Modelling salinity and concentration polarization in batch reverse-osmosis

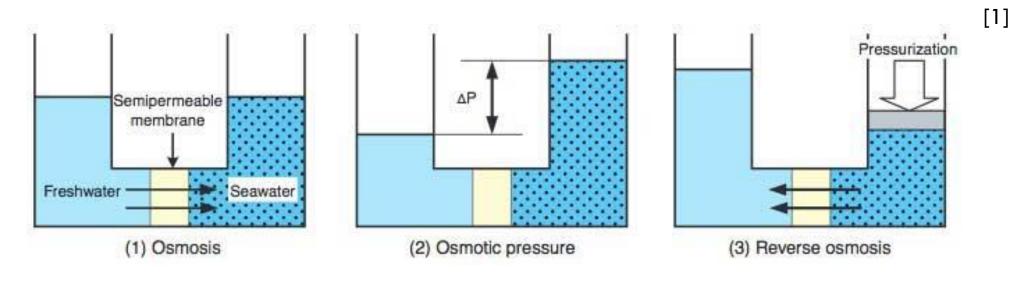
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2.290 Final Project

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Objective

Model feed and permeate salinity in a batch RO system over time and over space

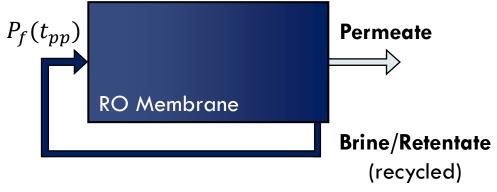


$$J_w = A(\Delta P - \Delta \pi)$$

Batch reverse-osmosis

Start of Permeate Production $P_f(t_o)$ RO Membrane Brine/Retentate (recycled)

End of Permeate Production



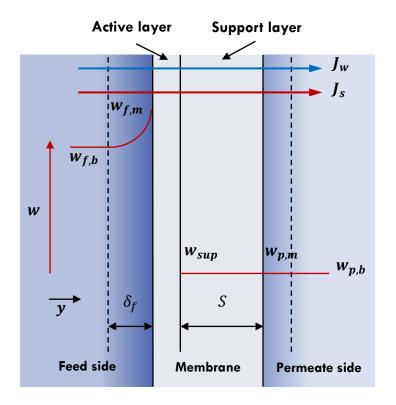
 $\mathit{P_f}$ increases from t_0 to t_{pp}

- Brine/retentate is recycled while producing permeate
- Both salt and water permeate membrane
- After permeate production, system must be reset (flush and recharge stage) – no pressurization to feed during reset

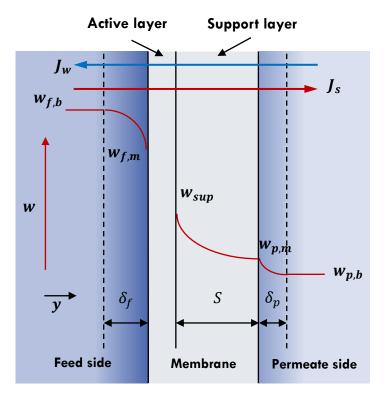
Concentration Polarization

- Build up or dilution of salt due to advection
- Water flux reverses direction during flush/recharge > analogous to forward osmosis

PERMEATE PRODUCTION STAGE



FLUSH/RECHARGE STAGE



Flux and concentration polarization equations

Batch stage

$$J_{w} = A \left(P_{f} - \left(\pi_{f,m} - \pi_{p,b} \right) \right)$$

$$J_{s} = B \left(w_{f,m} - w_{p,b} \right)$$

$$C_{f,m} = C P_{f} C_{f,b} + \frac{J_{s}}{J_{w}} \left(1 - C P_{f} \right)$$

Flush stage

$$J_{w} = A \left(P_{f} - \left(\pi_{f,m} - \pi_{sup} \right) \right)$$

$$J_{s} = B \left(w_{f,m} - w_{sup} \right)$$

$$C_{f,m} = C P_{f} C_{f,b} + \frac{J_{s}}{J_{w}} \left(1 - C P_{f} \right)$$

$$C_{p,m} = C P_{p} C_{p,b} + \frac{J_{s}}{J_{w}} \left(1 - C P_{p} \right)$$

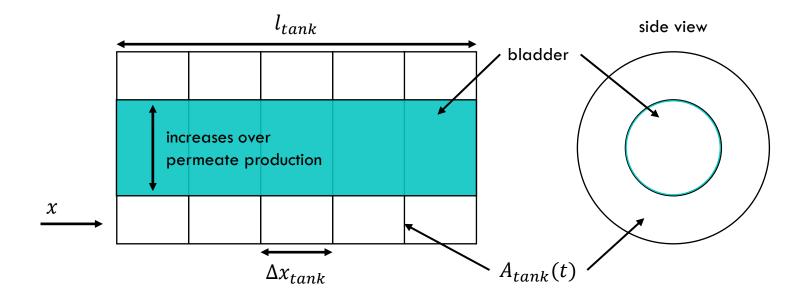
$$C_{sup} = C P_{sup} C_{p,m} + \frac{J_{s}}{J_{w}} \left(1 - C P_{sup} \right)$$

System Description – Batch RO

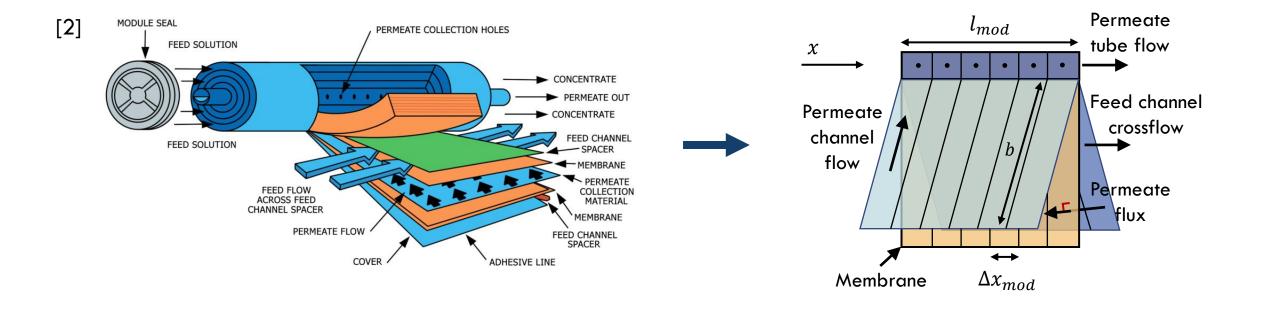
- Tank and spiral-wound membrane module (no piping)
- **Permeate production**: retentate/brine leaves last cell of membrane module, goes through a circulate pump to re-enter tank
- Flush: feed enters through circulate pump and then enters tank.
 Reject leaves through last cell of membrane module

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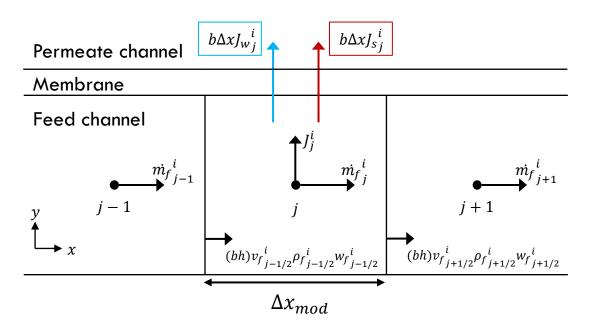
System Description – Tank



Membrane module – feed channel



Salt balance – feed channel



$$(\rho w)_j = \frac{[kg \ of \ solution]}{[m^3]} \frac{[g \ of \ salt]}{[kg \ of \ solution]}$$

$$(\rho w)_j = \frac{[g \ of \ salt]}{[m^3]}$$

$$V\frac{d(\rho_f w_f)_j^i}{dt} + (bh)v_f^i_{j+1/2}(\rho_f w_f)_{j+1/2}^i - (bh)v_f^i_{j-1/2}(\rho_f w_f)_{j-1/2}^i + J_{sj}^i b\Delta x_{mod} = 0$$

$$\left(\rho_{f}w_{f}\right)_{j}^{i+1} = (\rho_{f}w_{f})_{j}^{i} + \frac{\Delta t}{bh\Delta x_{mod}} \left(\dot{m}_{f_{j-1/2}}^{i} \left(\frac{w_{f_{j-1}}^{i} + w_{f_{j}}^{i}}{2}\right) - \dot{m}_{f_{j+1/2}}^{i} \left(\frac{w_{f_{j}}^{i} + w_{f_{j+1}}^{i}}{2}\right)\right) - \frac{\Delta t}{h} J_{s_{j}}^{i}$$

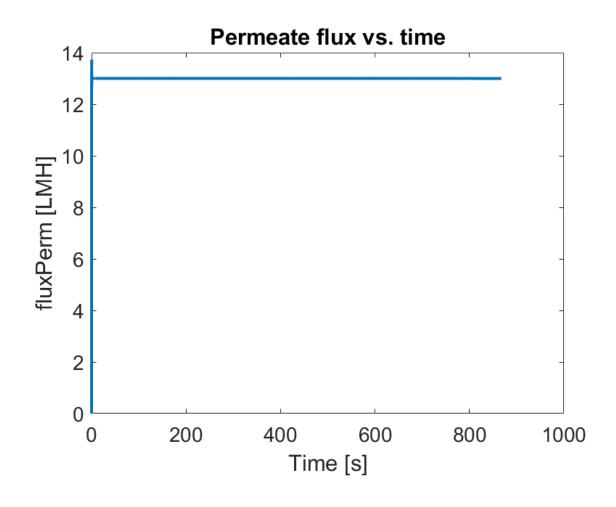
Selection of dx and dt

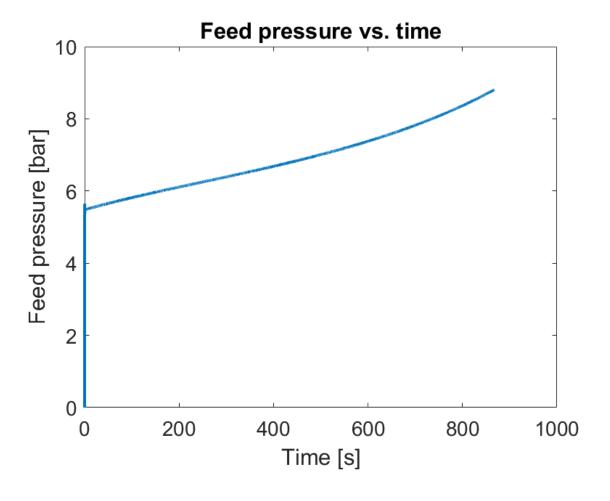
- Based on dt, minimum area of tank was found to estimate the maximum velocity at any time
- dx > maximum velocity x dt

Initial Conditions

- Uniform at starting feed salinity
- Velocity at every cell determined by circulation flow rate
- Water and salt fluxes assumed to be zero
 - Not realistic to assume the salt flux is zero
- No concentration polarization

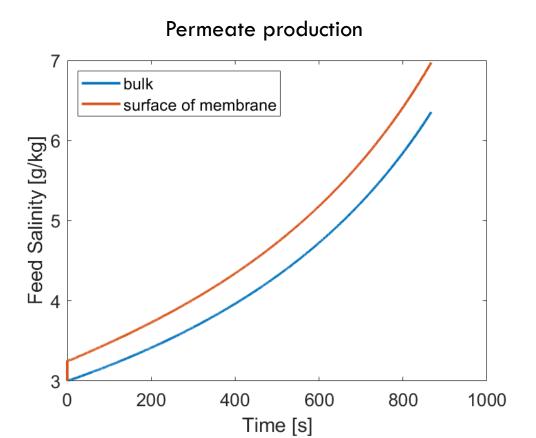
Results

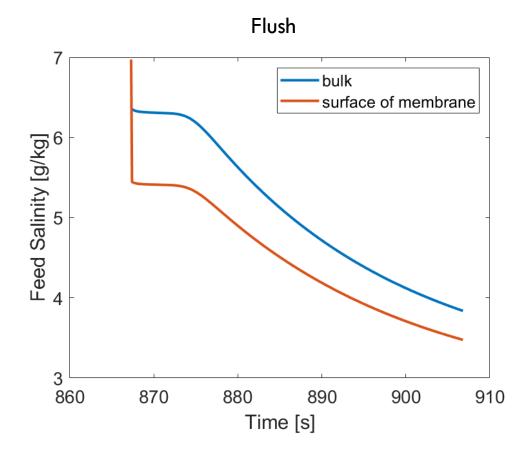




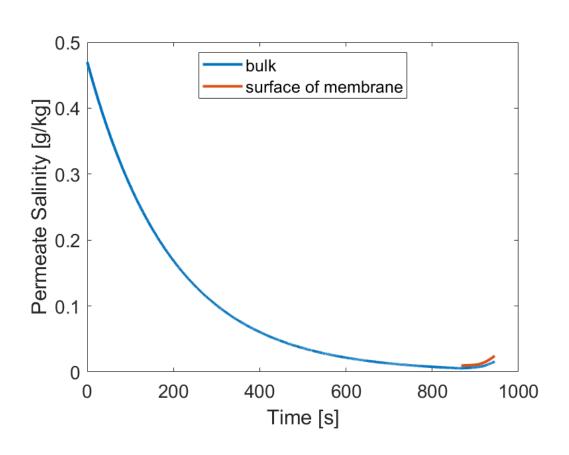
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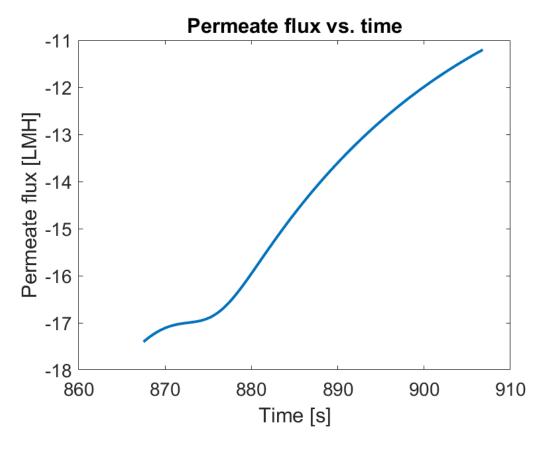
Results



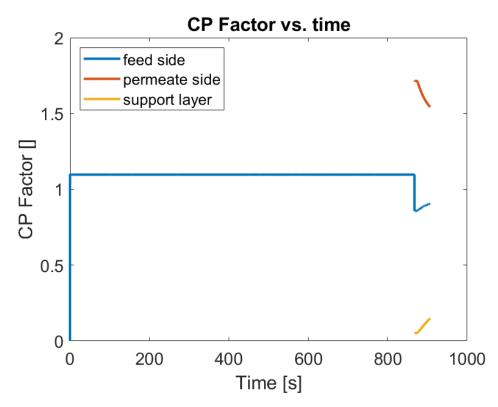


Results

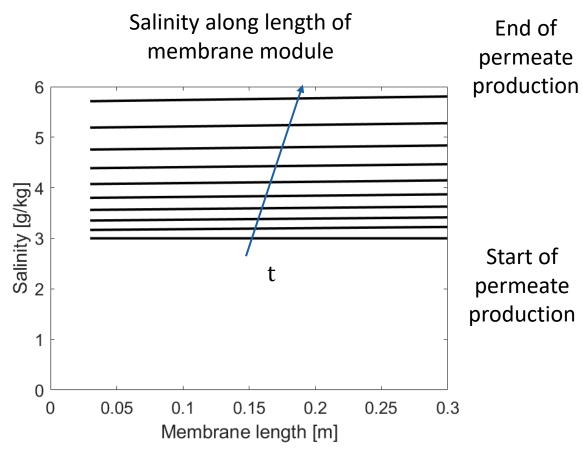




Results - problems



CP factor for support layer should not be less than 1



Should the salinity profile be this linear?

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Thank you!

References

- [1] https://www.yokogawa.com/sg/library/resources/yokogawatechnical-reports/ecube-aqua-application-portfolio-for-reverseosmosis-membrane-diagnosis/
- [2] https://www.idreco.com/reverse-osmosis/