



Crystal Structure Validation with PLATON

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Overview of the Talk

- Some Examples of Recently Published Structures with a Problem that Apparently Escaped the Attention of the Referees.
- Promote CheckCif as the Current (Partial) IUCr Solution to this problem.
- Details of what PLATON can do in this Context.
- Discussion of some more Examples of Avoidable Errors.
- Some Concluding Remarks

Structure of an Interesting CH₃ Bridged Zr Dimer

Paper has been
cited

47 times !

So can we believe
this structure?

The Referees did ...!

But ...

H .. H = 1.32 Ang. !

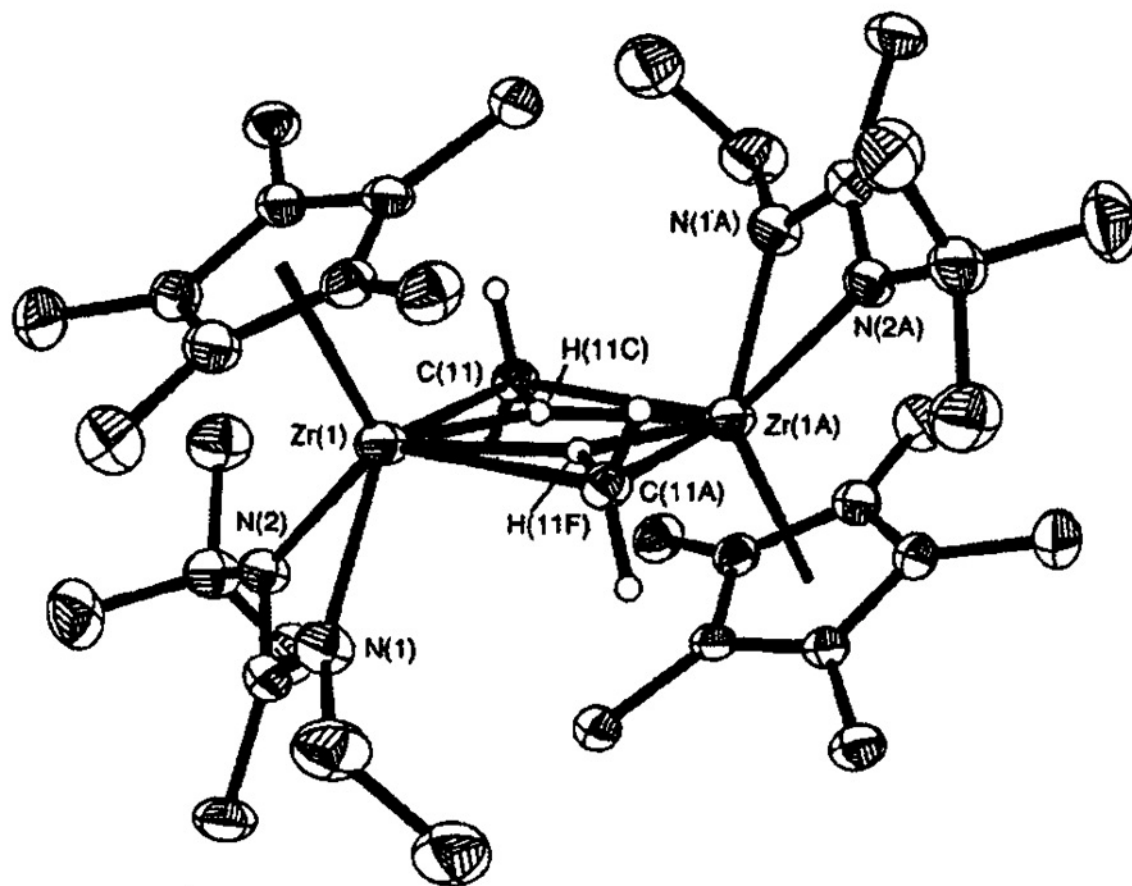


Figure 2. Molecular structure of **2** (30% thermal ellipsoids). The two [B(C₆F₅)₄] anions and all but the bridging methyl hydrogen atoms, represented by spheres of arbitrary size, have been omitted for the sake of clarity. For each bridging methyl group, only the labeled hydrogen atom has been crystallographically located with the other two being placed in logical positions.

Comment

- The methyl hydrogen atoms are expected outside the Zr_2C_2 ring (and indeed have been found in similar structures)
- Referees likely had no access to (or did not access) the primary data other than the ORTEP illustration in the paper.
- General problem: A limited number of experts is available to referee too many structural papers that offer only limited primary (deposited) data.

Dalton Trans. (2001), 729-735

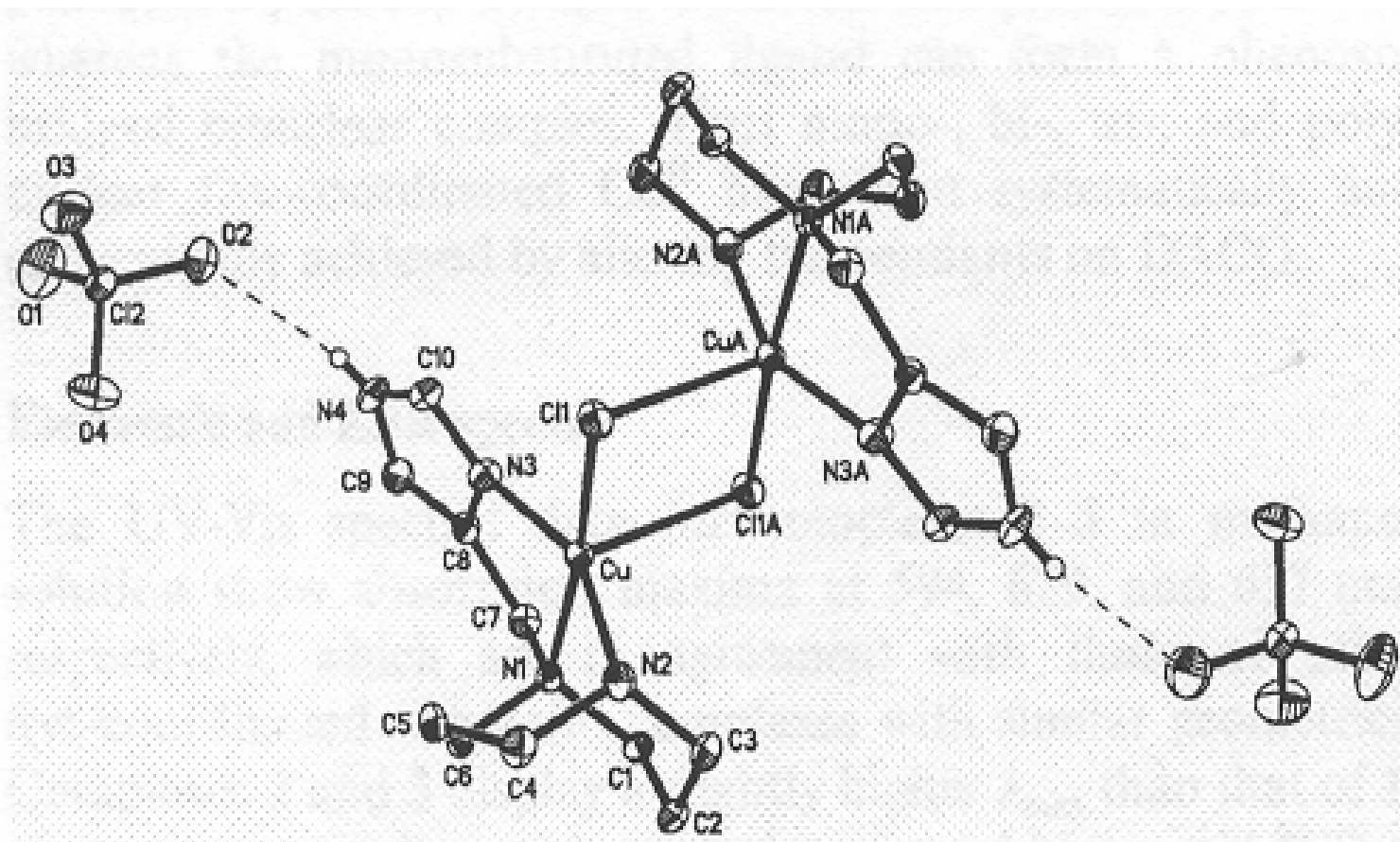
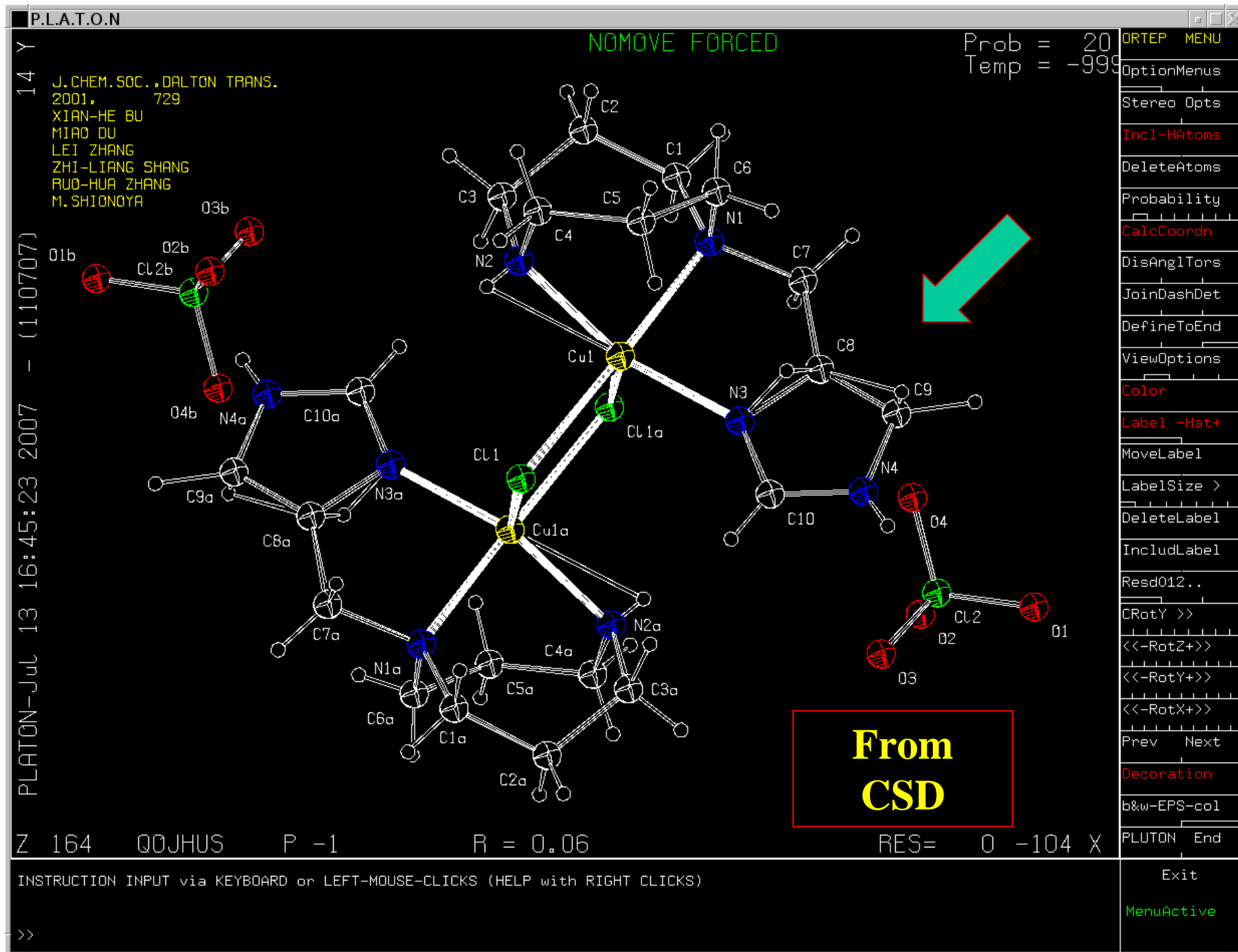


Fig. 2 The ORTEP view of complex 2 with 30% probability thermal ellipsoids.

Next Slide: ORTEP with downloaded CIF data ➔



Organometallics (2006) 25, 1511-1516

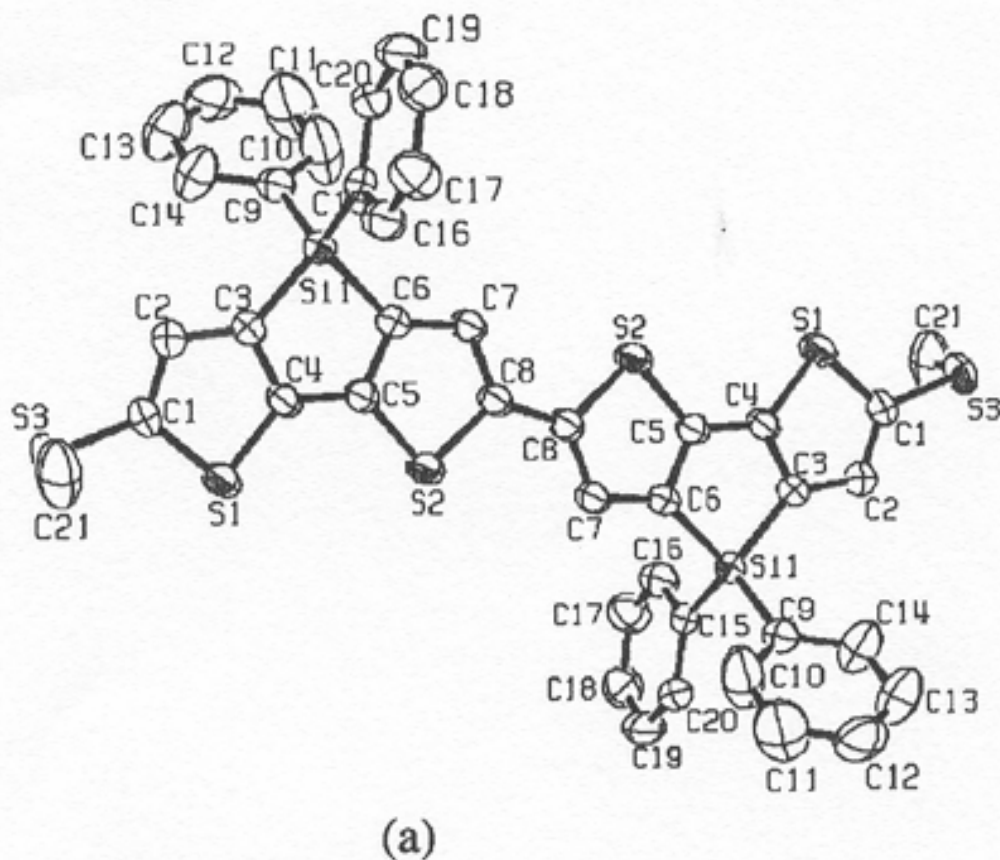


Table 2. Crystal Data, Experimental Conditions, and Summary of Structural Refinement for 5

molecular formula	C ₄₂ H ₃₀ S ₆ Si ₂
molecular weight	783.23
cryst style	triclinic
space group	<i>P</i> $\bar{1}$ (#2)
cell dimens	
<i>a</i> , Å	9.3886(5)
<i>b</i> , Å	10.5077(1)
<i>c</i> , Å	12.4065(6)
α , deg	68.413(2)
β , deg	81.359(5)
γ , deg	83.288(3)
<i>V</i> , Å ³	1122.64(8)
<i>Z</i>	1
<i>D</i> _{calcd} , g/cm ³	1.158
<i>F</i> ₀₀₀	406.00
cryst size, mm ³	0.35 × 0.35 × 0.15
cryst color	red
μ , cm ⁻¹	3.84
diffractometer	Rigaku RAXIS-RAPID
temp, °C	−50
wavelength, Å	0.71069 (Mo K α)
monochromator	graphite
no. of obsd rflns (<i>I</i> > 3 σ (<i>I</i>))	8452
<i>R</i>	0.079
<i>R</i> _w ^a	0.157

^a Weighting scheme is $[\sum w(|F_o| - |F_c|)^2 / \sum w F_o^2]^{1/2}$.

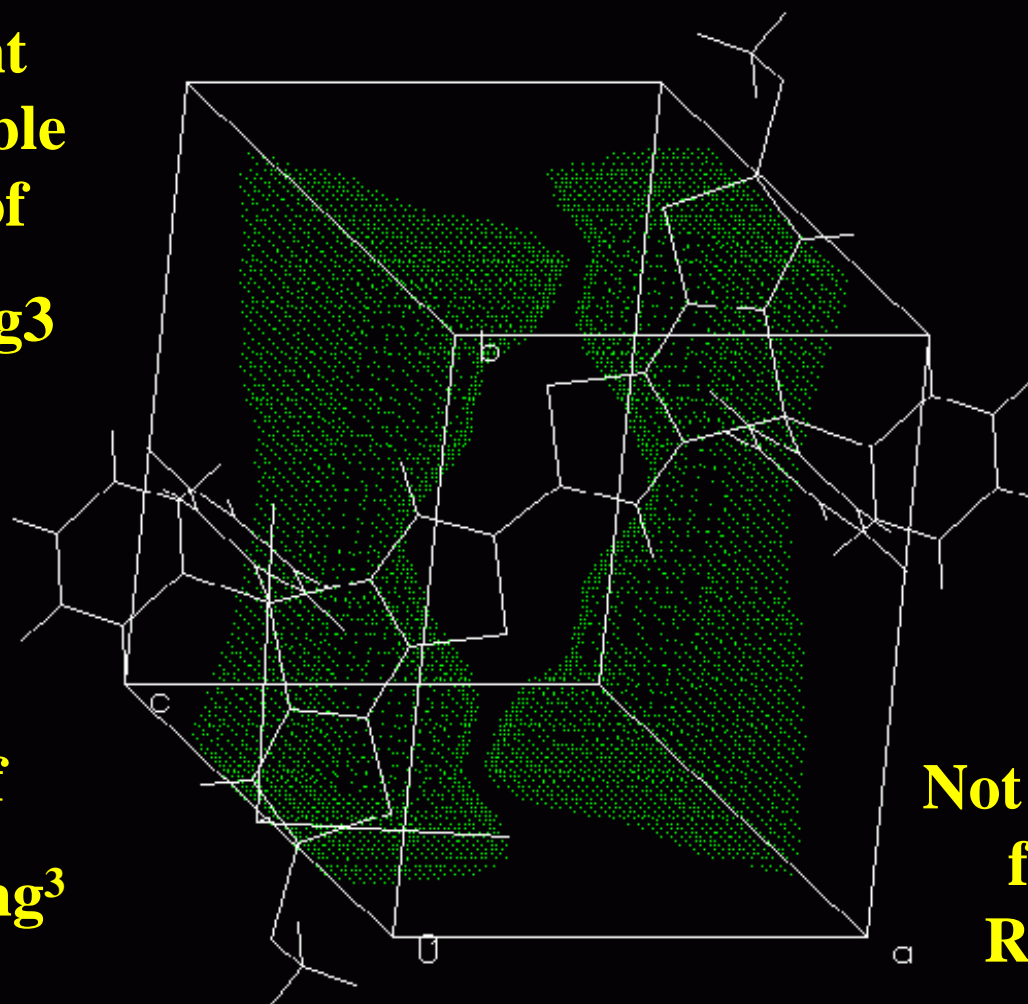
Next Slide: This is why the reported density is low and the R and R_w high →

P.L.A.T.O.N

NOMOVE FORCED

**Solvent
Accessible
Void of
235 Ang³**

**out of
1123 Ang³**



**Not Accounted
for in the
Refinement
Model**

Z 0 ACUSER P -1 R = 0.08 RES= 0 0 X

INSTRUCTION INPUT via KEYBOARD or LEFT-MOUSE-CLICKS (HELP with RIGHT CLICKS)

>> Continue (Y/N[Y])

SOLV MENU

Stereo Opts

DotsContour

ViewX0

ViewY0

ViewZ0

Reverse-B&W

VoidAxes

UnitSymPack

Resd012..

UnitFill

Void0123...

UnitCellBox

Show-Mol

Ohashi-Vol

LabelCell

Label -Hat+

LabelSize >

<<-RotZ+>>

<<-RotY+>>

<<-RotX+>>

Color

Decoration

EPS-File

End

Exit

MenuActive

SOLUTION

A solution for the structure validation problem was pioneered by *the International Union of Crystallography*

- Provide and archive crystallographic data in the computer readable **CIF standard** format.
- Offer Automated validation, with a computer generated report for authors and referees.
- Have journals enforce a structure validation protocol.
- The IUCr journals and most major journals now indeed implement some form of validation procedure.

THE CIF DATA STANDARD

- Driving Force: Syd Hall (IUCr/ Acta Cryst C)
- Early Adopted by XTAL & SHELX(T)L.
- Currently: WinGX, Crystals, Texsan, Maxus etc.
- Acta Cryst. C/E – Electronic Submission
- Acta Cryst.: Automatic Validation at the Gate
- CIF data available for referees for detailed inspection (and optional calculations).
- Data retrieval from the WEB for published papers
- CCDC – Deposition in CIF-FORMAT.

VALIDATION QUESTIONS

Single crystal validation addresses three simple but important questions:

- 1 – Is the reported information complete?
- 2 – What is the quality of the analysis?
- 3 – Is the Structure Correct?

IUCr CHECKCIF WEB-Service

<http://checkcif.iucr.org> reports the outcome of:

- IUCr standard tests

Consistency, Missing Data, Proper Procedure, Quality etc.

- + Additional PLATON based tests

Missed Symmetry, Twinning, Voids, Geometry, Displacement Parameters, Absolute Structure etc.

ALERT LEVELS

- ALERT A – Serious Problem
- ALERT B – Potentially Serious Problem
- ALERT C – Check & Explain
- ALERT G – Verify or Take Notice

ALERT TYPES

- 1 - CIF Construction/Syntax errors,
Missing or Inconsistent Data.
- 2 - Indicators that the Structure Model
may be Wrong or Deficient.
- 3 - Indicators that the quality of the results
may be low.
- 4 - Cosmetic Improvements, Queries and
Suggestions.

In-House Validation with PLATON

- Details: www.cryst.chem.uu.nl/platon
- Available for UNIX/LINUX, Windows, Mac-OSX
- Driven by the file **CHECK.DEF** with criteria, ALERT messages and advice.
- Unix: **platon -u structure.cif**
- Result on file: **structure.chk**
- Applicable on CIF's and CCDC-FDAT

```

rxvt
#=====
# PLATON/CHECK-(160707) versus check.def version of 110707 for entry: 02057f
# Data From: CSD631253.cif - Data Type: CIF      Bond Precision   C-C = 0.0050 Å
#                                           Temp = 100 K
#
# UCL  7.2836(2)  16.2898(4)  35.9526(9)          90    91.434(2)          90
# WaveLength 0.71073    Volume Reported  4264.38(19)  Calculated  4264.38(19)
# SpaceGroup from Symmetry P 21/n          Hall: -P 2yn
# Reported P2(1)/n          ?
# MoietyFormula C28 H41 N6 O4, 0.5(H O8 S2), 2(H O4 S), H2 O, 2(O), 0.5(H)
# Reported ?
# SumFormula C28 H46 N6 O19 S3
# Reported C28 H50 N6 O19 S3
# Mr      =      866.92[Calc],      870.92[Rep]
# Dx,gcm-3 =      1.350[Calc],      1.357[Rep]
# Z        =         4[Calc],         4[Rep]
# Mu (mm-1) =      0.252[Calc],      0.252[Rep]
# F000     =      1824.0[Calc],      1840.0[Rep] or F000' =      1826.54[Calc]
# Reported  T Limits: Tmin=0.774          Tmax=1.000  AbsCorr=EMPIRICAL
# Calculated T Limits: Tmin=0.886 Tmin'=0.868  Tmax=0.985
# Reported  Hmax= 8, Kmax= 19, Lmax= 44, Nref= 7965 , Th(max)= 25.990
# Calculated Hmax= 8, Kmax= 20, Lmax= 44, Nref= 8335 , Ratio = 0.956
# Rho(min) = -0.71, Rho(max) = 1.24 e/Ång^3
# R= 0.0764( 5774), wR2= 0.2103( 7965), S = 1.064, Npar= 557
#=====
>>> The Following ALERTS were generated <<<
-----
Format: alert-number_ALERT_alert-type_alert-level text
220_ALERT_2_A Large Non-Solvent      0      Ueq(max)/Ueq(min) ...      4.96 Ratio
241_ALERT_2_A Check High              Ueq as Compared to Neighbors for      031
241_ALERT_2_A Check High              Ueq as Compared to Neighbors for      032
305_ALERT_2_A Isolated Hydrogen Atom (Outside Bond Range ??)      H320
306_ALERT_2_A Isolated Oxygen Atom (H-atoms Missing ?) .....      02W
306_ALERT_2_A Isolated Oxygen Atom (H-atoms Missing ?) .....      03W
601_ALERT_2_A Structure Contains Solvent Accessible Voids of .      254.00 Å**3
#=====
029_ALERT_3_B _diffn_measured_fraction_theta_full Low .....      0.95
213_ALERT_2_B Atom O34' has ADP max/min Ratio .....      5.00 oblat
420_ALERT_2_B D-H Without Acceptor      01W -      H1W2 ...      ?
430_ALERT_2_B Short Inter D...A Contact 02W ..      014 ..      2.64 Ång.
430_ALERT_2_B Short Inter D...A Contact 03W ..      013 ..      2.64 Ång.
430_ALERT_2_B Short Inter D...A Contact 032 ..      034' ..      2.54 Ång.
430_ALERT_2_B Short Inter D...A Contact 032 ..      032 ..      2.59 Ång.
#=====
041_ALERT_1_C Calc. and Rep. SumFormula Strings Differ ....      ?
048_ALERT_1_C MoietyFormula Not Given .....      ?
061_ALERT_3_C Tmax/Tmin Range Test RR' too Large .....      0.88
062_ALERT_4_C Rescale T(min) & T(max) by .....      0.99
068_ALERT_1_C Reported F000 Differs from Calcd (or Missing)...      ?
097_ALERT_2_C Maximum (Positive) Residual Density .....      1.24 e/Å**
125_ALERT_4_C No _symmetry_space_group_name_Hall Given .....      ?
213_ALERT_2_C Atom O33' has ADP max/min Ratio .....      3.30 prola
222_ALERT_3_C Large Non-Solvent      H      Ueq(max)/Ueq(min) ...      3.94 Ratio
244_ALERT_4_C Low 'Solvent' Ueq as Compared to Neighbors for      S2
250_ALERT_2_C Large U3/U1 Ratio for Average U(i,j) Tensor ....      3.53
301_ALERT_3_C Main Residue Disorder .....      11.00 Perc.
340_ALERT_3_C Low Bond Precision on C-C Bonds (x 1000) Ång ...      5
355_ALERT_3_C Long O-H Bond (0.82Å) 01W -      H1W1 ...      1.02 Ång.
355_ALERT_3_C Long O-H Bond (0.82Å) 01W -      H1W2 ...      1.01 Ång.
432_ALERT_2_C Short Inter X...Y Contact 033 ..      C29 ..      3.00 Ång.
480_ALERT_4_C Long H...A H-Bond Reported H4N ..      S2 ..      2.97 Ång.
480_ALERT_4_C Long H...A H-Bond Reported H19N ..      S1 ..      2.94 Ång.

```

EXAMPLE OF PLATON GENERATED ALERTS FOR A RECENT PAPER PUBLISHED IN J.Amer.Chem.Soc. (2007)

Attracted special attention
in Chemical and
Engineering News

Problems Addressed by PLATON/CIF-CHECK

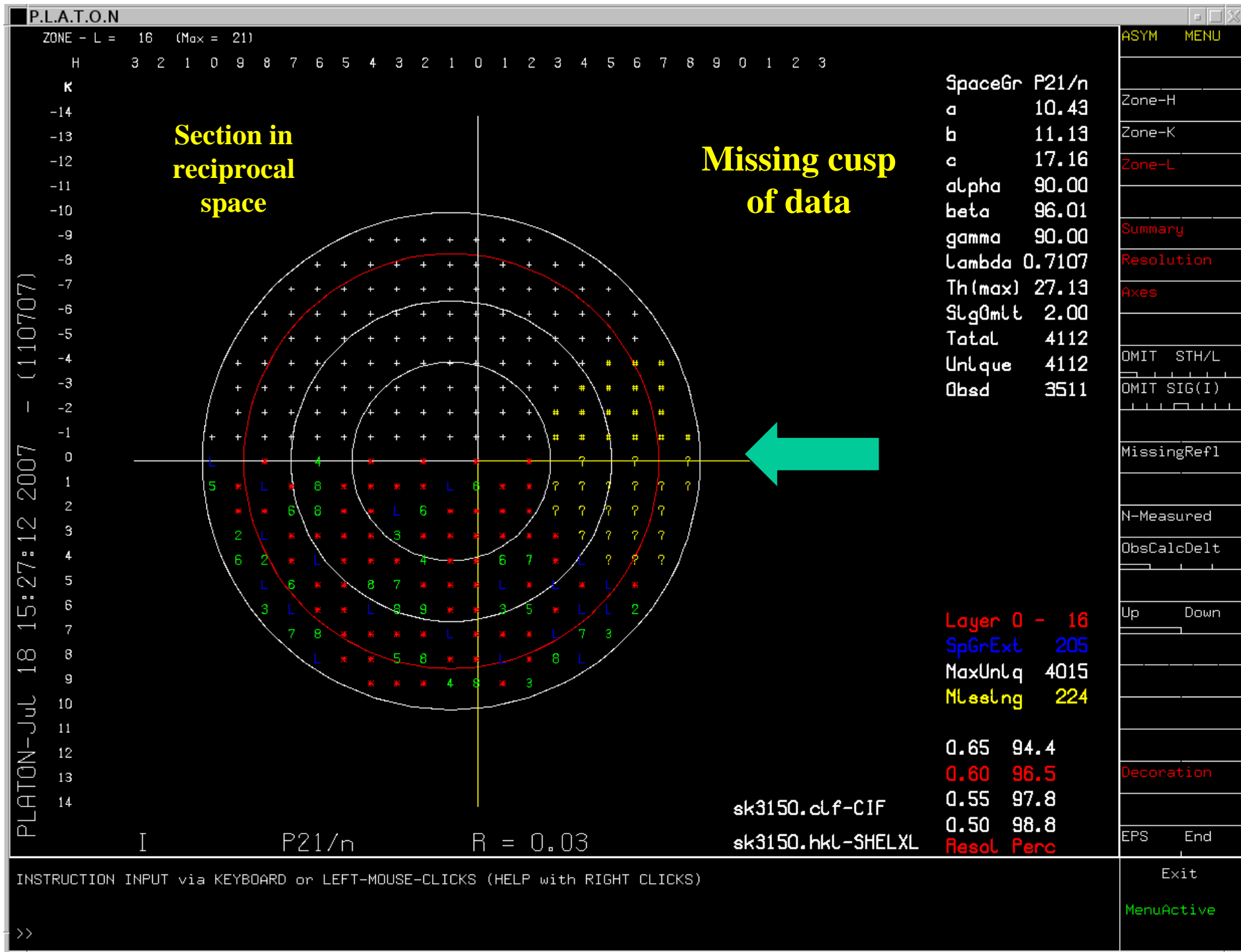
- Missed Higher Space Group Symmetry
- Solvent Accessible Voids in the Structure
- Unusual Displacement Parameters
- Hirshfeld Rigid Bond test
- Misassigned Atom Type
- Population/Occupancy Parameters
- Mono Coordinated/Bonded Metals
- Isolated Atoms (e.g. O, H, Transition Metals)

More Problems Addressed by PLATON

- Too Many Hydrogen Atoms on an Atom
- Missing Hydrogen Atoms
- Valence & Hybridization
- Short Intra/Inter-Molecular Contacts
- O-H without Acceptor
- Unusual Bond Length/Angle
- CH₃ Moiety Geometry
- To be extended with tests for new problems
‘invented’ by authors.

Problems Addressed by PLATON/FCF-CHECK

- Information from .cif and .fcf files
- Report on the resolution of the data
- Report about randomly missing data
- Check the completeness of the data (e.g. for missing cusps of data)
- Report on Missed (Pseudo) Merohedral Twinning
- Report on Friedel Pairs and Absolute Structure
- Next Slide: ASYM VIEW Display ➔

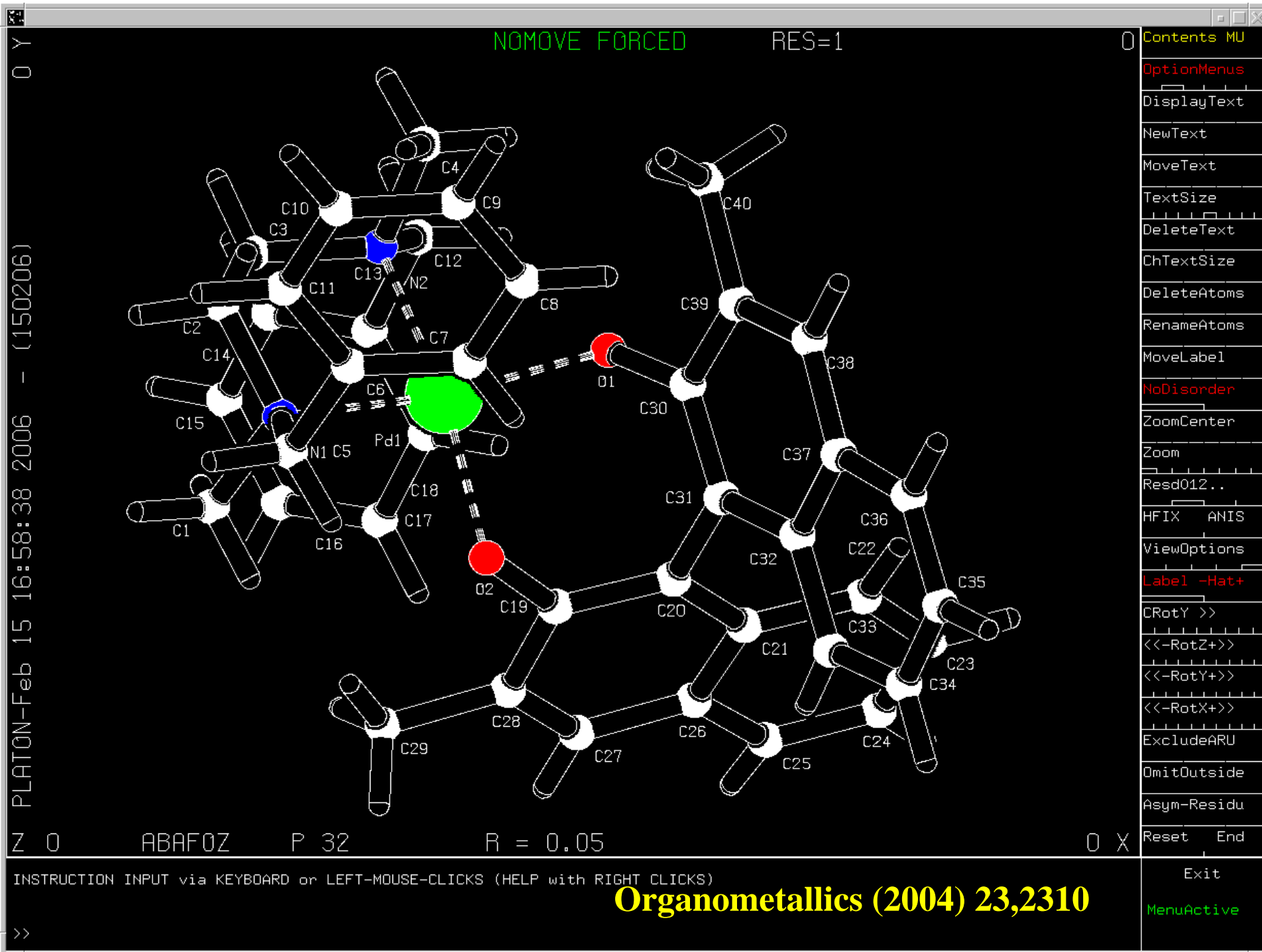


The Missed Symmetry Problem

- Up to 10 % of the structures in space groups such as Cc have higher symmetry (e.g. C2/c, R-3c, Fdd2 etc.) than was originally reported.

(To be Marshes is not good for your scientific reputation as a crystallographer).

- MISSYM (Y. LePage) & PLATON/ADDSYM algorithm addresses the problem.
- Next Slide: Example ➔



PLATON/ADDSYM for ABAFQZ P 32

ADDSYM Search on ALL NON-H Chemical Types [Max NonFlt 20 Perc]

Criteria: 1.00 Deg (Metric), 0.25 Ang (Rot.), 0.45 Ang (Inv), 0.45 Ang (Transl)

Symm. Input Reduced (Ang) (Deg) () (Ang)

Elem Cell Row Cell Row d Typ Dot Angle Flt MaxDev.

3 2

[0 0 1] [0 0 1]

31.81 6 1 0.00 100

0 through

2/3 1/3 0

Screw = 0 0 2/3

2 *

[1-1 0] [1-1 0]

18.15 2 2 0.00 100

0.015 through

1/2 1/2 0.119

C1 -C4

2 *

[1 2 0] [-1-2 0]

18.15 2 2 0.00 100

0.015 through

0 0 0.286

C4 -C1

2 *

[2 1 0] [2 1 0]

18.15 2 2 0.00 100

0.015 through

0 1/2 0.453

C4 -C1

Reduced-to-Convent

Input-to-Reduced

T = Input-to-Convent:

a' = T a

(1 0 0)

(0 1 0)

(0 0 1)

X

(-1 0 0)

(0 -1 0)

(0 0 1)

=

(-1 0 0)

(0 -1 0)

(0 0 1)

Det(T)

=

1.000

Cell Lattice a b c Alpha Beta Gamma Volume CrystalSystem Laue

Input hP 10.480 10.480 31.812 90.00 90.00 120.00 3026 Trlgonal -3

Reduced P 10.480 10.480 31.812 90.00 90.00 120.00 3026

Convent hP 10.480 10.480 31.812 90.00 90.00 120.00 3026 Trlgonal -3m

Orlgn shifted to: 0.333,-0.333, 0.453 after transformation

Missed/Additional Symmetry : Suggested SPGR = P3212 (No 153)

INSTRUCTION INPUT via KEYBOARD or LEFT-MOUSE-CLICKS (HELP with RIGHT CLICKS)

Additional (Pseudo)Symmetry Found (See Listing for details)

>>

ADDSYM MENU

NonFitPerc

TolMetric

TolRotAxis

TolInvers

TolTransl

NFTPercImpl

NoSubCell

KeepMon-I-n

ListDetails

ADDSYMEqual

ADDSYMElmt

ADDSYMEexact

ADDSYM-PLOT

ADDSYM-SHX

End

Exit

MenuActive

Change of Space Group ALERT

Misoriented O-H

- The O-H moiety is generally, with very few exceptions, part of a D-H..A system.
- An investigation of structures in the CSD brings up many ‘exceptions’.
- Closer analysis shows that misplacement of the O-H hydrogen atom is in general the cause.
- Molecules have an environment in the crystal !
- Example →

Example of a PLATON/Check Validation Report: Two ALERTS related to the misplaced Hydrogen Atom

```
#=====
# PLATON/CHECK run versus check.def version of 21/06/00      for entry:I
# Data From: publ.cif - Data Type: CIF

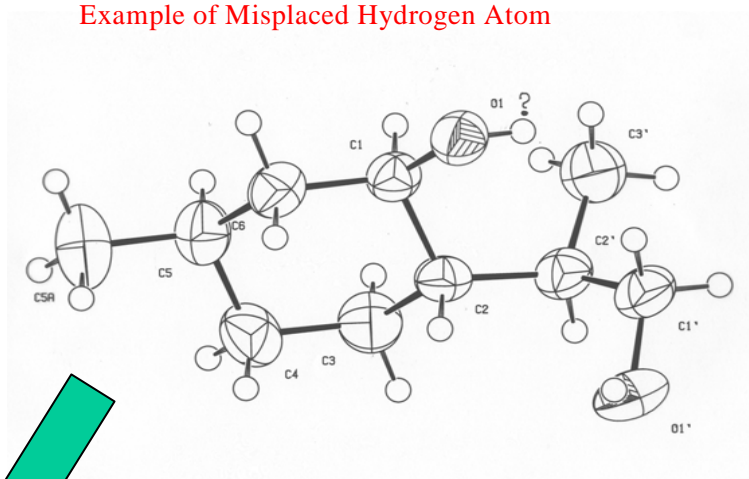
# CELL  0.71069    8.571    6.466    9.850    90.00   106.78    90.00    522.69
# SpaceGroup P21                      Rep: P 21
# MoietyFormula C10 H20 O2
#      Reported ?
# SumFormula C10 H20 O2      Rep: C10 H20 O2
# Mr      =      172.26[Calc],      172.26[Rep]
# Dx,gcm-3 =      1.094[Calc],      1.094[Rep]
# Z       =      2[Calc],      2[Rep]
# Mu (mm-1) =      0.074[Calc],      0.074[Rep]
# Calculated T limits: Tmin=0.993 Tmin'=0.978 Tmax=0.996
# Reported Hmax= 10, Kmax= 7, Lmax= 11, Nref= 1935      , Th(max)= 25.76
# Calculated Hmax= 10, Kmax= 7, Lmax= 12, Nref= 1090( 1991), Ratio= 1.78( 0.97)
# R= 0.0500( 1299), wR2= 0.1870( 1935), S = 0.721, Npar= 112
#=====

>>> The Following ALERTS were generated <<<

420_ALERT B D-H without acceptor      O(1)    -    H(1)      ?      <<
#=====
048_ALERT C MoietyFormula not Given ..... ?
084_ALERT C High R2 value ..... 0.19
086_ALERT C Unsatisfactory S value (Too Low or not given) 0.72
142_ALERT C su on b - axis small or missing (x 100000) ... 30 Ang.
145_ALERT C su on beta      small or missing (x 10000) ... 30 Deg.
414_ALERT C Short intra D-H..H-X      H(1)    .. H(12') = 1.93 Ang. <<
708_ALERT C D-H..A Calc      170.5(5), Rep      170.00, Dev. 1.05 Sigma
      O1'   -H1'   -O1      1.555   1.555   2.646

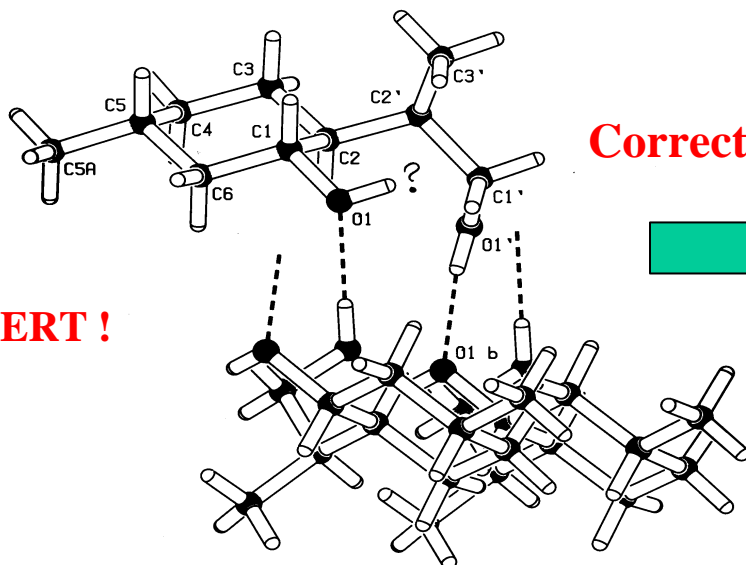
1 ALERT Level B = Potentially Serious Problem
7 ALERT Level C = Check & Explain
#=====
```

Example of Misplaced Hydrogen Atom



Validation Looks at
inter-molecular
contacts

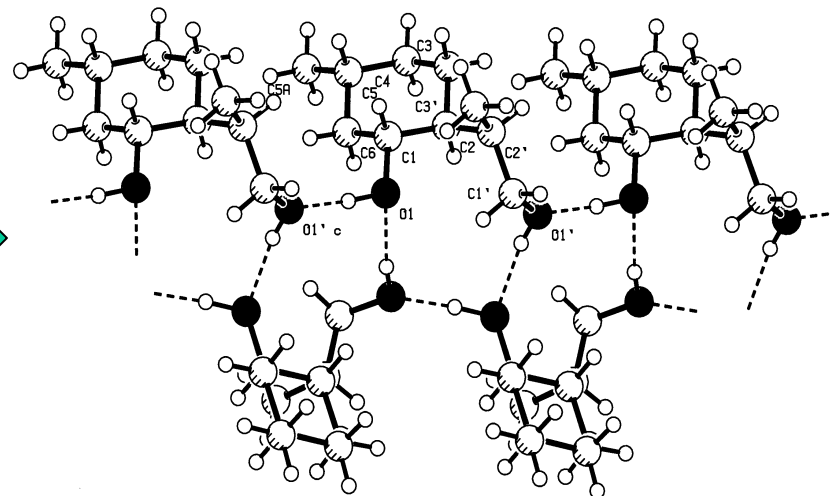
Unsatisfactory Hydrogen Bond Network



ALERT !

Correct !

Satisfactory Hydrogen Bond Network with new H-position



Wrong Structures

- Sometimes (semi) automatic structure determination procedures can come up with ‘reasonably looking’ but wrong structures.
- Structure validation software should send out proper ALERTS to the investigators (e.g. IUCr Checkcif)

Structure Determination Artifacts

- Pseudo-symmetry easily results in false structures (often requiring a disorder model).
- Example: An Organometallic-AuCl compound from the CSD with the Cl in the wrong position → Very Short C-H..Cl ?!
ALERTED by validation (C..Cl = 2.19 Ang)
- Moving Cl to the correct position drops R from 4 to 2 % (see next slides).



54 Y

PLATON-Feb 15 17:32:10 2006 - (150206)

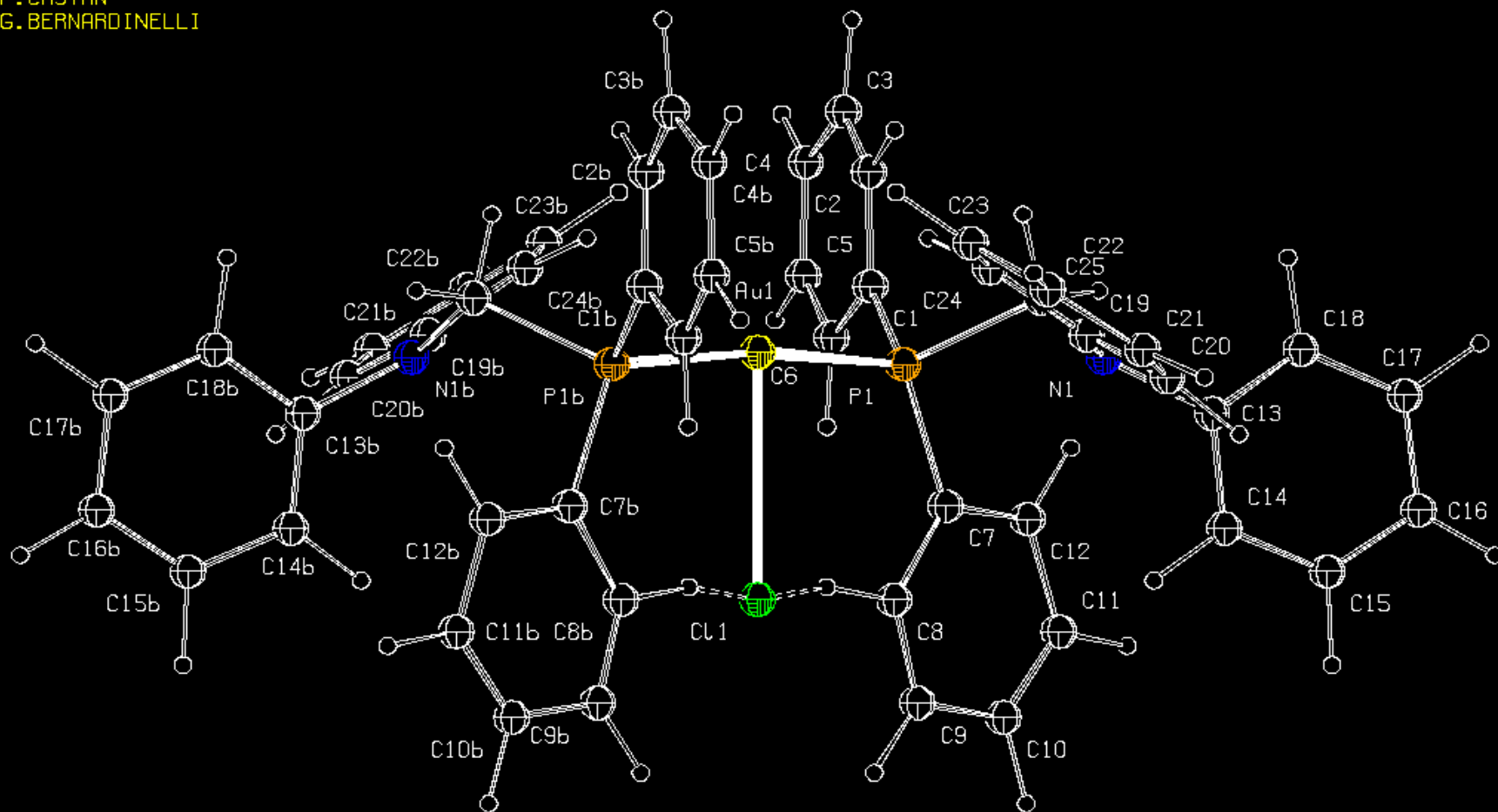
Z -180 YINLEM Fdd2 R = 0.04

INSTRUCTION INPUT via KEYBOARD or LEFT-MOUSE-CLICKS (HELP with RIGHT CLICKS)

NOMOVE FORCED

PROBA= 20

INORG. CHIM. ACTA
1994, 227, 85
A.-M. LARSONNEUR
R. TURPIN
P. CASTAN
G. BERNARDINELLI

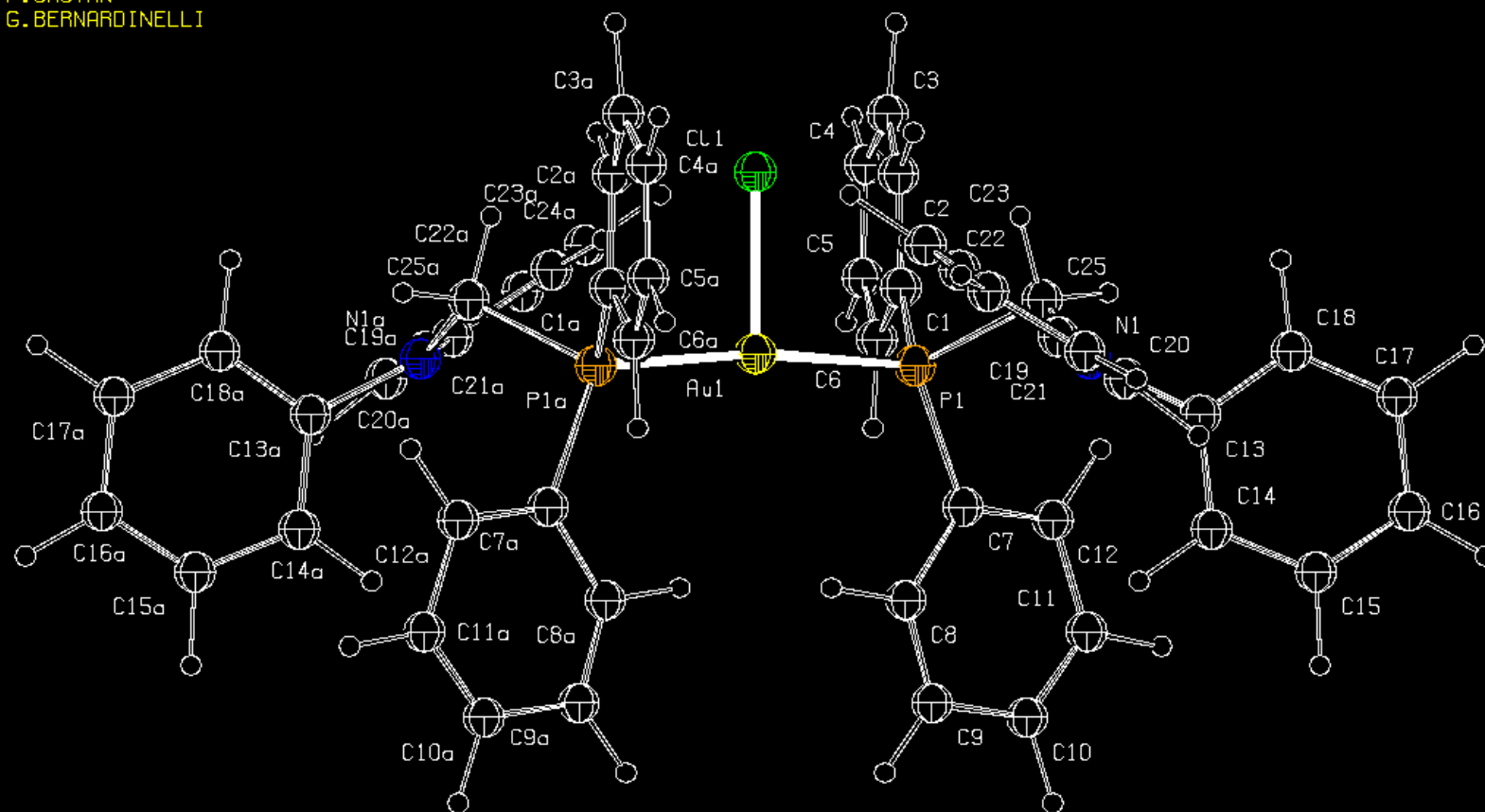


RES= 0 -90 X

NOMOVE FORCED

PROBA= 30

INORG. CHIM. ACTA
1994, 227, 85
A.-M. LARSONNEUR
R. TURPIN
P. CASTAN
G. BERNARDINELLI



Z -180 YINLEM Fdd2 R = 0.02 (CL in correct position)

RES= 0 -90 X

INSTRUCTION INPUT via KEYBOARD or LEFT-MOUSE-CLICKS (HELP with RIGHT CLICKS)

>>

ORTEP MENU

OptionMenus

Stereo Opts

Incl-HAtoms

DeleteAtoms

Probability

CalcCoordn

DisAnglTors

JoinDashDet

DefineToEnd

ViewOptions

Color

Label -Hat+

MoveLabel

LabelSize >

DeleteLabel

IncludLabel

Resd012..

CRotY >>

<<-RotZ+>>

<<-RotY+>>

<<-RotX+>>

Prev Next

Decoration

b&w-EPS-col

PLUTON End

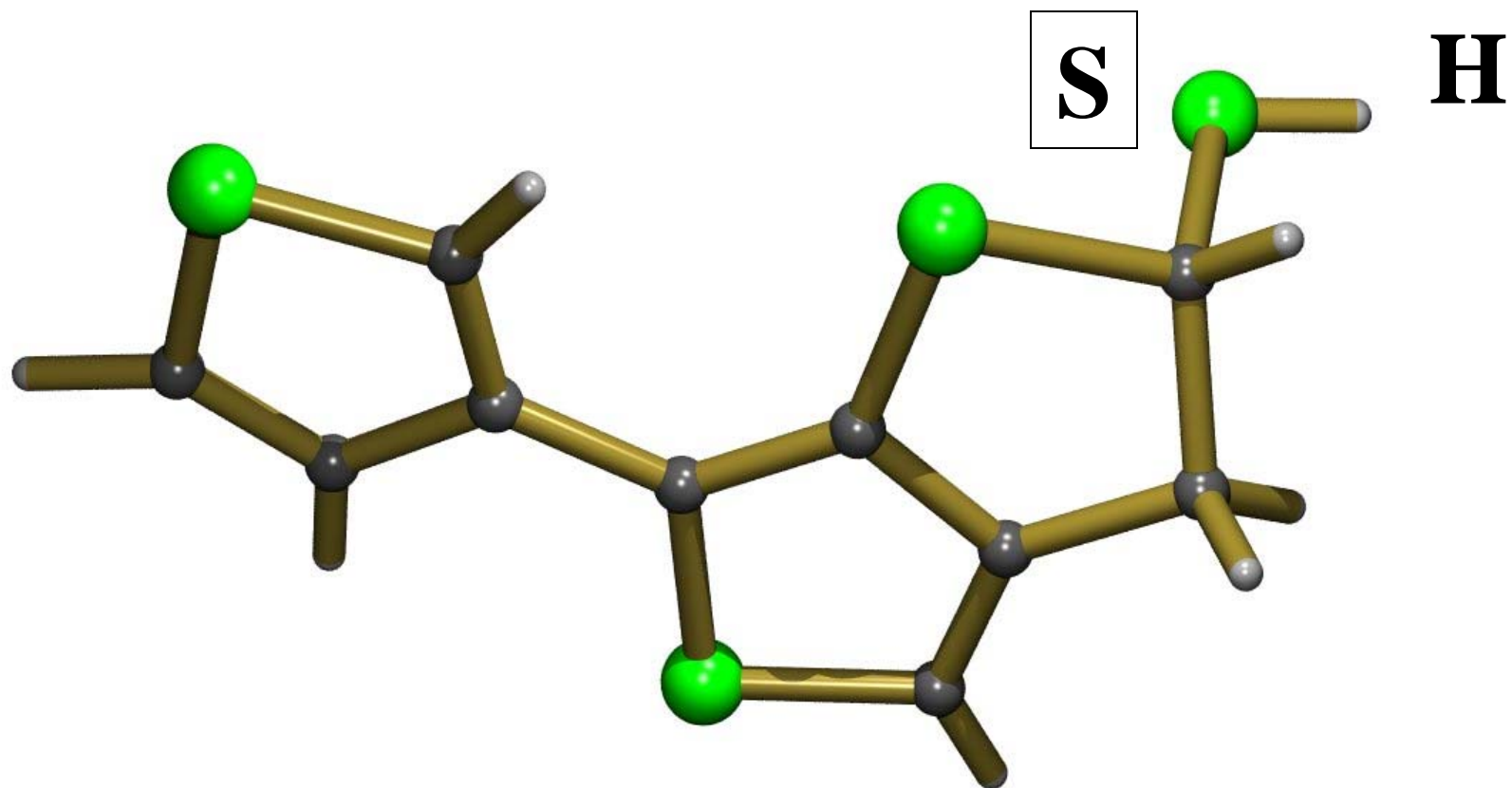
Exit

MenuActive

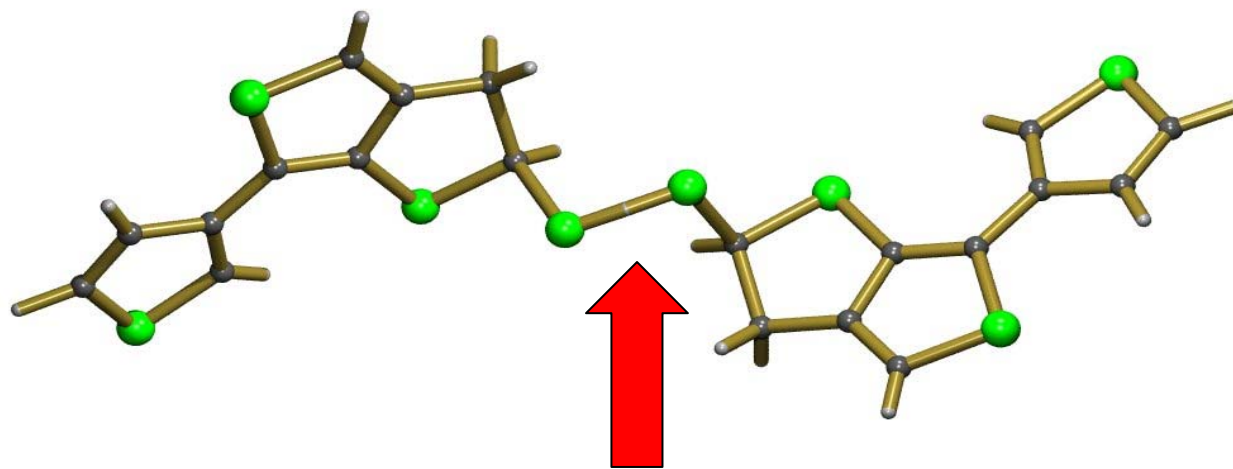
Consult the CSD

- It is a good idea to always consult the CSD for previous reports on structures related to the one at hand (in particular when the result looks unique).
- The statistics provided by VISTA (CCDC) can be very helpful for this.
- However, be aware, such an analysis often shows outliers. Many of those appear to be errors.
- Example: A search for short S..S contacts gave:

Entry from the CSD



But with Space Group Symmetry



=> Different structure with S-S Bond !

Some Statistics

- Validation CSD Entries 2006 + 2007
- Number of entries: 35760
- # of likely Space Group Changes: 384
- # of structures with voids: 3354
- Numerous problems with H, O, OH, H₂O etc.

THE MESSAGE

- Validation should not be postponed to the publication phase. All validation issues should be taken care of during the analysis.
- Everything unusual in a structure is suspect, mostly incorrect (artifact) and should be investigated and discussed in great detail and supported by additional independent evidence.
- The CSD can be very helpful when looking for possible precedents (but be careful)

CONCLUSION

Validation Procedures are excellent Tools to:

- Set Quality Standards (Not just on R-Value)
- Save a lot of Time in Checking, both by the Investigators and the Journals (referees)
- Point at Interesting Features (Pseudo-Symmetry, short Interactions etc.) to be discussed.
- Surface a problem that only an experienced Crystallographer might be able to Address
- Proof of a GOOD structure.

Additional Info

<http://www.cryst.chem.uu.nl>

(including a copy of this powerpoint presentation)

Thanks

for your attention !!