Emergency Contraception

Did you know? Emergency contraception can prevent pregnancy after unprotected sex.

Emergency contraception (EC) is available at MIT Medical 24 hours a day. You can get it by calling the Obstetrics & Gynecology Service at 617-253-1315 or Internal Medicine at 617-253-4481 during weekday business hours, or by coming to Urgent Care on evenings and weekends.

EC consists of two pills that contain hormones similar to birth control pills. It is currently available by prescription only. The two pills are taken as soon as possible after unprotected sex (no later than 120 hours). The pills prevent pregnancy and do not cause abortion or affect an existing pregnancy. If something happens that makes you worry you might get pregnant – get EC right away.

For more information about EC, go to http://ec.princeton.edu/.

Plan B, a brand of emergency contraception.
Pregnancy testing is free for all students at MIT Medical. Appointments for pregnancy testing can be made through your primary care provider by calling 617-253-4481 or through the Obstetrics & Gynecology Service by calling 617-253-1315. Please note that it may be several days from the time you call until the next available appointment.

You can also get a pregnancy test without making an appointment ahead of time by visiting Urgent Care on the first floor of MIT Medical. Urgent Care is open 24 hours a day, but wait times to see a clinician may vary.

MIT Medical's sexuality educator, Laura Anne Stuart, is also available to talk with students and their partners about pregnancy testing, contraception, and safer sex. The Center for Health Promotion and Wellness has an extensive library with written information on these topics that is free for all students. Visit Laura at the Center for Health Promotion and Wellness on the second floor of MIT Medical (E23-205) or contact her at stu@med.mit.edu or 617-253-1307.

How to Get a Pregnancy Test

What will happen when I go to MIT Medical to get the test?

A clinician will ask you for a urine sample and will talk to you about why you think you might be pregnant. Be prepared to provide the dates of your last two menstrual periods. This is a good opportunity to discuss important issues related to pregnancy prevention, such as how well your current method of birth control is working for you or whether you have been forced to have sex against your will. MIT Medical clinicians can help you with these and other concerns. You will not be given pelvic exam at this time.

How soon after a missed period will a pregnancy test show accurate results?

Do I have to wait until I miss a period to get a test?

Most of the time, a urine test will accurately detect a pregnancy 2 to 3 days before a missed menstrual period. Most women will wait until a day or two after the time when they were supposed to get their period to come in for a test. Remember — many things, including stress, can disrupt the menstrual cycle and cause you to be late or even skip a period altogether.

What is the difference between a pregnancy test at MIT and one that I do myself at home?

Over-the-counter home pregnancy tests can be purchased at most drugstores, and at the MIT Medical pharmacy, for around $8 – 15. They are similar to the tests that are done at MIT Medical. Two advantages to having a test done at MIT Medical are that the test is free and that a clinician is more likely to perform the test accurately than you are at home. Some students will come to MIT Medical to confirm the result of a home pregnancy test that they have already done.

How long does it take to get pregnancy test results at MIT?

For urine pregnancy tests, results are available by the end of the day if the sample is received by noon. Results are available the next morning for samples received in the afternoon.

Will my parents find out that I had a pregnancy test? Will the test show up on my insurance statement?

A visit for a pregnancy test is covered under the Student Medical Plan, which all registered students receive. Therefore, your parents’ insurance is not involved, and no information about the visit or the test is sent to them. In addition, your medical records at MIT are protected by strong confidentiality laws, and your parents can not get a copy of them without your written permission.

If you get prescription medication during your visit, a “pharmacy charge” statement may be generated on your bursar bill (if you charge the cost of your drug or your co-payment) or on your parents’ insurance statement (if you do not have the MIT Student Extended Insurance Plan). The amount of information about the specific medication purchased depends on your parents’ insurance plan. If you wish to avoid any mention of a pharmacy charge, you may pay the full cost of the medication yourself in cash — the pharmacy can give you information about the current prices of specific drugs.

How to Get a Pregnancy Test

Important Numbers at MIT Medical

Urgent Care: 617-253-1311

Pregnancy tests available on a walk-in basis without an appointment; wait times vary

Internal Medicine: 617-253-4481
To make an appointment for testing

OB/GYN: 617-253-1315
To make an appointment for testing

Health Promotion: 617-253-1307
To talk with a health educator

For more information about pregnancy testing, as well as your options after having a pregnancy test, please check out the following link:

Planned Parenthood, “What If I’m Pregnant?”
http://www.plannedparenthood.org/WOMENSHEALTH/whatifpregnant.html