

***C44B9.1* Encodes an Evolutionarily Conserved Presynaptic Protein that Regulates *C. elegans* Behavior**

Nicolas Paquin, Allan Froehlich, Daniel Omura and Bob Horvitz.  
HHMI, Dept. Biology, MIT, Cambridge, MA 02139 USA

*C. elegans* modulates its locomotion in response to environmental signals and past feeding experiences. In the absence of food, worms increase their locomotion. Animals that have been well-fed slow their locomotory rates when they encounter food less than do animals that have been food-deprived, presumably because food-deprived animals have a greater need for food.

We isolated mutations that cause well-fed animals to behave as if they had been food-deprived, thus modifying their behavioral state by uncoupling the food-dependent slowing of animals from past feeding experience. In this way, we isolated two alleles of a highly conserved uncharacterized gene, *C44B9.1*. Mutations in *C44B9.1* cause a severe locomotion defect of well-fed animals in the presence of food but have little effect on the locomotion of well-fed animals in the absence of food. *C44B9.1* is expressed in most if not all neurons, and the locomotion defect of *C44B9.1* mutants can be rescued by neuronal but not body-wall muscle expression of *C44B9.1*. Expression of the murine homolog of *C44B9.1* in mutant worms rescues their locomotion defect, suggesting that *C44B9.1* has an evolutionarily conserved function. The behavioral phenotype and drug-sensitivity profile of *C44B9.1* animals are similar to those of mutants defective in the regulation of synaptic vesicle exocytosis, such as *unc-64* (syntaxin) and *unc-31* (CAPS). *C44B9.1* localizes to synapse-rich areas of neural processes. Like synaptic vesicles, *C44B9.1* fails to be transported from and accumulates in neuronal cell bodies of mutants for the kinesin-like protein UNC-104/KIF1A. These results suggest that *C44B9.1* and its homologs are associated with synaptic vesicles. We are currently investigating the mechanism of *C44B9.1* action.

Talk

Meeting: *C. elegans* Neurobiology

Session: Behaviour

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