

Descent for $L_{\text{TM}}K$ (Part I):

Thm: $L_{\text{TM}(n)}K: \text{Cat}_{\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}}^{\text{Perf}} \rightarrow \text{SP}_{\text{TM}(n)}$ Preserves

G -fixed points for every p -group G

$$L_{\text{TM}(n)}K(\mathbb{C}^{*G}) \cong L_{\text{TM}(n)}K(\mathbb{C})^{*G}$$

Will be proven next week.

Question: What kind of functor is $L_{\text{TM}}K(\mathbb{C}^{*(-)})$?
or even $K(\mathbb{C}^{*(-)})$?

$H \leq L \leq G$ $\text{Res}_H^L: K(\mathbb{C}^{*L}) \rightarrow K(\mathbb{C}^{*H})$ satisfies "Mackey formulas"
 $\text{Inf}_L^H: K(\mathbb{C}^{*H}) \rightarrow K(\mathbb{C}^{*L})$

Def: $K^{*H}(G) = \text{span}(\text{Fin}_G)$. $\text{Obj} = \{A\text{-finite}, G \backslash A\}$
 $\text{Mack}_G(\mathbb{C}) = \text{Fun}^*(K^{*H}(G), \mathbb{C})$, $\text{Map}(A, B) = \{A \leftarrow C \rightarrow B\}$

Example: $\text{Mack}_G(\mathbb{C}) \cong \mathcal{P}_{\mathbb{Z}}(A^{*H}(G)) = \text{cMon}_G$

Example: $\text{Mack}_G(\mathbb{C}) \supseteq \text{SP}_G := \sum_{g \in G} \Gamma(A^{*H}(G))^{-1}$

$\mathbb{C} \in \text{Perf} \Rightarrow \text{Mack}_G(\mathbb{C}) \cong \text{cMon}_G \otimes \mathbb{C} \rightarrow (\text{Lurie's } \odot)$

G -spectra: $\text{SP}_G = \text{Mack}_G(\mathbb{C})$. $x \in \text{SP}_G$, $H \leq G$, $x^H := x(\mathbb{C}_H)$

Example: $K\mathbb{R} \in \text{SP}_{\mathbb{Z}_2}$, $K\mathbb{R}^{\mathbb{Z}_2} = KU$, $K\mathbb{R}^{\mathbb{C}_2} = KO$, \mathbb{Z}_2 default fixed points

map: $\begin{matrix} \text{circle} \rightarrow [V] \rightarrow [V] \\ \text{circle} \rightarrow [V] \rightarrow [V] \end{matrix}$, $\begin{matrix} \text{circle} \rightarrow [V] \rightarrow [V \oplus \mathbb{C}] \\ \text{circle} \rightarrow [V] \rightarrow [V] \end{matrix}$, $\begin{matrix} \text{circle} \rightarrow [V] \rightarrow [V] \\ \text{circle} \rightarrow [V] \rightarrow [V] \end{matrix}$

relations: $\begin{matrix} \text{circle} \rightarrow [V \oplus \mathbb{C}] = V \oplus \mathbb{C} \\ \text{circle} \rightarrow [V] \rightarrow [V] \\ \text{circle} \rightarrow [V] \rightarrow [V] \end{matrix}$, $\begin{matrix} \text{circle} \rightarrow [V] \rightarrow [V] \\ \text{circle} \rightarrow [V] \rightarrow [V] \end{matrix}$, $\begin{matrix} \text{circle} \rightarrow [V \oplus \mathbb{C}] = V \oplus \mathbb{C} \\ \text{circle} \rightarrow [V] \rightarrow [V] \end{matrix}$

Example: $K_G: (\text{Cat}^{\text{Perf}})^{BG} \rightarrow \text{SP}_G$, $K_G(\mathbb{C})^H \cong K(\mathbb{C}^{*H})$.

$$L_{\text{TM}}K_G: (\text{Cat}^{\text{Perf}})^{BG} \xrightarrow{K_G} \text{SP}_G \xrightarrow{L_{\text{TM}}} (\text{SP}_{\text{TM}})_G$$

Analogy: SP_G is like $\text{shv}(X)$, with $\text{SP}_G \subset \text{shv}(G)$
 $U \in X$ open, $\text{SP}_G \approx \text{shv}(U)$, $Z \in X$ closed

functors: $\text{Mack}_G(\mathbb{C}) \xrightarrow{\text{ev}_G} \mathbb{C}^{BG}$, $\text{shv}(X) \xrightarrow{j} \text{shv}(U)$
 $\mathbb{C}^{BG} \xrightarrow{(-)^H} \text{Mack}_G(\mathbb{C})$, $\text{shv}(U) \xrightarrow{j} \text{shv}(X)$
 $\mathbb{C}^{BG} \xrightarrow{(-)^H} \text{Mack}_G(\mathbb{C})$, $\text{shv}(U) \xrightarrow{j} \text{shv}(X)$

geometric f.p.: $\text{Mack}_G(\mathbb{C}) \xrightarrow{(-)^H} \mathbb{C}$, $\text{shv}(X) \xrightarrow{i} \text{shv}(Z)$
 $\mathbb{C} \xrightarrow{(-)^H} \text{Mack}_G(\mathbb{C})$, $\text{shv}(Z) \xrightarrow{j} \text{shv}(X)$

Example: $\text{Perf}(\mathbb{R}[H]) \xrightarrow{(-)^H} \text{Perf}(\mathbb{R}[H])$, $\text{Perf}(\mathbb{R}[H]) \xrightarrow{(-)^H} \text{Fun}(BH, \text{Perf}(\mathbb{R}))$
 $(\text{Perf}(\mathbb{R}[H]))^H \cong \text{Fun}(BH, \text{Perf}(\mathbb{R}))$

$N_m: \text{Perf}(\mathbb{R}[H]) \rightarrow \text{Fun}(BH, \text{Perf}(\mathbb{R}))$, $N_m(M)_G = M_{\mathbb{R}[G]} \otimes_{\mathbb{R}[G]} \mathbb{R}[H_q(BH)]$
(for "large" categories)
 $N_m: \mathbb{C}_{\text{fin}} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^{*H}$

The case of \mathbb{C}_p : In this case, $\text{SP}_{\mathbb{C}_p}$ is glued from SP and $\text{SP}^{B\mathbb{C}_p}$
 $X = U \cup Z$.

$()^{+C_p}: \mathbb{C}^{B\mathbb{C}_p} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$	$i^* j_*: \text{shv}(U) \rightarrow \text{shv}(Z)$
$\begin{matrix} E^{C_p} \rightarrow E^{*C_p} \\ \downarrow \Gamma \quad \downarrow \Gamma \\ \Phi^*(E) \rightarrow E^{+C_p} \end{matrix}$	$\begin{matrix} \mathcal{F} \rightarrow j_* \mathcal{F}_U \\ \downarrow \Gamma \quad \downarrow \Gamma \\ i_* \mathcal{F}_Z \rightarrow i_* j_* \mathcal{F}_U \end{matrix}$
$E_{+C_p} \rightarrow E_{C_p} \rightarrow \Phi^*(E)$	$j_* j^* \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{F} \rightarrow i_* i^* \mathcal{F}$

$\text{TM}(n)$ -locally: $\text{Mack}_{\mathbb{C}_p}(\text{SP}_{\text{TM}(n)}) \cong \text{SP}_{\mathbb{C}_p} \otimes \text{SP}_{\text{TM}(n)}$

"Tate Vanishing": $N_m: E_f \rightarrow E^b$

$$\text{Mack}_{\mathbb{C}_p}(\text{SP}_{\text{TM}(n)}) \xrightarrow{(\Phi^*, \Phi^*)} \text{SP}_{\text{TM}(n)}^{B\mathbb{C}_p} \times \text{SP}_{\text{TM}(n)}$$

$$\mathbb{C}_{\text{TM}(n)}: L_{\text{TM}(n)}K_{\mathbb{C}_p} \cong L_{\text{TM}(n)}K(\mathbb{C})^{\mathbb{C}_p} \iff \Phi^*(L_{\text{TM}(n)}K_{\mathbb{C}_p}(\mathbb{C})) = 0$$