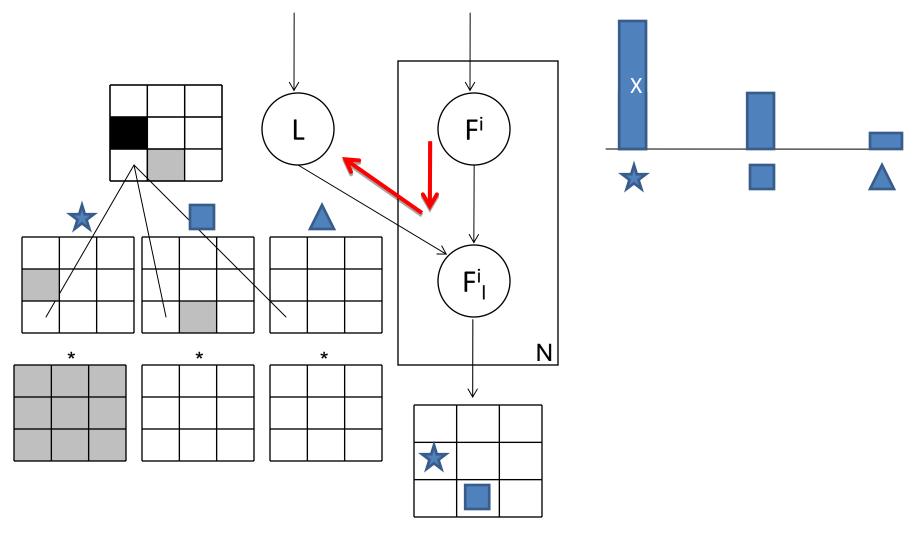


# Model: spatial attention



•What is at location X?

### Model: feature-based attention

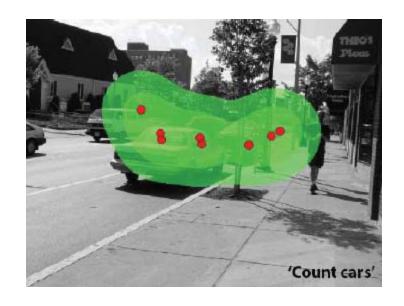


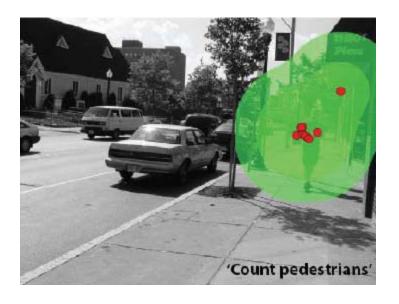
•Where is object X?

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## Matching human eye-movements





Car search

Pedestrian search

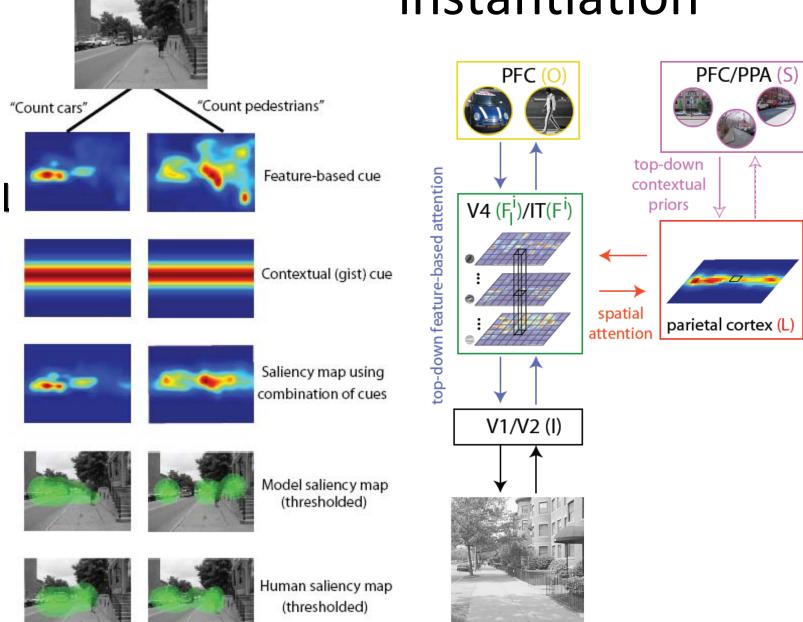
#### Dataset

- 100 CBCL street-scenes images having cars & pedestrians
- 20 images with neither objects

#### Experiment

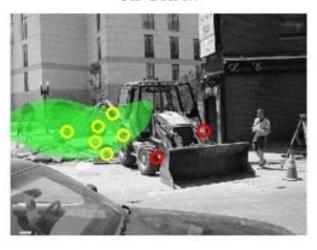
- 8 subjects where shown these 120 images in random order.
- Each image in the stimuli-set was presented twice
- The subjects were asked to count the number of cars/pedestrians
- For each of these block trials, the subject's eye movements were recorded using an infra-red eye tracker.

### " " - - ' instantiation

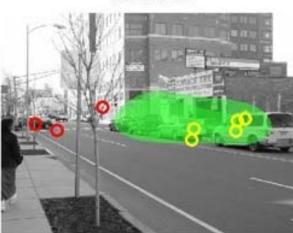


# **Examples**

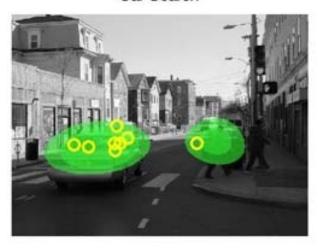
Car Search



Car Search



Car Search



Pedestrian Search



Pedestrian Search



Pedestrian Search

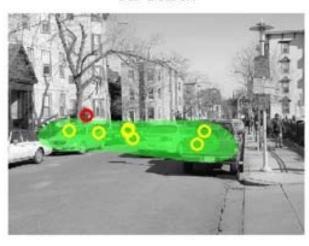


# Examples

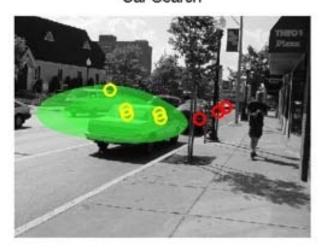
Car Search



Car Search



Car Search



Pedestrian Search



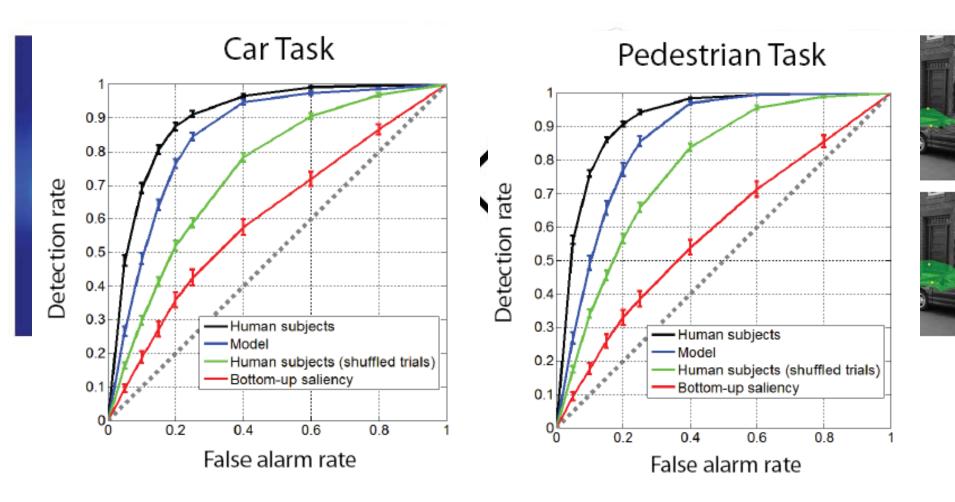
Pedestrian Search



Pedestrian Search

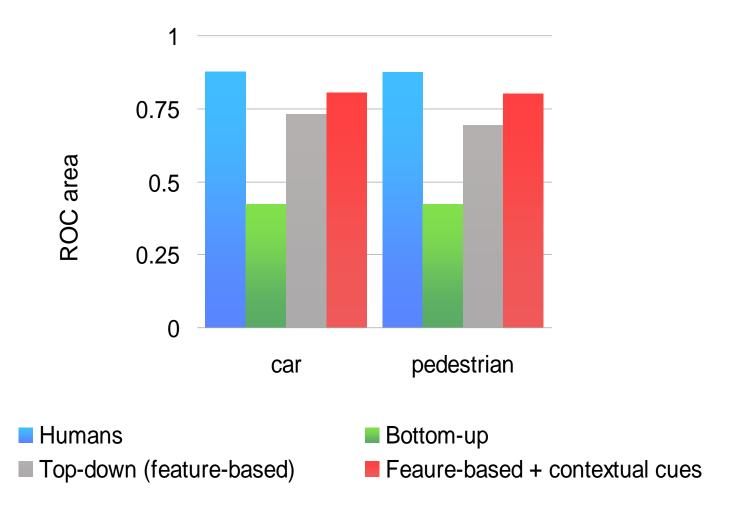


## Quantitative evaluation: ROC



#### Quantitative evaluation: ROC

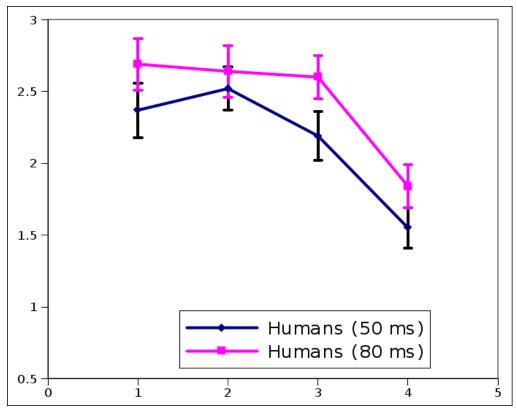
Integrating (local) feature-based + (global) context-based cues accounts for **92%** of inter-subject agreement!



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#### Effect of clutter on detection







recognition without attention

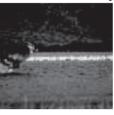




Head Close-body Medium-body Far-body



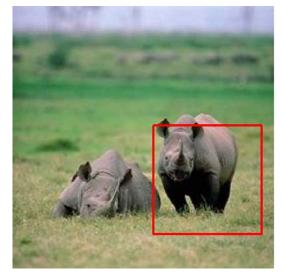


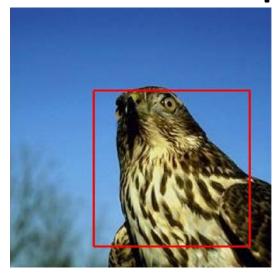


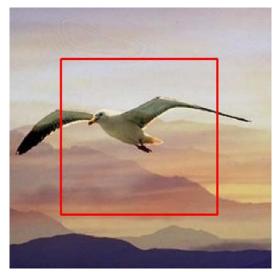


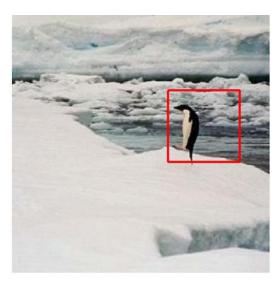
recognition under attention

# Scale and location prediction

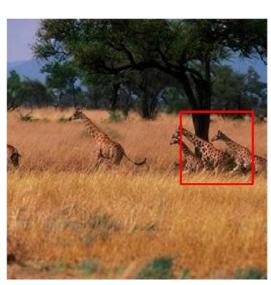




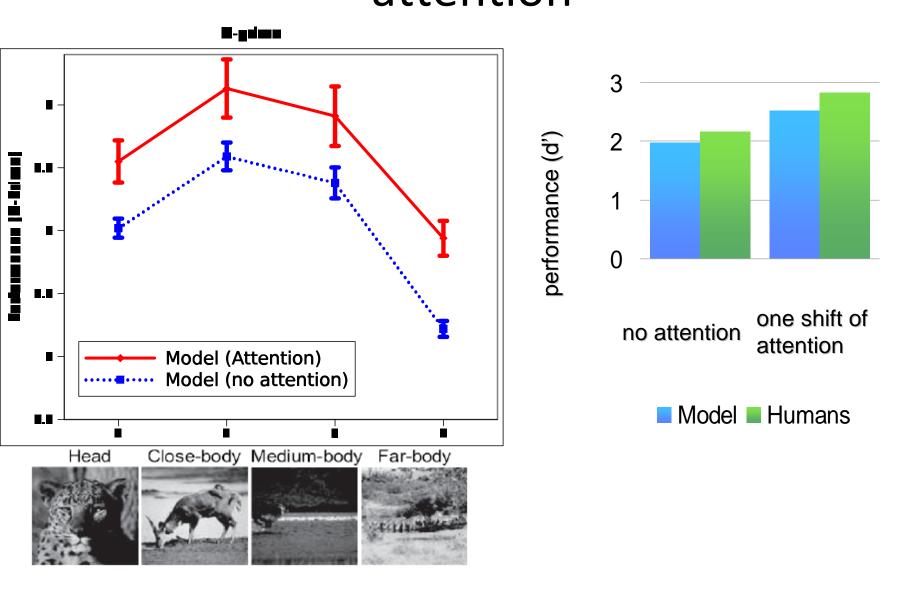








# attention



Questions?

Thank you!