

The future of STEM education: Preparing the next generation of faculty

Bennett Goldberg



The Arguments for Active Learning



Challenge:

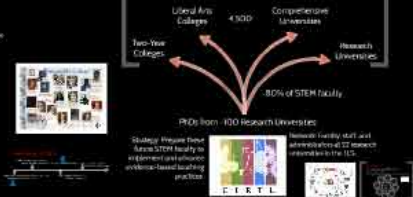
The challenge in undergraduate STEM education now lies less in knowing what works and more in getting people to use proven techniques.

- Faculty reward system and time
- Disciplinary traditions
- Institutional structures

Commonly cited integration of research, teaching, and learning

Mission - To develop a STEM faculty committed to implementing and advancing effective teaching practices for diverse student audiences as part of their professional careers.

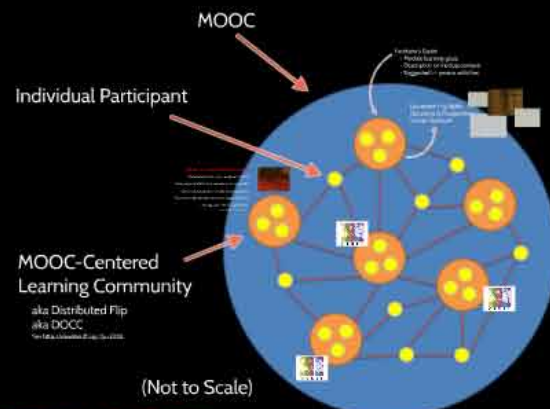
Strategy: Undergraduate STEM Education



CIRTL Core Ideas:

- Teaching as Research:** Is the deliberate, systematic, and reflective use of research methods to develop and implement teaching practices that advance the learning experiences and outcomes of both students and teachers.
 - STEM professor as change agent
- Learning Communities:** bring together groups of people for shared learning, discovery, and generation of knowledge.
 - Supports institutional growth in teaching and learning
- Learning through Diversity:** capitalizes on the rich array of experiences, backgrounds, and skills among STEM undergraduates and graduates-through-faculty to enhance the learning of all.
 - Excellence and diversity are necessarily intertwined

CIRTL Outcomes:

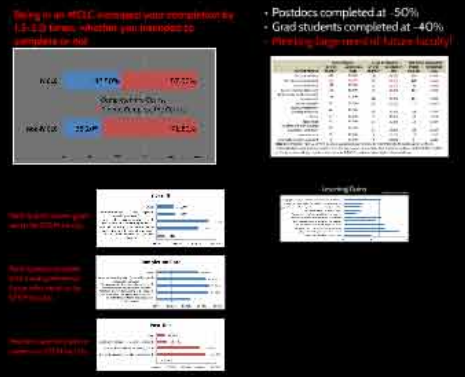


MOOCs as Networks of Local Learning Communities

An Experiment in Preparing Future Faculty



CIRTL MOOC Outcomes



- ### Metrics and Research Questions
- Prerequisites:**
- Completion rates
 - Individual or Group participant
 - Intention to complete
 - Learning activities during course
- Questions:**
- Who were high completers and why?
 - Does being in a learning community affect completion?
 - Does intention impact actual completion?
 - Correlations among learning activities

CIRTL MOOC Participation



2013 - NSF WIDER CFF

NSF WIDER CFF is a program that supports the work of exceptional faculty who are developing highly effective teaching practices of STEM learning and teaching communities of higher education to promote faculty and enhance students and faculty that focus on learning and teaching practices of higher education.

What comes to mind when you hear the word "MOOC"?

MOOC is... MOOC is... MOOC is...

Given what you've heard about the MOOC and its MCLCs, what predictions would you make for this experiment?

The Arguments for Active Learning

Team work



Effective communities



2030:
The future job market



2030:
The future of education



Inquiring minds



Critical thinking



CRITICAL THINKING SKILLS	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017
Analysis	4.1	4.2	4.3
Evaluation	3.8	3.9	4.0
Problem Solving	3.5	3.6	3.7
Communication	3.2	3.3	3.4

National Council on Excellence in Critical Thinking, 1987



Productive conflict



Indian Nation - 500+ Federally recognized tribes
75% of US Energy Resources
Only 1 faculty in top 50 universities in STEM



Social action

Grand challenges in science and engineering



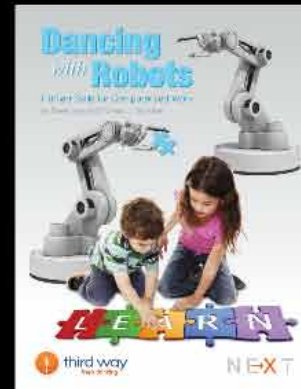
2030: The future job market

"The human labor market will center on three kinds of work:

solving unstructured problems,

working with new information
(including complex communication),

and carrying out non-routine
manual tasks."



to sharply increase the fraction of children with the foundational skills needed to develop job-relevant knowledge and to learn efficiently over a lifetime

Murnane and Levy

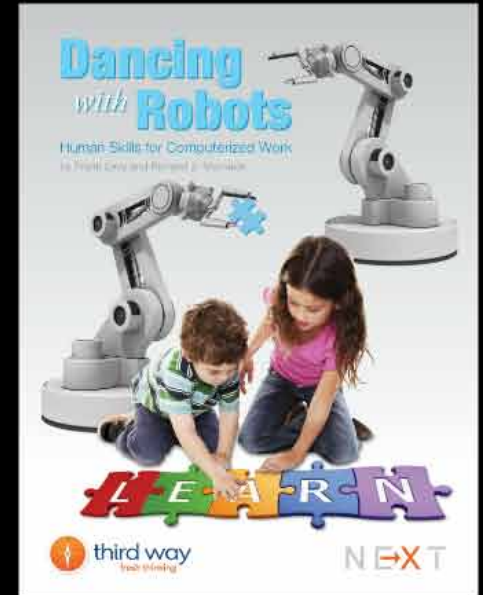
The Future Job

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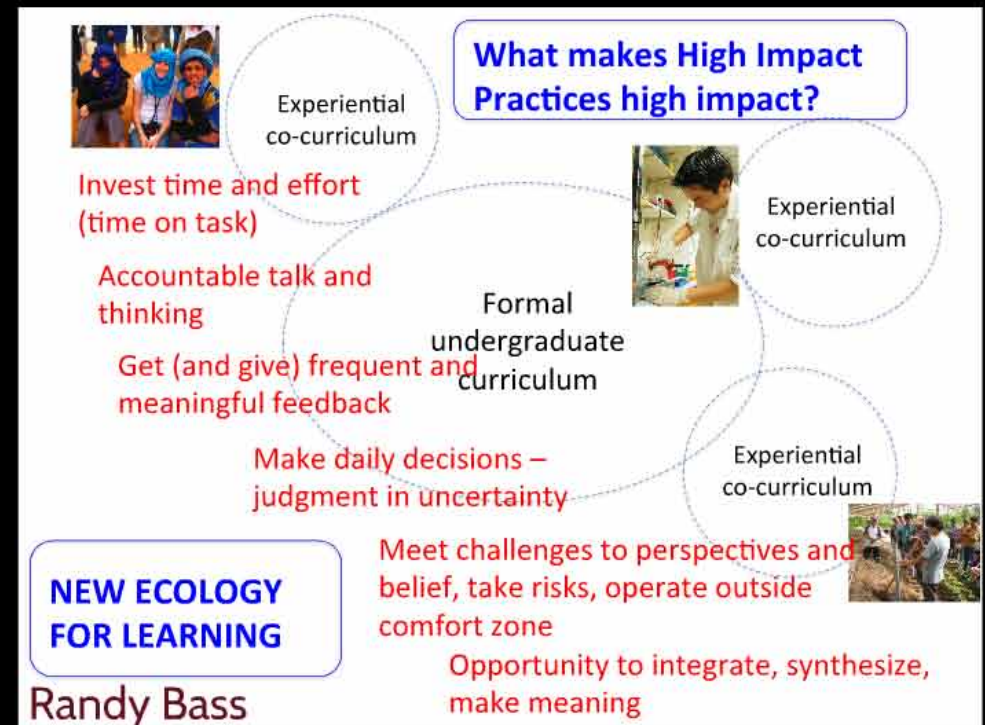
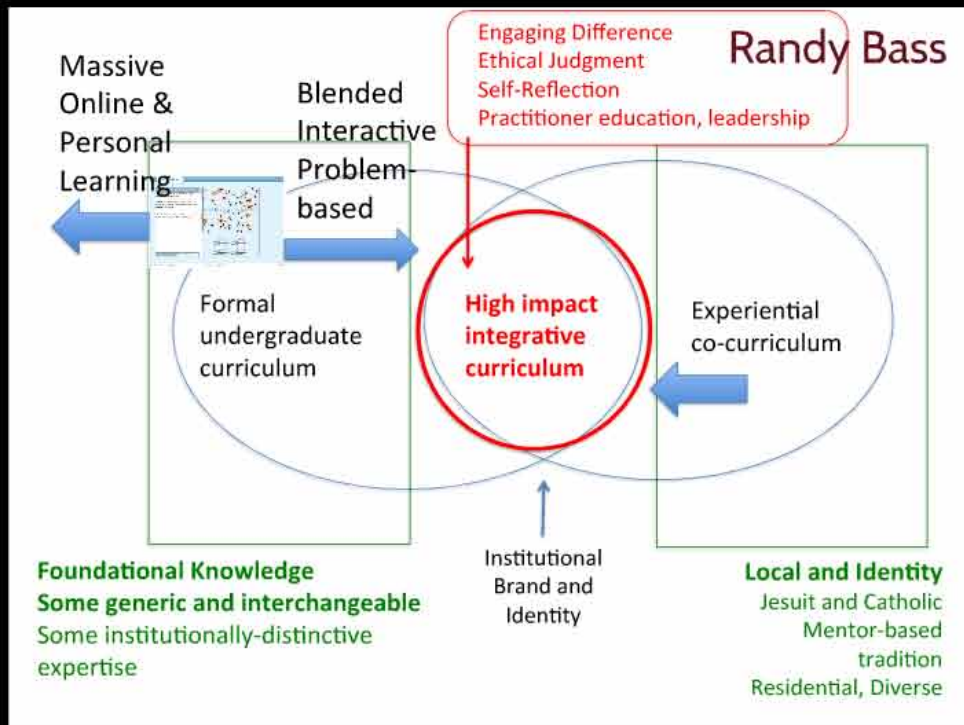
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2030: The future of education



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Structured approaches to teaching are effective

Meta-analysis of 250 Studies of Active Learning

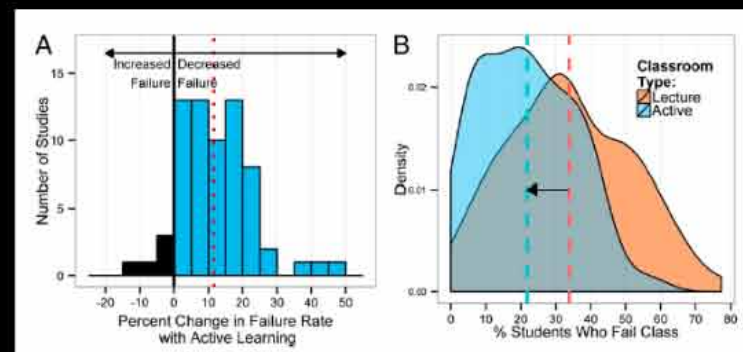
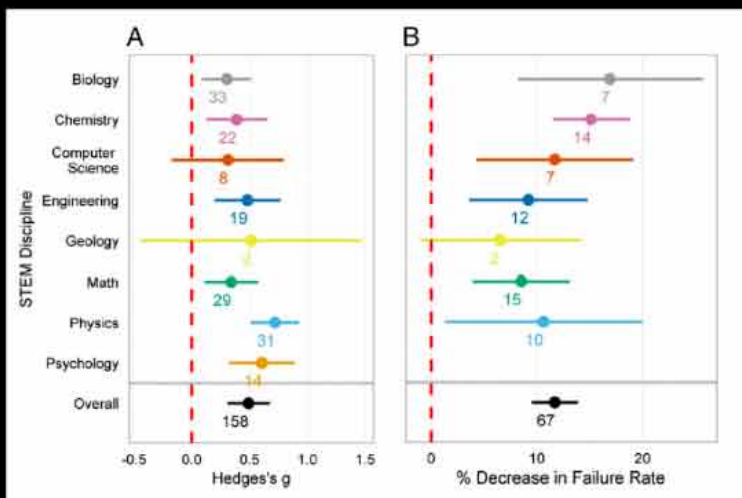
Active learning increases student performance in science, engineering, and mathematics

Scott Freeman^{a,1}, Sarah L. Eddy^a, Miles McDonough^a, Michelle K. Smith^b, Nnadozie Okoroafor^a, Hannah Jordt^a, and Mary Pat Wenderoth^a

^aDepartment of Biology, University of Washington, Seattle, WA 98195; and ^bSchool of Biology and Ecology, University of Maine, Orono, ME 04469

Edited* by Bruce Alberts, University of California, San Francisco, CA, and approved April 15, 2014 (received for review October 8, 2013)

To test the hypothesis that lecturing maximizes learning and course performance, we metaanalyzed 225 studies that reported 225 studies in the published and unpublished literature. The active learning interventions varied widely in intensity and implementa-



Significance

The President's Council of Advisors on Science and Technology has called for a 33% increase in the number of science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) bachelor's degrees completed per year and recommended adoption of empirically validated teaching practices as critical to achieving that goal. The studies analyzed here document that active learning leads to increases in examination performance that would raise average grades by a half a letter, and that failure rates under traditional lecturing increase by 55% over the rates observed under active learning. The analysis supports theory claiming that calls to increase the number of students receiving STEM degrees could be answered, at least in part, by abandoning traditional lecturing in favor of active learning.

Challenge:

The challenge in undergraduate STEM education now lies less in knowing what works and more in getting people to use proven techniques.

- Fairweather 2008
- PCAST 2012

- ⊗ Faculty reward system and time
- ⊗ Disciplinary traditions
- ⊗ Institutional structures

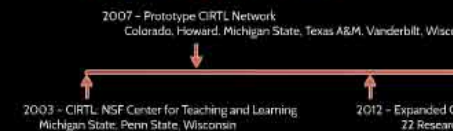


Center for the Integration of Research, Teaching and Learning



Mission - To develop a STEM faculty committed to implementing and advancing effective teaching practices for diverse student audiences as part of their professional careers.

Brief History of CIRT L



⊗ Institutional structures

Center for the Integration of Research, Teaching and Learning



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C I R T T L



College of Idaho



Ain Shams Univ., Cairo



University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign



Ball State University



Purdue University



Pa Na



North Carolina State University



Lawrence University



University of Maryland Eastern Shore



University of Wisconsin - Rock County



Gr St



University of Dubuque



University of Louisville



Augustana College



Madison Area Technical College



Tufts University



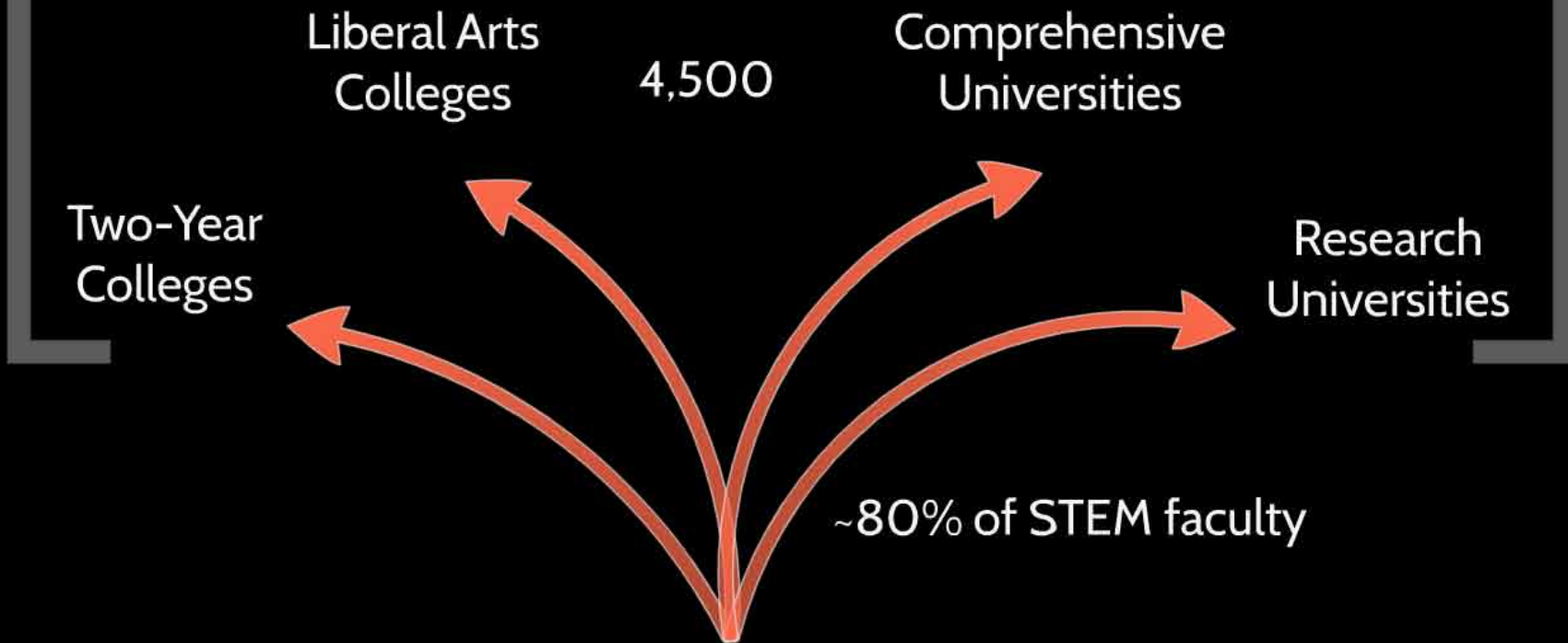
UW

What CIRTTL Is About

www.cirttl.org

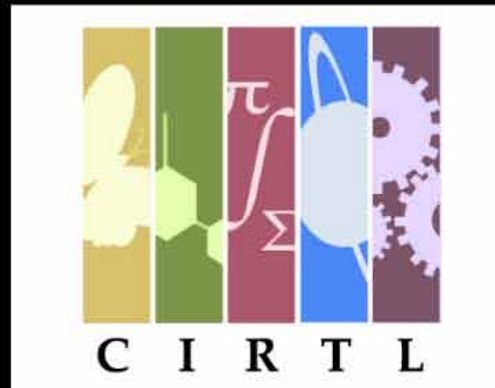
Strategy:

Undergraduate STEM Education



PhDs from ~100 Research Universities

Strategy: Prepare these future STEM faculty to implement and advance evidence-based teaching practices.



Network: Faculty, staff, and administrators at 22 research universities in the U.S.



> 20% of US STEM PhD Production
Network expansion to >50% of US STEM PhD Production

Network Design:

- Central hubs with resources, organization, governance
- Local Learning Communities at every Network institution
- Common student learning outcomes
- Cross-network courses, workshops, coffee-hours, in-person meetings



CIRTL Core Ideas:

Teaching-as-Research: is the deliberate, systematic, and reflective use of research methods to develop and implement teaching practices that advance the learning experiences and outcomes of both students and teachers.

→ STEM professor as change agent

Learning Communities: bring together groups of people for shared learning, discovery, and generation of knowledge.

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Learning-through-Diversity: capitalizes on the rich array of experiences, backgrounds, and skills among STEM undergraduates and graduates-through-faculty to enhance the learning of all.

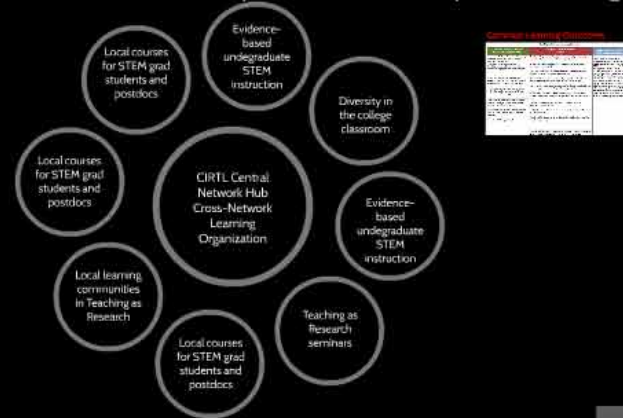
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Network Design:

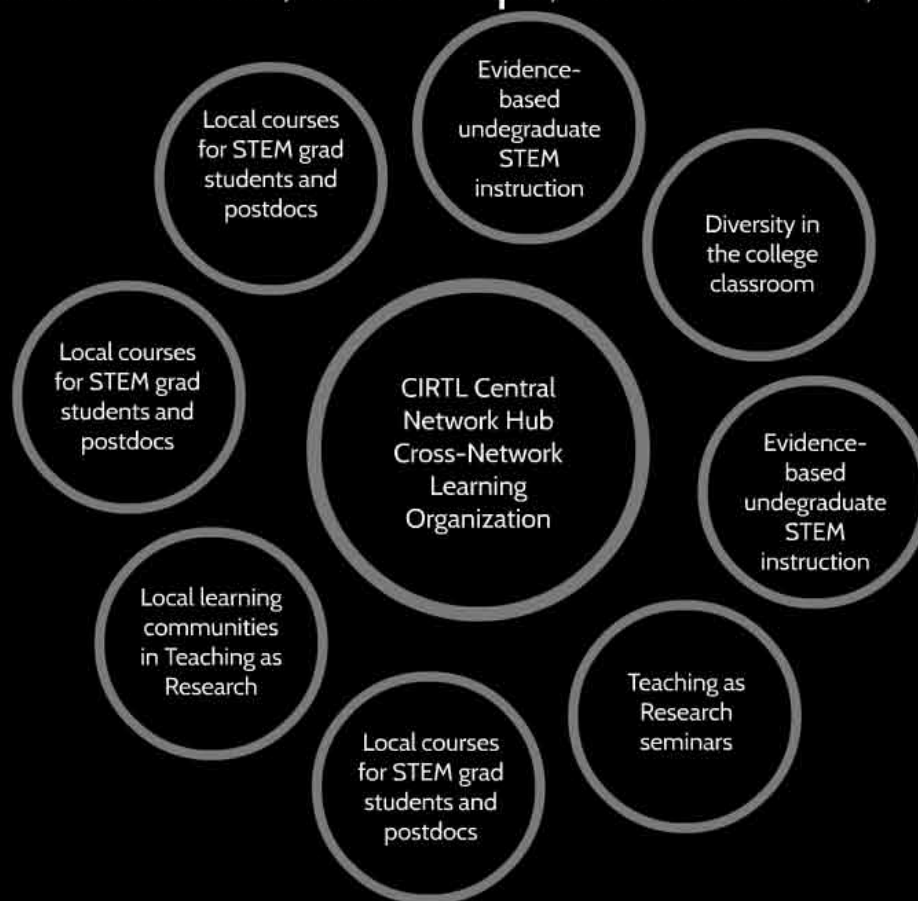
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Common Learning Outcomes

Learning Outcome	Assessment Method	Assessment Frequency
1. Apply scientific knowledge to solve problems	Lab reports, exams	Quarterly
2. Communicate effectively in writing and speaking	Presentations, essays	Quarterly
3. Collaborate effectively in teams	Group projects, peer reviews	Quarterly
4. Demonstrate critical thinking skills	Case studies, problem sets	Quarterly
5. Engage in self-directed learning	Research projects, independent studies	Quarterly
6. Exhibit leadership skills	Student organizations, community service	Quarterly
7. Demonstrate ethical and social responsibility	Case studies, discussions	Quarterly
8. Apply interdisciplinary knowledge	Interdisciplinary projects, seminars	Quarterly

Common Learning Outcomes

Teaching as Research – Learning Outcomes

Associates can do the following: (Describe and Recognize Value)	Practitioners can do the following: (Engage)	Scholars can do the following: (Advance and Disseminate)
Know that a body of literature and knowledge exists concerning high-impact, evidence-based teaching practices.	Develop a deeper understanding of the knowledge concerning high-impact, evidence-based teaching practices.	CIRTL Scholars recognize the importance of implementing evidence-based practices associated with each CIRTL core idea to being an effective and improving teacher. CIRTL Scholars have added to knowledge about evidence-based teaching and learning. They have designed and implemented a Teaching-as-Research investigation into teaching and learning, and defended the findings to CIRTL learning-community peers. In addition, the significance of CIRTL Scholar work is established through presentation and/or publication of the findings to all-university, regional, national, or international audiences.
Define and recognize the value of the Teaching-as-Research process, and how it can be used for ongoing enhancement of learning.	Develop and execute a Teaching-as-Research plan for a limited ¹ teaching and learning project: Find and critically consider the literature and existing knowledge associated with the teaching and learning project.	
Know how to access the literature and existing knowledge about teaching, learning and assessment, in a discipline or broadly.	Create realistic well-defined, achievable, measurable and student-centered learning goals for the teaching and learning project. Find or develop assessment (measurement) tool(s) that are aligned with the learning goals of the teaching and learning project.	
Describe and recognize the value of realistic well-defined, achievable, measurable and student-centered learning goals.	Develop a teaching plan (an hypothesis) with evidence-based and inclusive instructional practices and materials to accomplish learning goals.	
Describe several assessment techniques and recognize the value of their alignment with particular types learning goals.	Implement the teaching plan and collect some data regarding achievement of learning goals.	
Describe and recognize the value of evidence-based effective instructional practices and materials.	Analyze the data and draw evidence-based conclusions about the impact on student learning.	
Describe a “full-inquiry” cycle	Complete a full-inquiry cycle for the teaching and learning project by using findings to suggest improvements to the above actions.	
	Show the integrated use of Teaching-as-Research, Learning Community and Learning-through-Diversity to accomplish learning goals.	

CIRTL Outcomes:

CIRTL Outcomes – Early-Career Faculty

Participants use skills in other than classroom settings.

Lab supervision, mentoring, and advising
Outside academia working with clients

-Benbow, Byrd and Connolly 2011
-Connolly et al. 2012

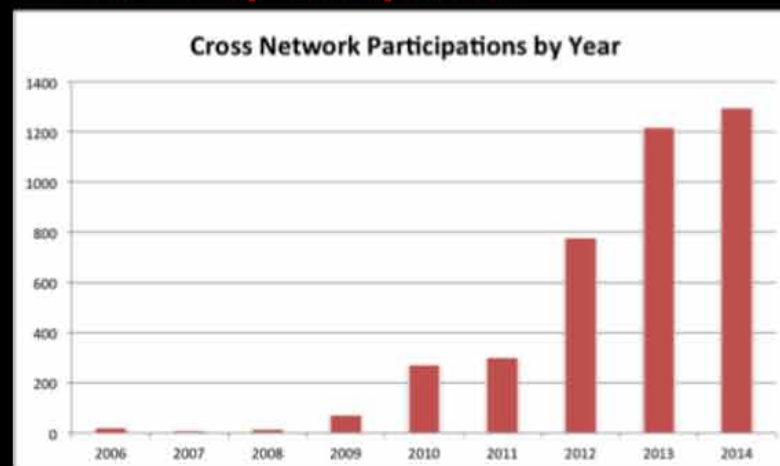
Programs help those looking for academic jobs.

Sense of readiness for academic jobs
Apply for a wider range of positions
Knowledgeably discuss teaching in job interviews

Programs support early career success.

Begin quickly in new positions
Fostered fast starts in research programs
- faster to first grant

Growth in participation



Longitudinal study of outcomes

Participants later use skills and concepts known to improve student learning.

-Benbow, Byrd and Connolly 2011
-Connolly et al. 2012

76% had found ways to apply gained knowledge and skills in their early careers.

In order of frequency of response, participants report:

- Delivering instruction that increases student engagement
- Using outcomes-based design; learning goals in course planning
- Methods of ongoing assessment aligned with learning goals.
- Ways to include diverse student perspectives

Participants cite integrating teaching and scientific research as valuable currently.

CIRTL Goal (2015-16)

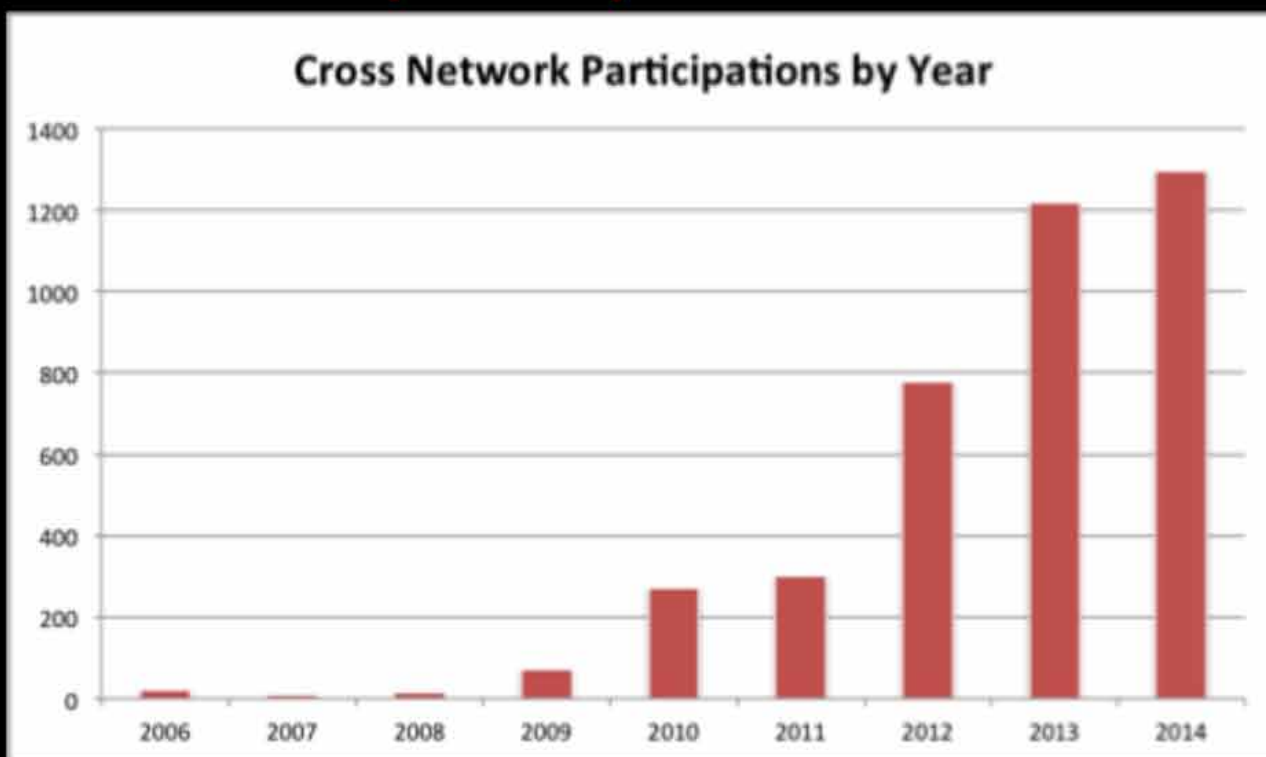
2700 CIRTL Associates
600 CIRTL Practitioners
150 CIRTL Scholars

Faculty

Growth in participation

Settings.

Benbow, Byrd and Connolly 2011
Connolly et al. 2012



Quality of outcomes

CIRTL Goal (2015-16)

concepts
teaching.

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2013 - NSF WIDER CFP

“WIDER seeks to **substantially increase the scale** of application of highly effective methods of STEM teaching and learning in institutions of higher education, by employing instructional materials and methods that have a convincing evidentiary basis of effectiveness.”

MICHIGAN STATE
UNIVERSITY

Henry (Rique) Campa



Robert (Bob) Mathieu
Katherine (Kitch) Barnicle



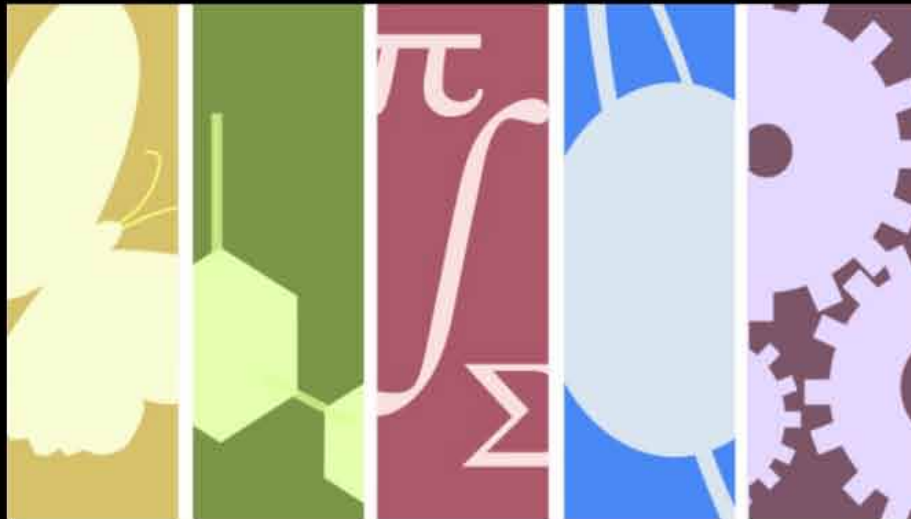
Derek Bruff



Bennett Goldberg

MOOCs as Networks of Local Learning Communities

An Experiment in Preparing Future Faculty



"An Introduction to
Evidence-Based
Undergraduate
STEM Teaching"
@CIRTLMOOC

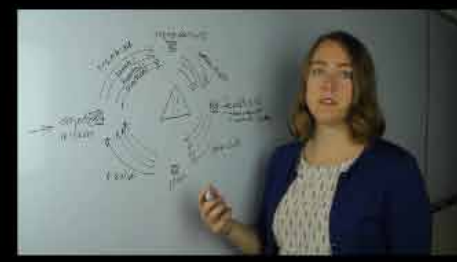
courseera



1 - Principles of Learning
Derek Bruff
Vanderbilt U.



2 - Learning Objectives
Stephanie Chasteen
U. Colorado - Boulder



3 - Assessment
Angela Little
U. California - Berkley



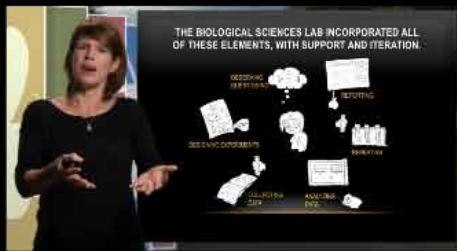
4 - Cooperative Learning
Rique Campa
Michigan State U.



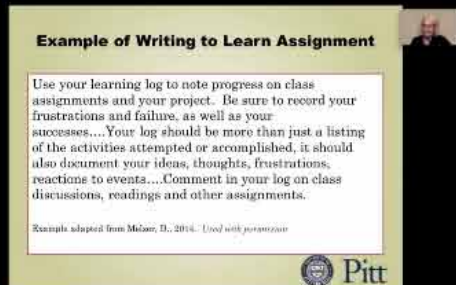
5 - Peer Instruction
Bennett Goldberg
Boston University



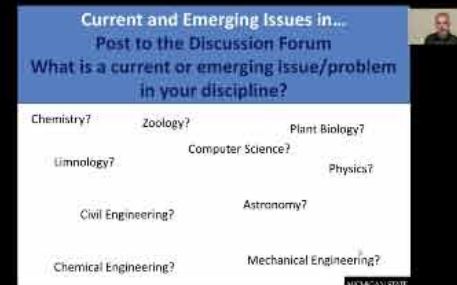
6 - Lecturing
Derek Bruff
Vanderbilt U.



7 - Inquiry-Based Labs
Cynthia Brame
Vanderbilt U.



8 - Writing to Learn
Janet Littrell
U. Pittsburgh



9 - Problem-Based Learning
Rique Campa
Michigan State U.



10 - Inclusive Teaching
Trey Mack
Vanderbilt U.



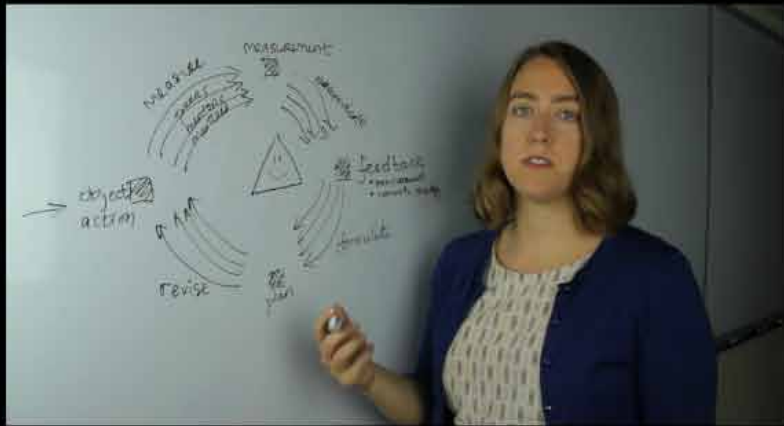
11 - Student Motivation
Derek Bruff
Vanderbilt U.



Intros & Outros
Trina McMahon, UW-Madison
Derek Bruff, Vanderbilt U.



2 - Learning Objectives
Stephanie Chasteen
U. Colorado - Boulder



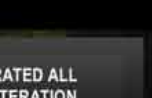
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Boston University



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Vanderbilt U.



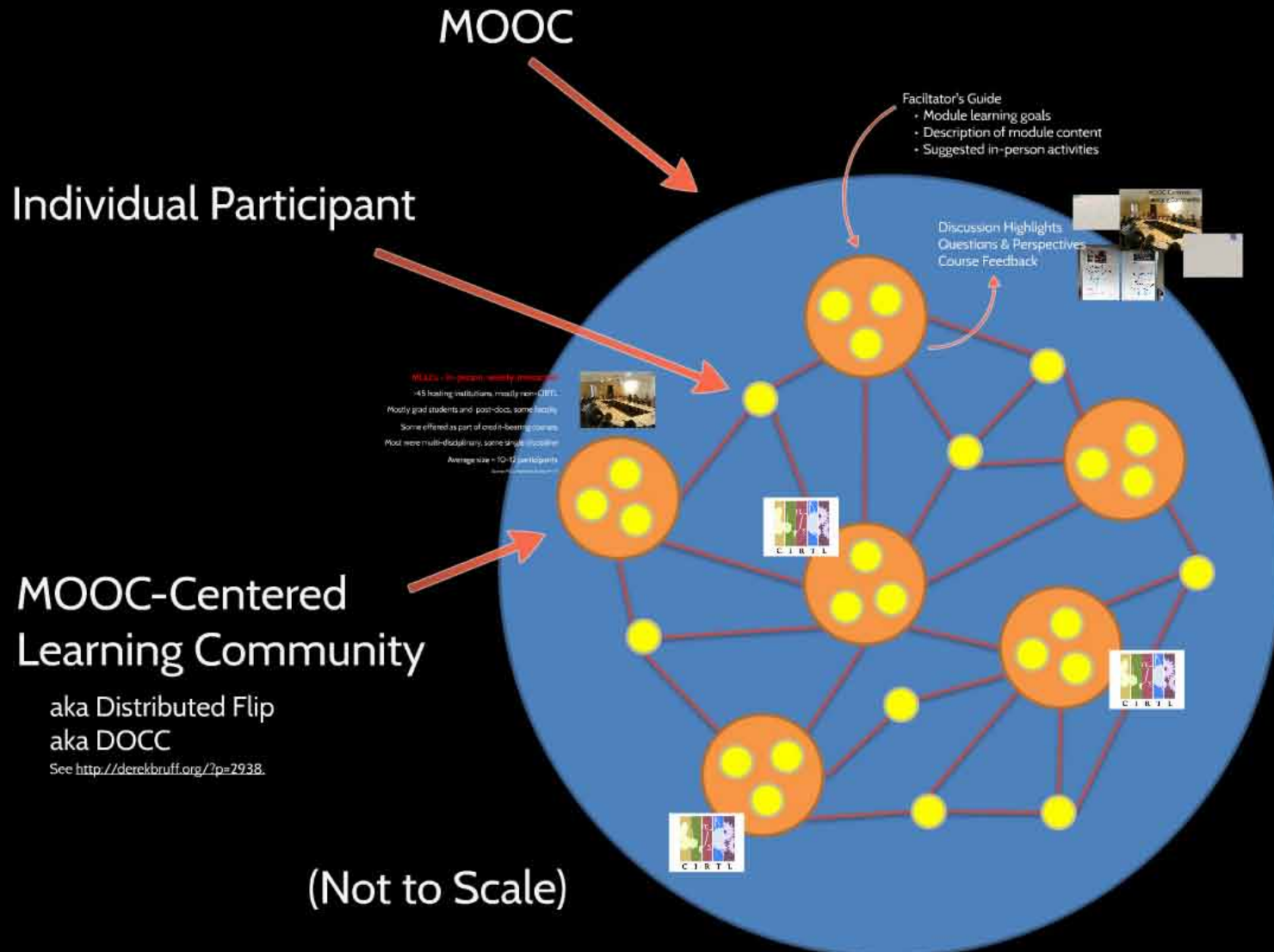
Example of Writing to Learn Assignment



Current and Emerging Issues in...
Post to the Discussion Forum



YouTube



CIRTL MOOC Outcomes

Neda Derakhshani
Chris Dellarocas

increased your completion by
whether you intended to

- Postdocs completed at ~50%
- Grad students completed at ~40%
- Meeting large need of future faculty!

Metrics and Research Questions:

Measurements:

- Completion rates

61% Female
37% Male

MOOC

Individual Participant

MOOC-Centered Learning Community

aka Distributed Flip
aka DOCC

See <http://derekbruff.org/?p=2938>.

(Not to Scale)

MOOCs - in-person, weekly, interactive
→ 45 hosting institutions, mostly non-CIRTL
Mostly grad students and post-docs, some faculty
Some offered as part of credit-bearing courses
Most were multi-disciplinary, some single discipline
Average size = 10-12 participants
Source: MOOC Center, Stanford Univ.



- Facilitator's Guide
- Module learning goals
 - Description of module content
 - Suggested in-person activities

Discussion Highlights
Questions & Perspectives
Course Feedback



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Source: MCLC Facilitator Survey (n=24)



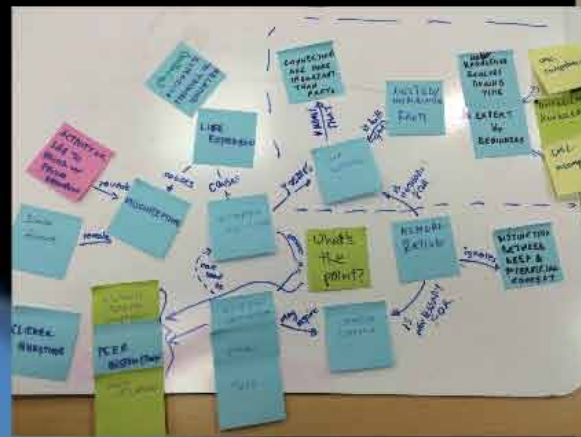
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MOOC-Centered Learning Community

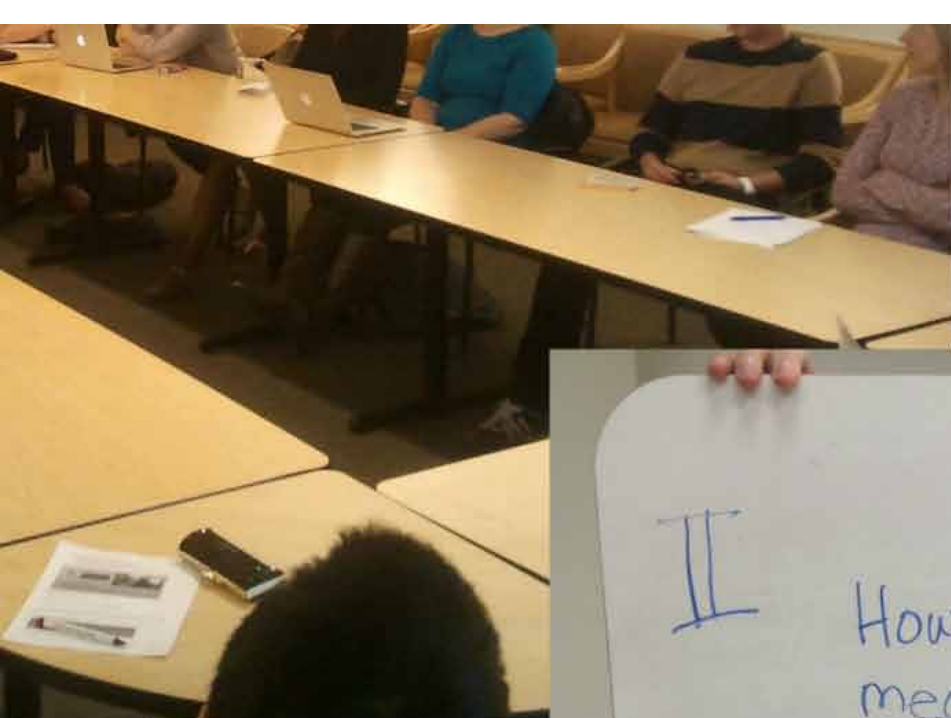


es

peer learning
clicker questions
Jigsaw
Formal / Base Grps
lecture
presentations

Exam
* Lectures *
Clicker ?'s
informal groups
Think-Pair-Share
Minute Paper

II How does error in GPS measurements made on clear day compare to GPS measurements made on a rainy day?
a. higher ^{than} on clear day
b. lower ^{than} on clear day
c. same ^{about the}



II

How does error in GPS measurements made on clear day compare to GPS measurements made on a rainy day?

stormy
cloudy

- a. higher ^{than} on clear day
- b. lower ^{than} on clear day

c. same ^{about the}

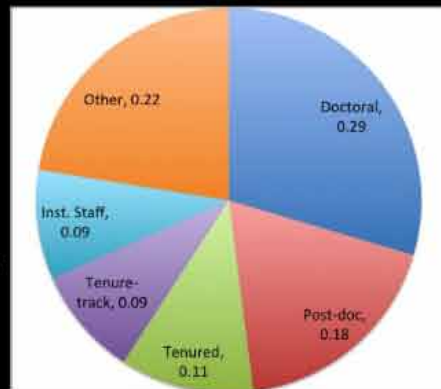
CIRTL MOOC Participation

5908 Enrolled Students

4009 Active Students

566 Statements of Accomplishment

14% Completion Rate



29% Doctoral student
18% Post-doc
20% Faculty member
9% Instructional staff

75% United States
3% Canada
2% India
20% Elsewhere

99% already had
a college degree!

Source: Pre-Course Survey (response rate = 25%)

ons:

CIRTL MOOC

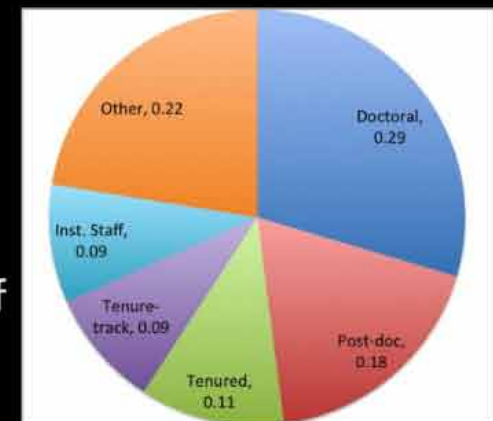
61% Female
37% Male
2% Prefer not to say

14% Spent 0-2 hrs/wk
62% Spent 3-6 hrs/wk
19% Spent 7-10 hrs/wk
5% Spent >10 hrs/wk

Source: Post-Course Survey (response rate = 12%)

39% Biological sciences
20% Physical sciences
12% Engineering
5% Earth sciences
5% Mathematics
4% Computer science
4% Social sciences

29% Doctoral student
18% Post-doc
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9% Instructional staff



75% United States
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2% India
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99% already had a college degree!

Source: Pre-Course Survey (response rate = 36%)

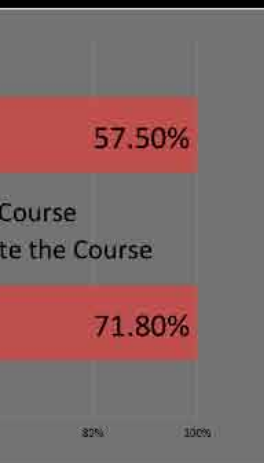


(Not to Scale)

CIRTL MOOC Outcomes

Neda Derakhshani
Chris Dellarocas

your completion by
attended to



- Postdocs completed at ~50%
- Grad students completed at ~40%
- Meeting large need of future faculty!

Current Position	All Participants		MCLC participants		Non-MCLC participants	
	Overall Number	Completion Rate	Overall Number	Completion Rate	Overall Number	Completion Rate
Doctoral student	404	38.40%	145	46.9%	259	33.6%
Post-doctoral researcher	262	49.60%	92	55.4%	170	46.5%
Instructional Staff	134	26.90%	38	34.2%	96	24.0%
Faculty member (tenured)	156	18.60%	32	25.0%	124	16.9%
Early career faculty member (pre-tenure)	129	17.80%	28	25.0%	101	15.8%
Master Student	63	33.30%	16	31.3%	47	34.0%
Faculty professional development staff	44	20.50%	16	31.3%	28	14.3%
Other	57	24.60%	15	46.7%	42	16.7%
Researcher	33	33.30%	14	57.1%	19	15.8%
Not affiliated with a higher education institution:	96	27.10%	13	38.5%	83	25.3%
Administrator	35	17.10%	8	12.5%	27	18.5%
Information technology staff	3	33.30%	2	50.0%	1	0.0%

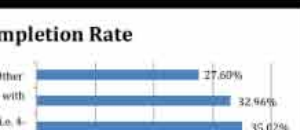
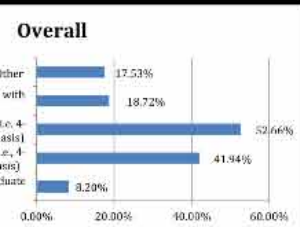
Table 1: Completion rate by current position overall and as a function of their intention to participate in a MOOC-centered learning community as reported on the pre-course survey. Note that graduate students and post-docs had by far the largest completion numbers and rates, with MCLC participant rates higher than individuals.

Metrics and Research Questions

- Measurements:**
- Completion rates
 - Individual or Group participant
 - Intention to complete
 - Learning activities during course

Questions:

- Who were high completers and why?
- Does being in a learning community impact completion?
- Does intention impact actual completion?
- Correlations among learning activities



Learning Gains



- The number of participants who watched at least one video was 3100. If they watched one video, they watched on average 35% of the videos, based on regression.
- The number of participants who completed one quiz was 1119. If they completed one quiz, they completed on average 50% of the quizzes.

Metrics and Research Questions:

Measurements:

- Completion rates
- Individual or Group participant
- Intention to complete
- Learning activities during course

14% Spent 0
62% Spent 3
19% Spent 7
5% Spent 1

Source: Post-Course Survey

Questions:

- Who were high completers and why?
- Does being in a learning community affect completion?
- Does intention impact actual completion?
- Correlations among learning activities

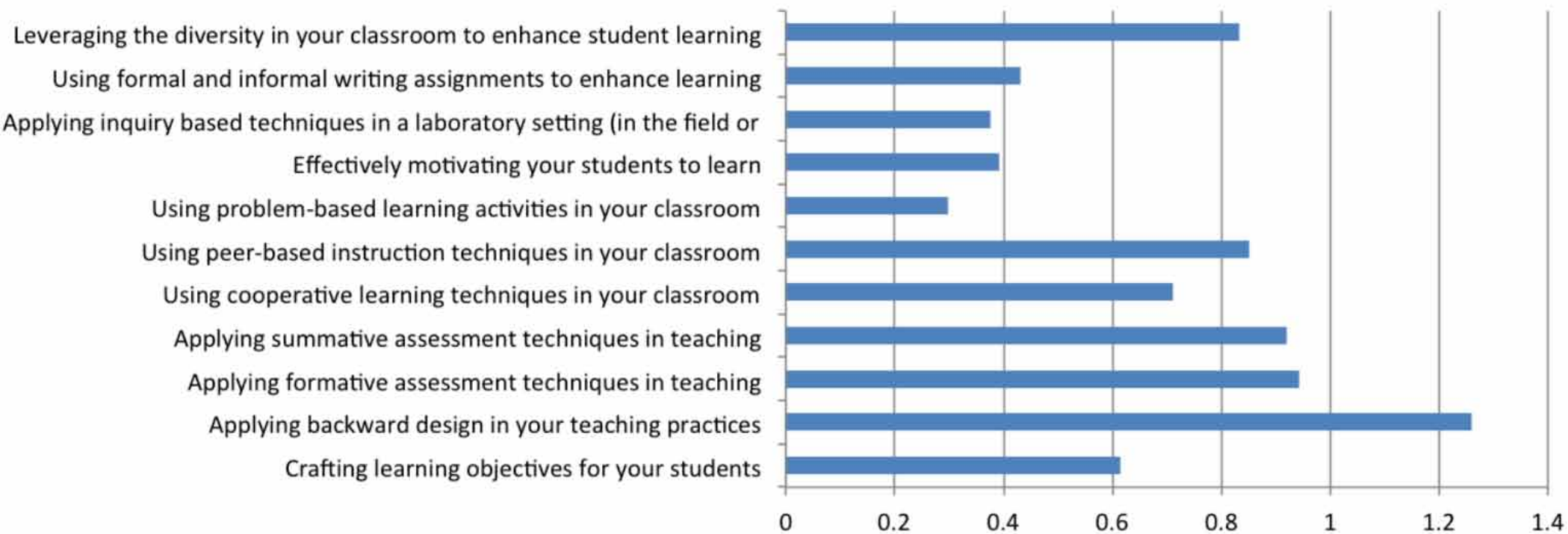
- Postdocs completed at ~50%
- Grad students completed at ~40%
- Meeting large need of future faculty!

Current Position	All Participants		MCLC participants		Non-MCLC participants	
	Overall Number	Completion Rate	Overall Number	Completion Rate	Overall Number	Completion Rate
Doctoral student	404	38.40%	145	46.9%	259	33.6%
Post-doctoral researcher	262	49.60%	92	55.4%	170	46.5%
Instructional Staff	134	26.90%	38	34.2%	96	24.0%
Faculty member (tenured)	156	18.60%	32	25.0%	124	16.9%
Early career faculty member (pre-tenure)	129	17.80%	28	25.0%	101	15.8%
Master Student	63	33.30%	16	31.3%	47	34.0%
Faculty professional development staff	44	20.50%	16	31.3%	28	14.3%
Other	57	24.60%	15	46.7%	42	16.7%
Researcher	33	33.30%	14	57.1%	19	15.8%
Not affiliated with a higher education institution.	96	27.10%	13	38.5%	83	25.3%
Administrator	35	17.10%	8	12.5%	27	18.5%
Information technology staff	3	33.30%	2	50.0%	1	0.0%

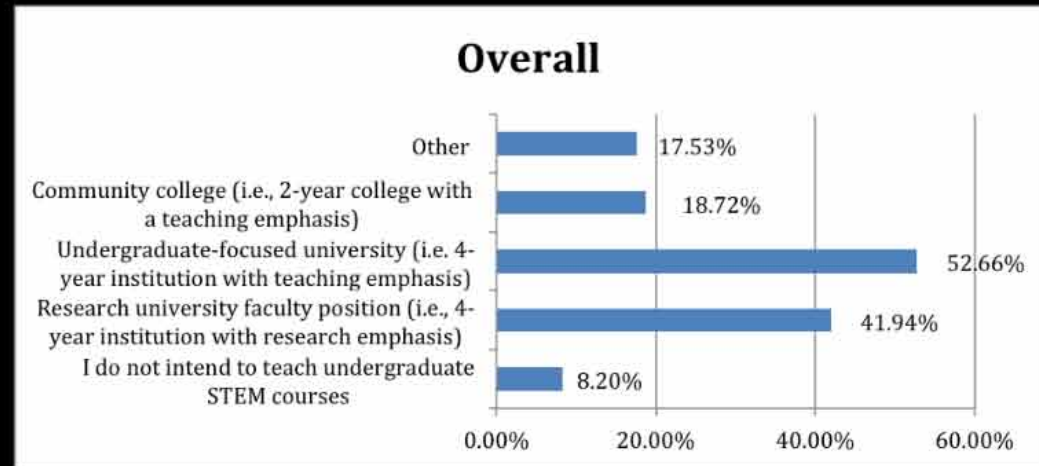
Table 1: Completion rate by current position overall and as a function of their intention to participate in a MOOC-centered learning community as reported on the pre-course survey. Note that graduate students and post-docs had by far the largest completion numbers and rates, with MCLC participant rates higher than individuals.

Learning Gains

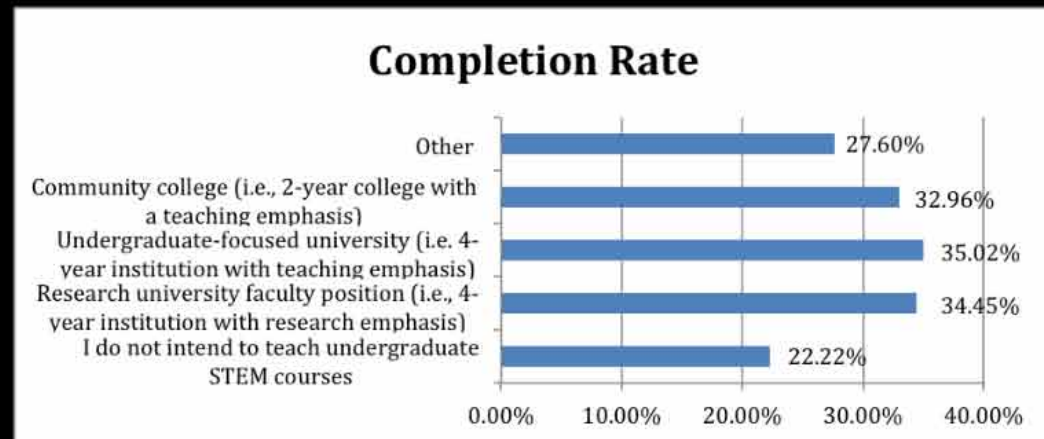
G=(post-pre) 4 point scale



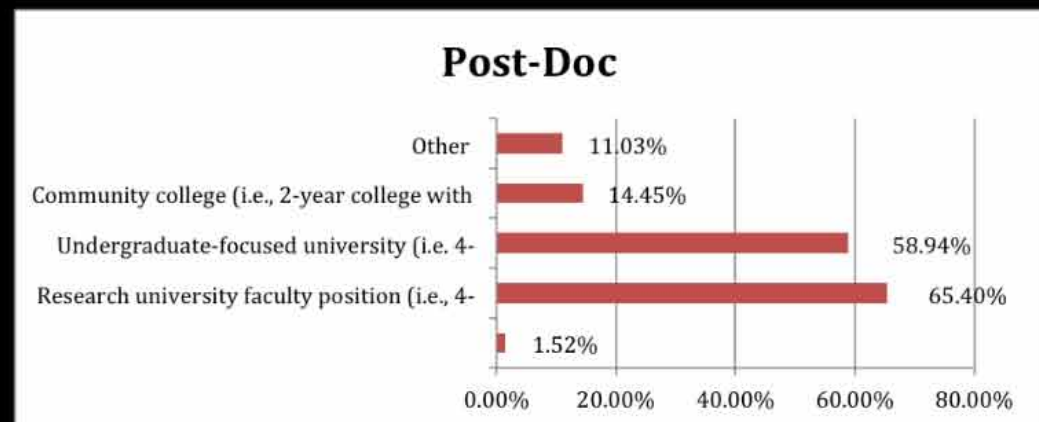
Participants' career goals are to be STEM faculty



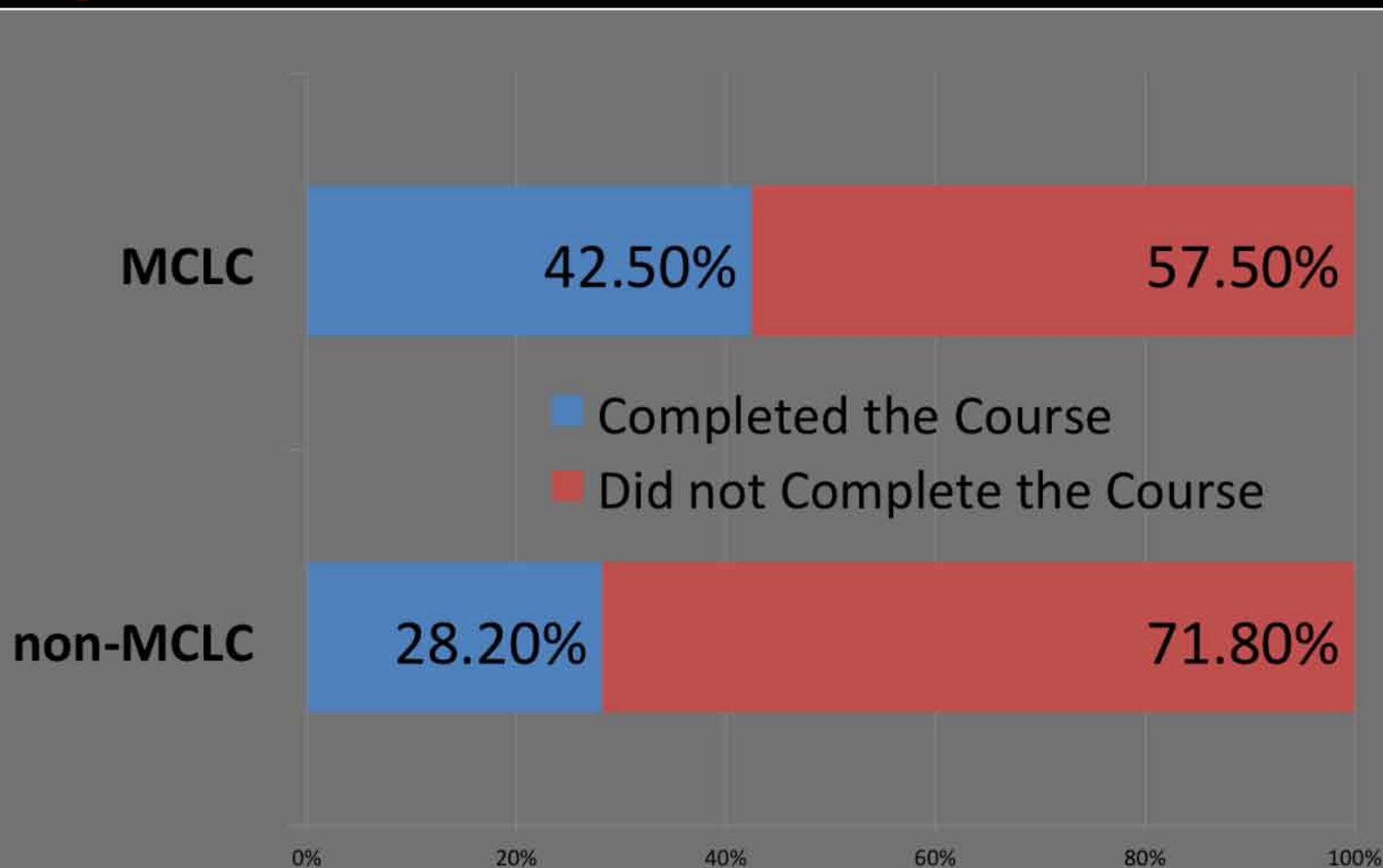
Participants complete with small preference those who want to be STEM faculty



Postdocs are focused on careers as STEM faculty



Being in an MCLC increased your completion by 1.5-2.0 times, whether you intended to complete or not



Best aspects of the MCLC experience for participants?

92% Interacting with peers

86% Meeting others interested in teaching

75% Discussing course material & assignments

72% Discussing teaching topics beyond the MOOC

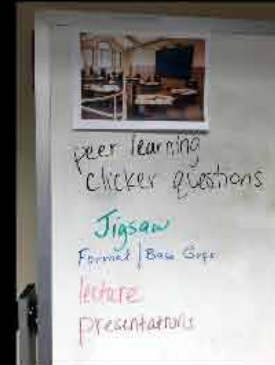
Source: Post-Course Survey (response rate = 12%)

MCLC Facilitator Survey (n=24)



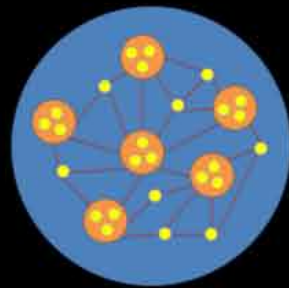
Most facilitator prep time was spent deciding what topics, videos, and discussions to prioritize.

"There was much more material than we could cover in an hour meeting so it was important for the participants to focus on what we would discuss during the meeting!"



Most (68%) selected activities from the facilitator's guide. Some (29%) just used the guide for inspiration.

A common request: "Early communication, even earlier access to the videos than the students, and more complete facilitator notes would be immensely beneficial."



Facilitators were of mixed opinions on the value of the global learning community to their local ones.

"Yes. It is valuable to hear from other students and educators for a varied, diverse perspective."

"Some students engaged in the online forum earlier on in the MOOC, however, as time went on, it seemed apparent that the online discussion board was not used by our participants!"

"We were all very pressed for time, and I think most of us prioritized the in-person MOOC over the online forum since it was nice to be able to discuss things in person!"



Several facilitators pointed to the value of local learning communities.

"Being at a research intensive institution, it's been difficult to find and connect with other graduate students who are interested in education and teaching as a future career. This learning community allowed us to meet and connect and, hopefully, will serve as the start of an education interest group."

"Our participants reported that the primary benefit of the MCLC was accountability to actually watch the videos and stay current with the course, and secondarily growing our local STEM teaching community."



Almost all facilitators said they would use MOOC content in other contexts.

"The videos are much more accessible than, say, assigning a reading on the same content. So I would appreciate being able to use the videos to help participants prepare for a workshop or class discussion!"

"Actually I [already] have. I was giving a talk about diversity a few weeks ago... I used Mark Connolly's two videos about 'talking about leaving' - they were perfect!"



1 - Principles of Learning
Derek Bruff
Vanderbilt U.



2 - Learning Objectives
Stephanie Chasteen
U. Colorado - Boulder



3 - Assessment
Angela Little
U. California - Berkeley



4 - Cooperative Learning
Rogue Campa
Michigan State U.



5 - Peer Instruction
Bennett Goldberg
Boston University



6 - Lecturing
Derek Bruff
Vanderbilt U.



7 - Inquiry-Based Labs
Cynthia Brann
Vanderbilt U.



8 - Writing to Learn
Janet Little
U. Pittsburgh



9 - Problem-Based Learning
Rogue Campa
Michigan State U.



10 - Inclusive Teaching
Ivey Mack
Vanderbilt U.



11 - Student Motivation
Derek Bruff
Vanderbilt U.



Intros & Outros
Trina McMahon, LW, Madison
Derek Bruff, Vanderbilt U.

Most facilitator prep time was spent deciding what topics, videos, and discussions to prioritize.

"There was much more material than we could cover in an hour meeting so it was important for the participants to focus on what we would discuss during the meeting."



peer learning
clicker questions

Jigsaw

Formal / Base Grps

lecture

presentations

Most (68%) selected activities from the facilitator's guide. Some (29%) just used the guide for inspiration.

A common request: “Early communication, even earlier access to the videos than the students, and more complete facilitator notes would be immensely beneficial.”

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3000 pre-registered 33 MOOC-Centd Learning Communities

<http://stemteachingcourse.org>

Home

About the Course

Syllabus

Learning Communities

Course Content

Data and Results

About Us



An Introduction to Evidence-Based Undergraduate STEM Teaching

Course Dates

**September 28th -
November 20th,
2015**

Enroll [Here!](#)

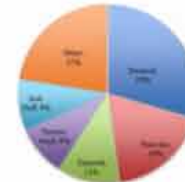
Local learning communities



Preview our course content



Data from the offering last fall



Learn about us and course creation



"An Introduction to Evidence-Based Undergraduate STEM Teaching" is an open, online course designed to provide future STEM faculty, graduate students and post-doctoral fellows with an introduction to effective teaching strategies and the research that supports them. The goal of the eight-week course is to equip the next generation of STEM faculty to be effective teachers, thus improving the learning experience for the thousands of students they will teach.

Streamlined, improved and less content

"I really loved the course and I will definitely be using the skills that I've acquired. I'm teaching my first class next semester, and I've already been putting these new tools you've provided me with to good use. I'm much more excited and less nervous about teaching now!..."

- Fall 2014 participant

The future of STEM education: Preparing the next generation of faculty

Bennett Goldberg



The Arguments for Active Learning

Team work

Inquiring minds

Critical thinking

Productive conflict

Social action

Challenge

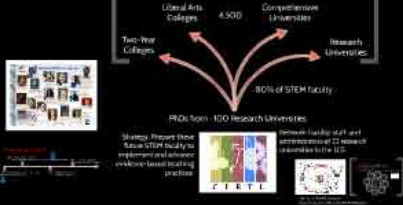
The challenge in undergraduate STEM education now lies less in knowing what works and more in getting people to use proven techniques.

- Faculty reward system and time
- Disciplinary traditions
- Institutional structures

Center for the Investigation of Research, Teaching, and Learning

Mission - To develop a STEM faculty committed to implementing and advancing effective teaching practices for diverse student audiences as part of their professional careers.

Strategy



CIRTL Core Ideas

Learning Communities - the deliberate, systematic, and reflective use of research-informed teaching and learning practices that advance the learning experiences and outcomes of both students and teachers.

- STEM professor as change agent

Learning Communities - bring together groups of people for shared learning, discovery, and generation of knowledge.

- Supports institutional growth in teaching and learning

Learning through Diversity - capitalizes on the rich array of experiences, backgrounds, and skills among STEM undergraduates and graduates-through-faculty to enhance the learning of all.

- Excellence and diversity are necessarily intertwined

CIRTL Outcomes

CIRTL Outcomes - Early Career Faculty

Research on CIRTL's impact on early career faculty.

Learning through Diversity

Research on the impact of Learning through Diversity on the learning of all.

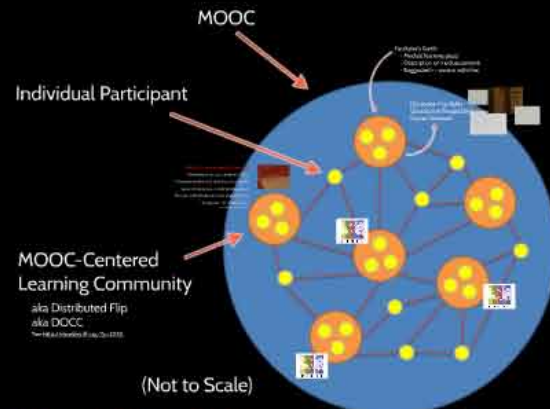
Learning Communities

Research on the impact of Learning Communities on teaching and learning.

2000 CIRTL Associates

600 CIRTL Practitioners

150 CIRTL Scholars



MOOCs as Networks of Local Learning Communities

An Experiment in Preparing Future Faculty



"An Introduction to Evidence-Based Undergraduate STEM Teaching"

@CIRTLMOOC

CIRTL MOOC Outcomes

Being in an MCLC increased your completion by 1.3-3.2 times, whichever you intended to complete or not.



Postdocs completed at ~50%

Grad students completed at ~40%

Meaning large (and of future faculty)



Metrics and Research Questions

- Measurements:**
- Completion rates
 - Individual or Group participant
 - Intention to complete
 - Learning activities during course
- Questions:**
- Who were high completers and why?
 - Does being in a learning community affect completion?
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 - Correlations among learning activities

CIRTL MOOC Participation

5908 Enrolled Students

4009 Active Students

566 Statements of Accomplishment

14% Completion Rate



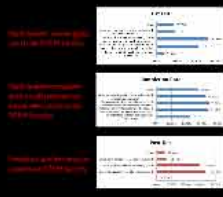
2013 - NSF-WIDER CFP

The NSF is seeking to substantially increase the scale of exploration of highly effective methods of STEM teaching and learning in a laboratory of higher education by creating, testing, and refining methods and practices that have a lasting, disciplinary-based educational impact.

What comes to mind when you hear the word "MOOC"?

MOOC is... MOOC is... MOOC is... MOOC is...

Given what you've heard about the MOOC and its MCLCs, what predictions would you make for this experiment?



The number of participants who studied at least one hour in 2013 if they did not complete the course was 114. If they did complete the course, it was 114. If they did not complete the course, it was 114. If they did not complete the course, it was 114.