

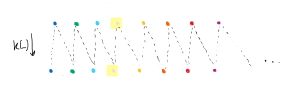
$L_{T(n)}K(R)$

1) Purity
 $R \in \text{Alg}(S^p)$, $n \geq 1$

Thm: $(L_{T(n)}K(R)) \cong L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}K(R))$

Today: $L_{T(n)}K(R) \cong L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}K(R))$

Example: $R \in \text{Alg}(A^p) \Rightarrow L_{T(n)}R = 0 \forall n \geq 1 \Rightarrow L_{T(n)}K(R) = 0 \forall n \geq 1$



A key special case: $L_{T(n)}R = 0 \Rightarrow L_{T(n)}K(R) = 0$

We start by proving the key special case when R is also connective.

Proof: If $R \in \text{Alg}(S^p)$, $L_{T(n)}R = 0$ then $L_{T(n)}K(R) = 0$.

Proof: We first show $L_{T(n)}K(R) \cong L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}R)$.

We prove by ascending induction: $L_{T(n)}K(R) \cong L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}R)$

Base case $n=1$: $L_{T(1)}K(R) \cong L_{T(1)}K(L_{T(1)}R)$

Enough: $L_{T(1)}R \cong L_{T(1)}K(L_{T(1)}R)$

Using what I show tell us enough to show that

1) $BGL(R) \rightarrow BGL(L_{T(1)}R)$ is a 2-periodic equiv.

2) $BGL(R) \rightarrow BGL(L_{T(1)}R)$ is $(n+1)$ -connective

Both follow from $\pi_0 BGL(R) \cong GL(S^p)$ and $\pi_2 BGL(R) = \pi_1 M(R)$

Induction step: use Land-Tomazevic

by the hypothesis, enough to show

$L_{T(n)}K(R) \cong L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}K(R))$

Lemma: $A \xrightarrow{f} B$ is $(m+n)$ -connective

Remains to show: $L_{T(n)}K(R) = 0$ for R \mathbb{P} -torsion discrete

This reduces to the case $R = \mathbb{Z}/p$, and then use Quillen

Proof of LHM Theorem:

Need to get rid of 2- assumptions.

1) $L_{T(n)}R = 0$

2) R is connective.

$\text{Alg}(S^p) \rightarrow \text{Cat}^{\text{perf}} \rightarrow \text{Perf}(S^p)$

$e_n \rightarrow \text{Perf}(S^p) \rightarrow \text{Perf}(L_{T(n)}R)$

$L_{T(n)}K(C_2 \text{Perf}(S^p)) \rightarrow L_{T(n)}K(C_2 \text{Perf}(L_{T(n)}R))$

Want to prove: Vanishes. We use additive K-theory.

1) $\text{Alg}(S^p) \rightarrow \text{Perf}(S^p)$

2) $\text{Perf}(S^p) \rightarrow \text{Perf}(L_{T(n)}R)$

3) $\text{Perf}(L_{T(n)}R) \rightarrow \text{Perf}(L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}R))$

4) $\text{Perf}(L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}R)) \rightarrow \text{Perf}(L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}R)))$

5) for $c \in \text{Cat}^{\text{perf}}$, $\sum \tau_{2i}K(c) \cong |K^{\text{add}}(S^p)|$

Claim: $c \in \text{Cat}^{\text{perf}}$, $L_{T(n)}K(c) = 0 \forall n \geq 1 \Rightarrow L_{T(n)}K^{\text{add}}(c) = 0$

Proof: $c \cong \text{colim}_{i \in I} \text{Perf}(R_i)$, $R_i \in \text{Alg}(S^p)$, $L_{T(n)}R_i = 0$

$L_{T(n)}K^{\text{add}}(\text{Perf}(R_i)) \cong L_{T(n)}K^{\text{add}}(\text{Perf}(R_i)) \cong L_{T(n)}K(\text{Perf}(R_i)) = 0$

Claim: $c \in \text{Cat}^{\text{perf}}$, $L_{T(n)}K(c) = 0 \forall n \geq 1 \Rightarrow L_{T(n)}K^{\text{add}}(c) = 0$

Proof: $\sum L_{T(n)}K(c) \cong L_{T(n)}K^{\text{add}}(c) \cong |L_{T(n)}K^{\text{add}}(S^p)| = 0$

☺

Main theorem from today's theorem:

Thm (Next week): $L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}R) \cong L_{T(n)}K(R)$

Commutative Square

$L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}R) \rightarrow L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}R))$

$L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}R) \rightarrow L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}R)$

$L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}R)) \rightarrow L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}R))$

$L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}R)) \rightarrow L_{T(n)}K(L_{T(n)}R)$

