

# Introduction

**Cathy Wu**

1.041/1.200 Transportation: Foundations and Methods

# Readings

1. *Critical Issues in Transportation for 2024 and Beyond*. Washington, D.C.: National Academies Press, 2024. doi: [10.17226/27432](https://doi.org/10.17226/27432).
2. *The Simple Genius of the Interstate Highway System*. Wendover Productions, YouTube, 2021. [URL](#).

*A.k.a.*

1.041/IDS.075/11.544 – Undergraduate

1.200/IDS.675 – Graduate

# Outline

1. About the course
2. A nontechnical introduction to transportation
3. Why I study transportation



## *Quick poll*

- Course/Program
- What do you think is the biggest problem or challenge in transportation?

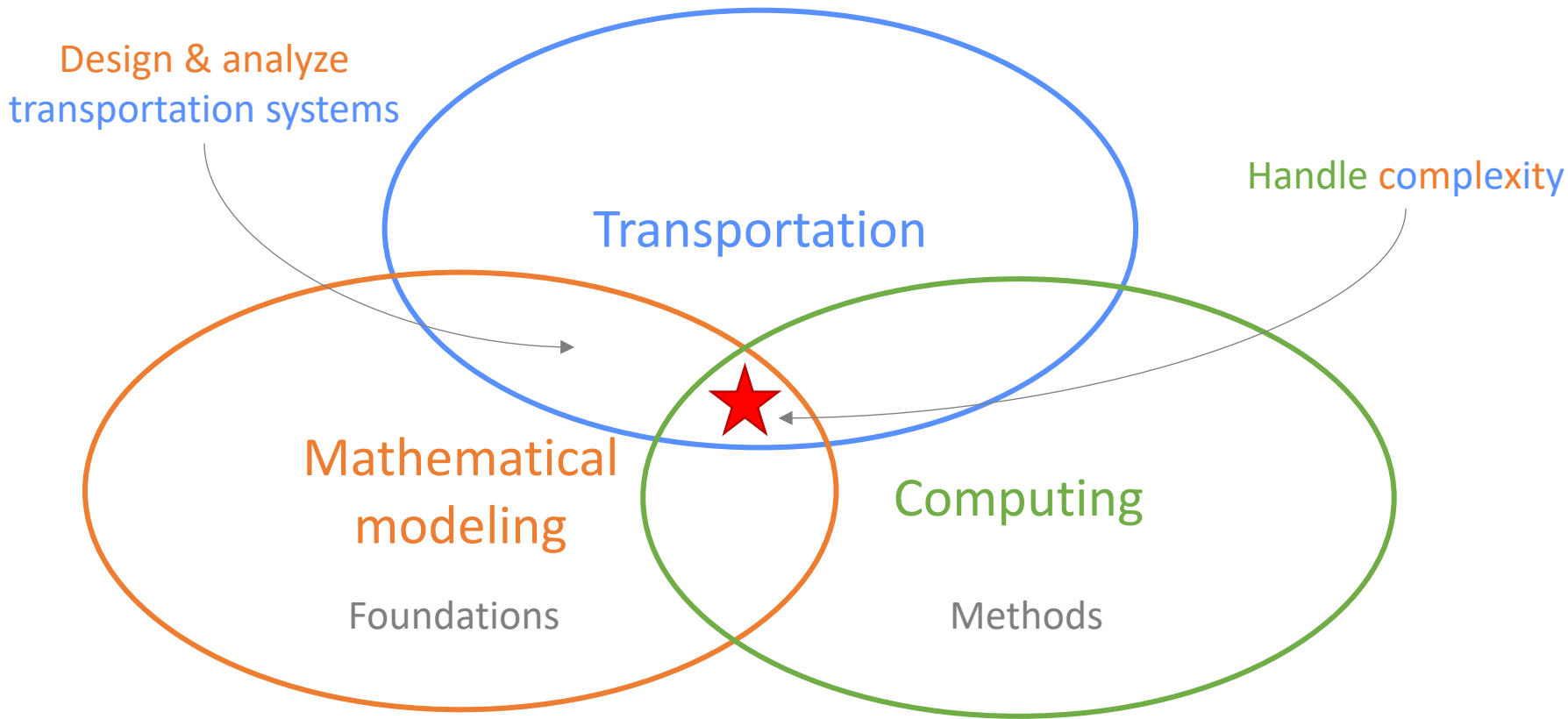
Get to know your fellow classmates:

- Join for Office Hours after class (same room as lecture)
  - If you're looking to find pset partners in the class, or just to meet other folks interested in transportation.
  - Regular office hours. Questions about the class, content, etc.

# Outline

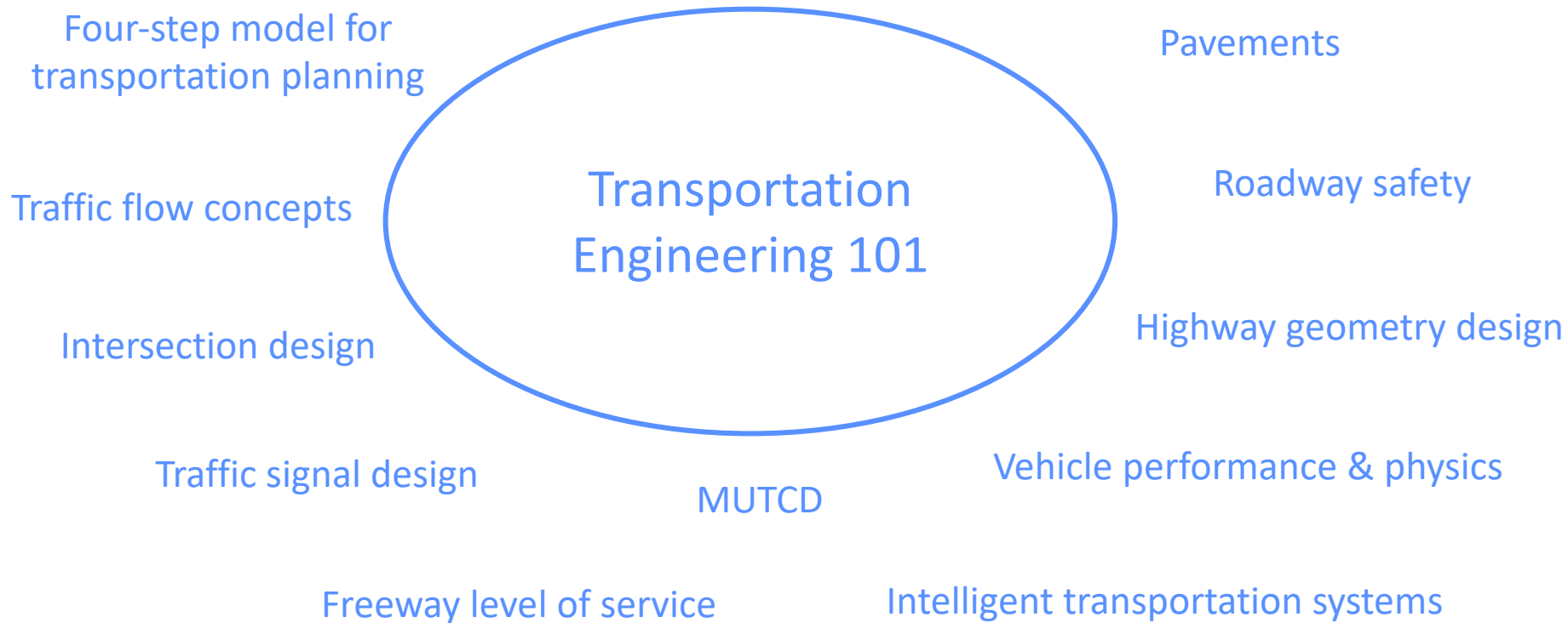
1. **About the course**
  - a. **Course overview**
  - b. **Administrivia**
2. A nontechnical introduction to transportation
3. Why I study transportation

# This is not your typical intro transportation course

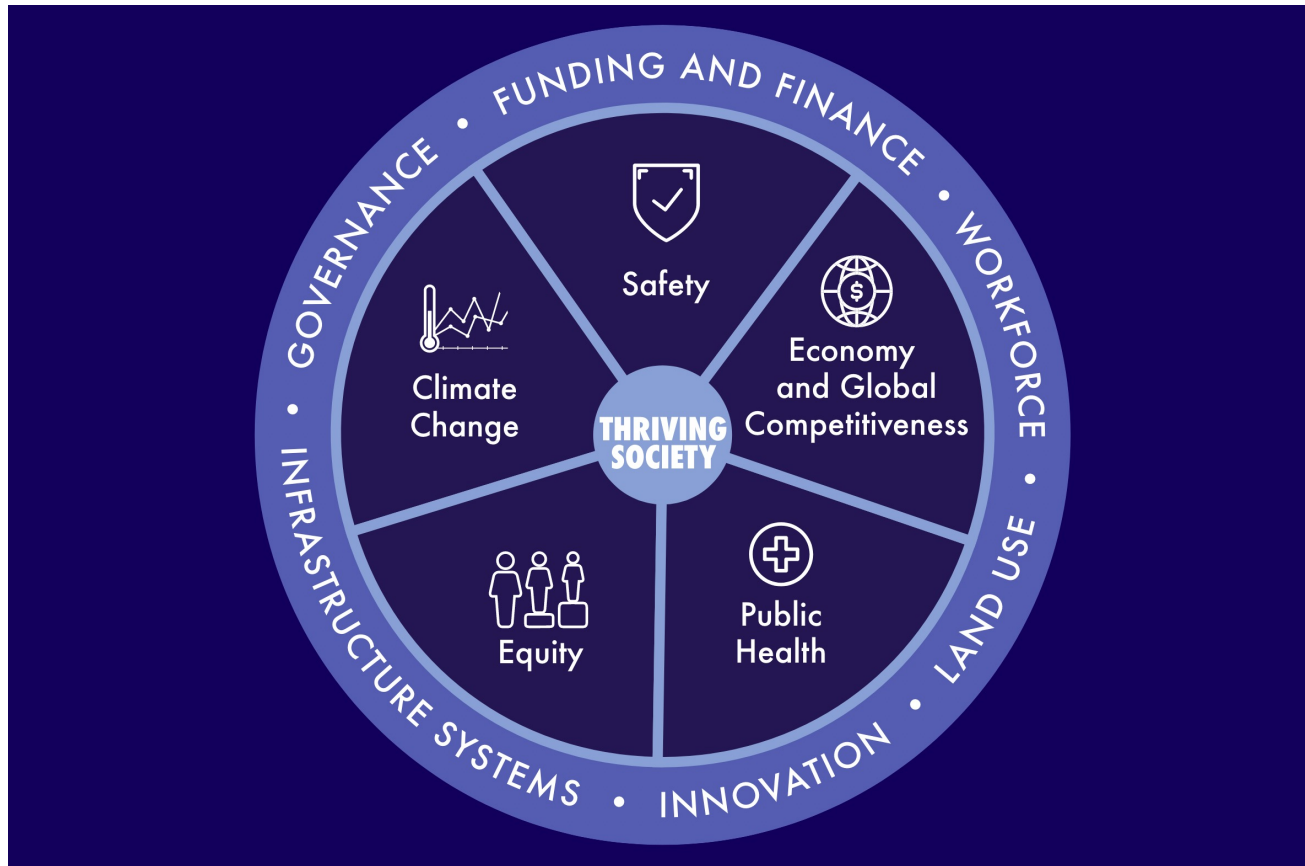


*Core systems engineering fundamentals + grounding in transportation*

# Your typical intro transportation course



# Critical issues in transportation



# Critical issues in transportation

## Executive Summary

A massive shift away from fossil fuels to clean energy has begun that will require a complete turnover of hundreds of millions of motor vehicles by 2050 to help meet national decarbonization goals. Commuting to work has changed dramatically because of the COVID-19 pandemic in ways that pose significant threats to public transportation. Ten thousand more people died from road crashes in 2022 than 10 years ago. Society at large is grappling with the nation's history of racial discrimination and increasing disparities in wealth and incomes. The dynamic changes being driven by these and other environmental, public health, and socioeconomic forces require reassessing the role of transportation in addressing societal challenges and the research that informs the choices that society will need to make in 2024 and the coming years.

# Take a dive deep into any of the critical issues

- Dozens of mobility-related courses at MIT: <https://www.mmi.mit.edu/courses>

11.449 / 1  
1.149

Jinhua Zhao, Andrew Salzberg

**DECARBONIZING URBAN MOBILITY**

This summer's extreme weather and the just-released IPCC report have brought renewed attention to the urgent need to drive global carbon dioxide emissions to zero by 2050. Transportation is the single largest source of those emissions in the United States, and a major source globally. What combination of policy, technology, behavior change, and investment is best positioned to accelerate the decarbonization of urban mobility? A new course from MIT Mobility Initiative and DUSP Prof. Jinhua Zhao and transportation & climate change professional Andrew Salzberg will grapple with this question, drawing from the latest research and industry trends.

Sustainability, Decarbonizing

## Climate change

1.253 / 11  
.543

Fred Salvendy

**TRANSPORTATION POLICY, THE ENVIRONMENT, AND LIVABLE COMMUNITIES**

Examines the economic and political conflict between transportation and the environment. Investigates the role of government regulation, green business and transportation policy as a facilitator of economic development and environmental sustainability. Analyzes a variety of international policy problems, including government-business relations, the role of interest groups, non-governmental organizations, and the public and media in the regulation of the automobile; sustainable development; global warming; politics of risk and siting of transport facilities; environmental justice; equity; as well as transportation and public health in the urban metropolis. Provides students with an opportunity to apply transportation and planning methods to develop policy alternatives in the context of environmental politics. Students taking graduate version complete additional assignments.

Transportation Policy, Environmental Justice, Equity

## Equity, Public Health

16.485

Luca Carlone

**VISUAL NAVIGATION FOR AUTONOMOUS VEHICLES**

Covers the mathematical foundations and state-of-the-art implementations of algorithms for vision-based navigation of autonomous vehicles (e.g., mobile robots, self-driving cars, drones). Topics include geometric control, 3D vision, visual-inertial navigation, place recognition, and simultaneous localization and mapping. Provides students with a rigorous but pragmatic overview of differential geometry and optimization on manifolds and knowledge of the fundamentals of 2-view and multi-view geometric vision for real-time motion estimation, calibration, localization, and mapping. The theoretical foundations are complemented with hands-on labs based on state-of-the-art mini race car and drone platforms. Culminates in a critical review of recent advances in the field and a team project aimed at advancing the state-of-the-art.

Vision-Based Navigation, Autonomous Vehicle, Simulation

## Safety

14.43 / 15  
.020

Jing Li

**ECONOMICS OF ENERGY, INNOVATION, AND SUSTAINABILITY**

Covers energy and environmental market organization and regulation. Explores economic challenges and solutions to transforming energy markets to be more efficient, accessible, affordable, and sustainable. Applies core economic concepts - consumer choice, firm profit maximization, and strategic behavior - to understand when energy and environmental markets work well and when they fail. They also conduct data-driven economic analysis on the trade-offs of real and proposed policy interventions. Topics include renewable generation sources for electricity, energy access in emerging markets, efficiency programs and fuel efficiency standards, transitioning transportation to alternative fuels, measuring damages and adaptation to climate change, and the effect of energy and environmental policy on innovation.


Energy and Environment, Alternative Fuels, Policy and Regulation

## Economics

# Course aim: Equip you with foundations & methods for future transportation systems

Mathematical modeling

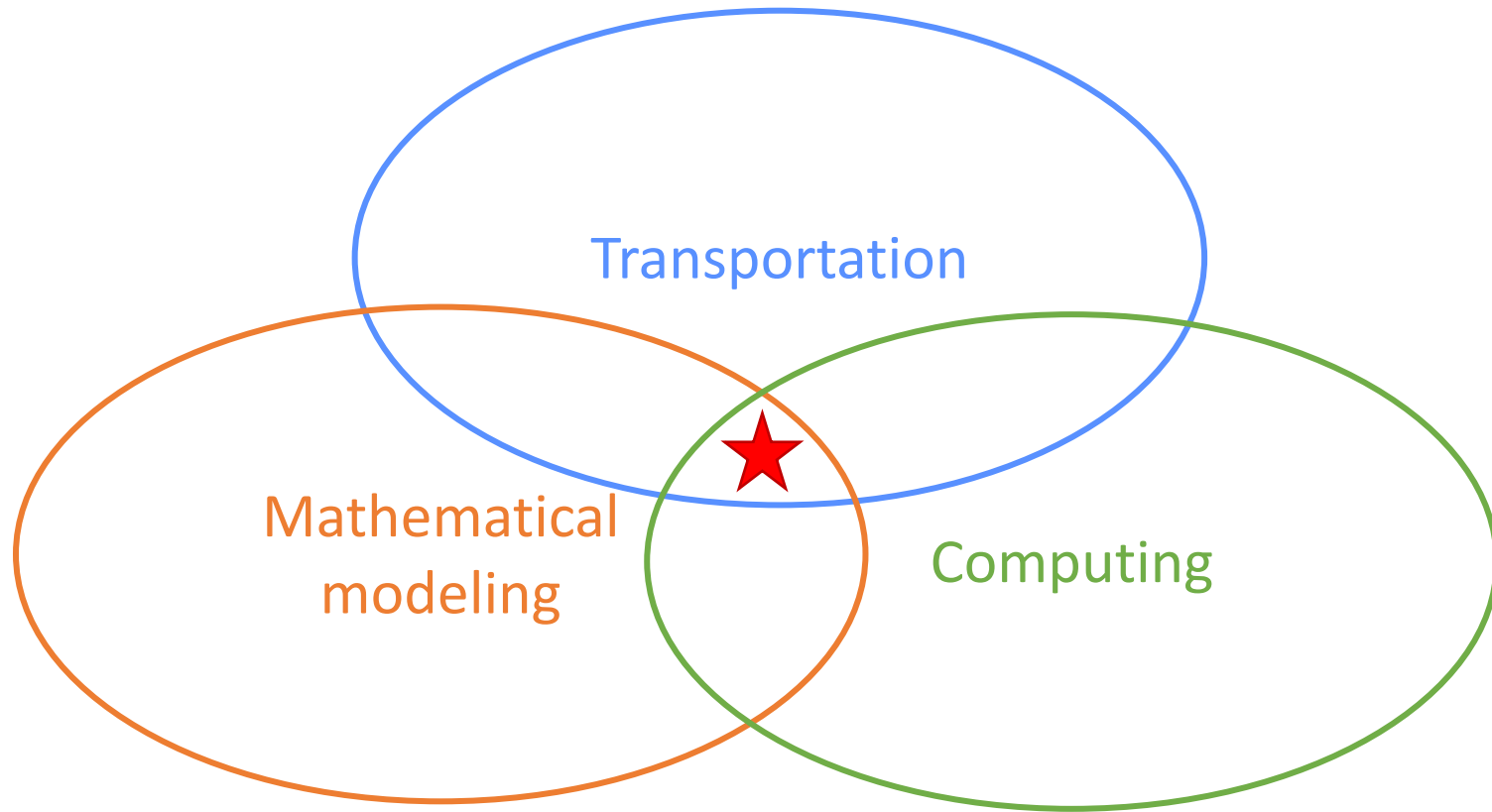
Computing



Understanding the **complex** interactions among the articulated societal goals, transportation itself, and the foundational factors and policy levers is essential for transportation to be successful in contributing positively toward a thriving society. These interactions are discussed in more detail in the individual sections that follow, each of which corresponds to a box in Figure 1. Research and development (R&D) that accounts for the multi-faceted issues and interactions among the foundational factors and policy drivers, their transportation influences, and the achievement of societal goals will inform better policy choices to increase transportation's contributions to a thriving society.



# Transportation: Foundations & Methods



*Core systems engineering fundamentals + grounding in transportation*

1.041J (UG)  
1.200J (G)

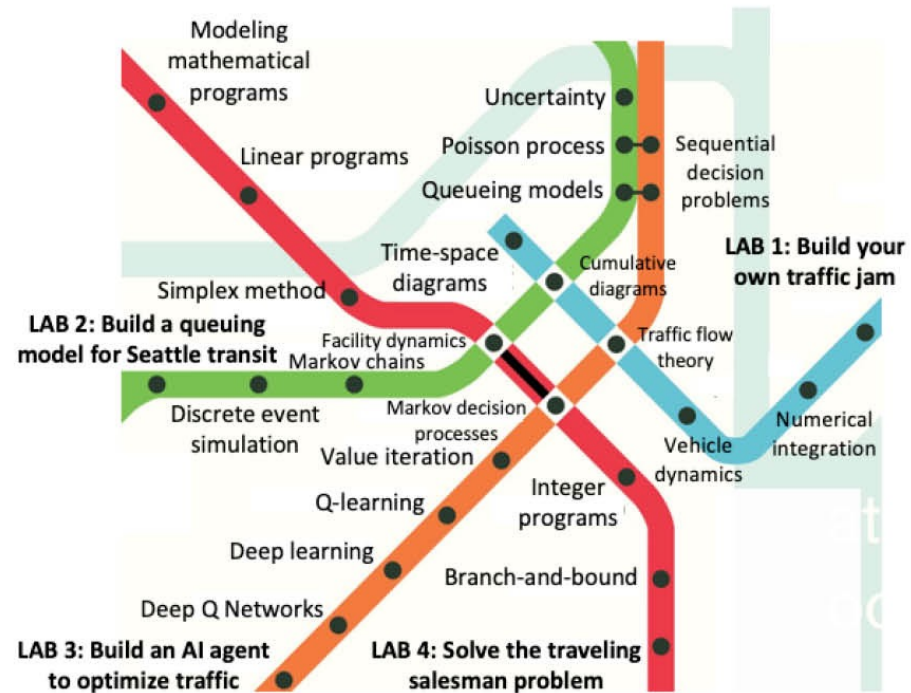
# Transportation: Foundation and Methods

**What is the right mathematical tool for the right problem?**

**Instructor:**  
Prof. Cathy Wu

Learn systems engineering through transportation &

Gain practical skills with four fun computational labs

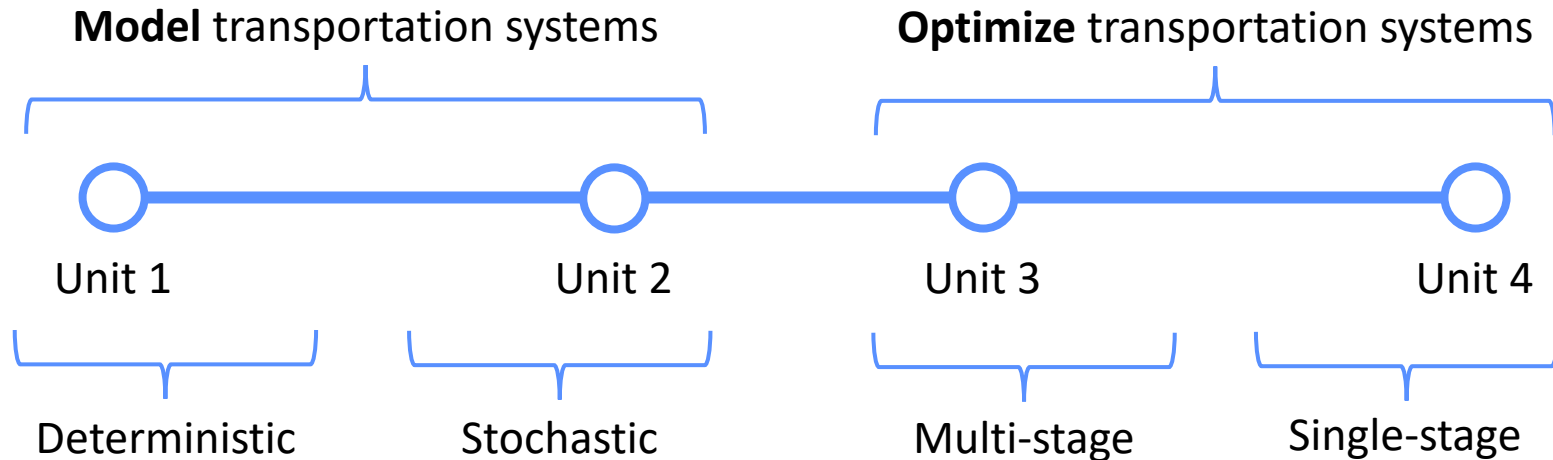


Civil and  
Environmental  
Engineering

Sustainability starts with Course 1

[cee.mit.edu](http://cee.mit.edu)

# Big picture overview of the course



# Traffic managed poorly

#	U.S. city	Hours lost per year per driver
1	<b>Boston</b>	<b>164</b>
2	Washington, D.C.	155
3	Chicago	138
4	Seattle	138
5	New York City	133
6	Los Angeles	128

Sources:  
 Boston.com  
 Boston Magazine  
 [February, 2019]

**Boston**
NEWS ▾
 RESTAURANTS
 WELLNESS ▾
 LIFE & STYLE ▾
 WEDDINGS ▾
 HOME & PROPERTY ▾
 THINGS TO DO ▾
 TRAVEL
 BEST OF BOSTON

*Follow*  
 f i t in

**NEWS**

*Subscribe*  
 MAGAZINE • NEWSLETTERS


**TRANSPORTATION**

## Boston Has the Worst Traffic in the Country

Drivers in Boston are spending more time sitting in their cars than people in Los Angeles.

by **ELLEN GERST** • 2/12/2019, 10:06 a.m.

Get a compelling long read and must-have lifestyle tips in your inbox every Sunday morning — great with coffee!



TRENDING

- 1 Congrats to 2019 College Parents: You Had One Storrowing
- 2 Can Jonathan Kraft Keep the Patriots Alive?
- 3 The Secret Truth About Boston Doctors
- 4 Harvard Student Customs Agents Killed Last Month Made It Here
- 5 Boston May Not Need to Worry About Tropical Storm Dorian
- 6 Two Dozen MBTA Bus Routes Are Closed over Labor Day Weekend
- 7 Game of Fear: The Story Behind Gan...

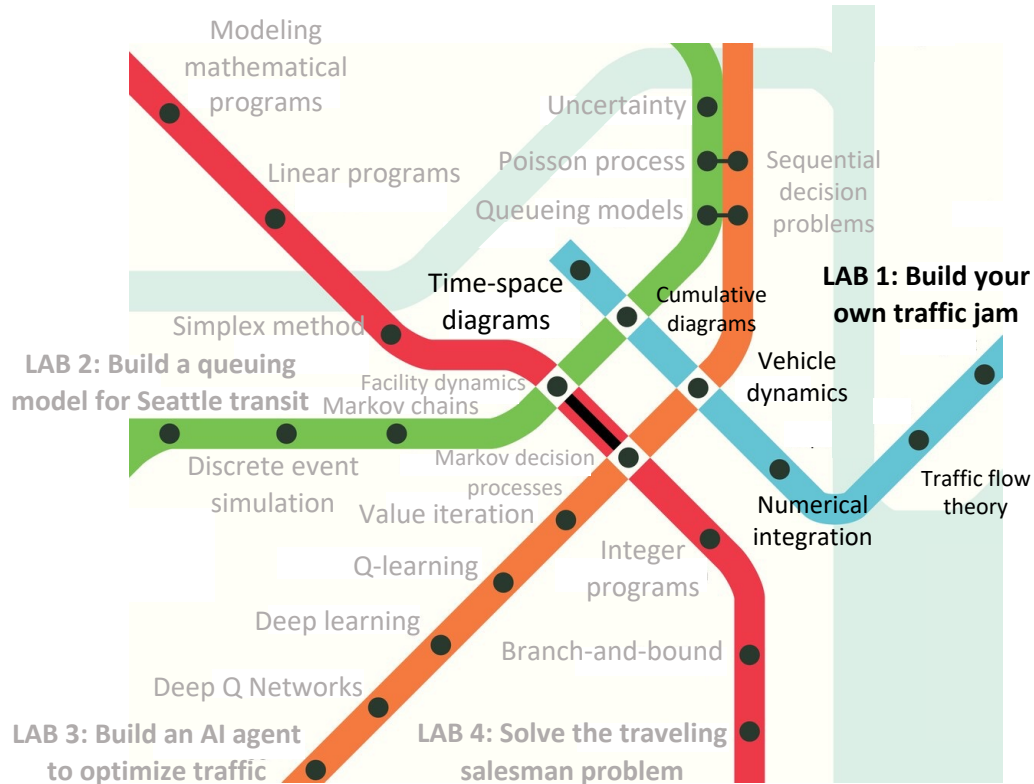
# Unit 1: Traffic flow fundamentals



Unit 1

**Modeling**

**Deterministic**



# Computational lab #1: Build your own traffic jam





# Unit 2: Queuing systems

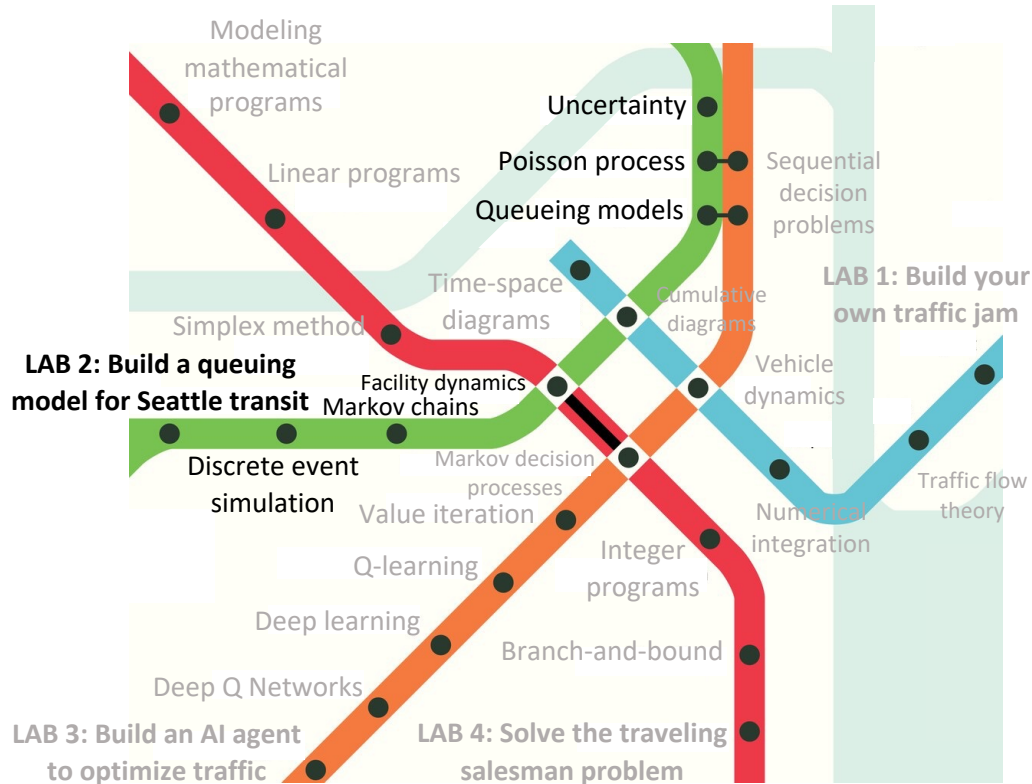


# Unit 2: Queuing systems

Unit 2

Modeling

Stochastic







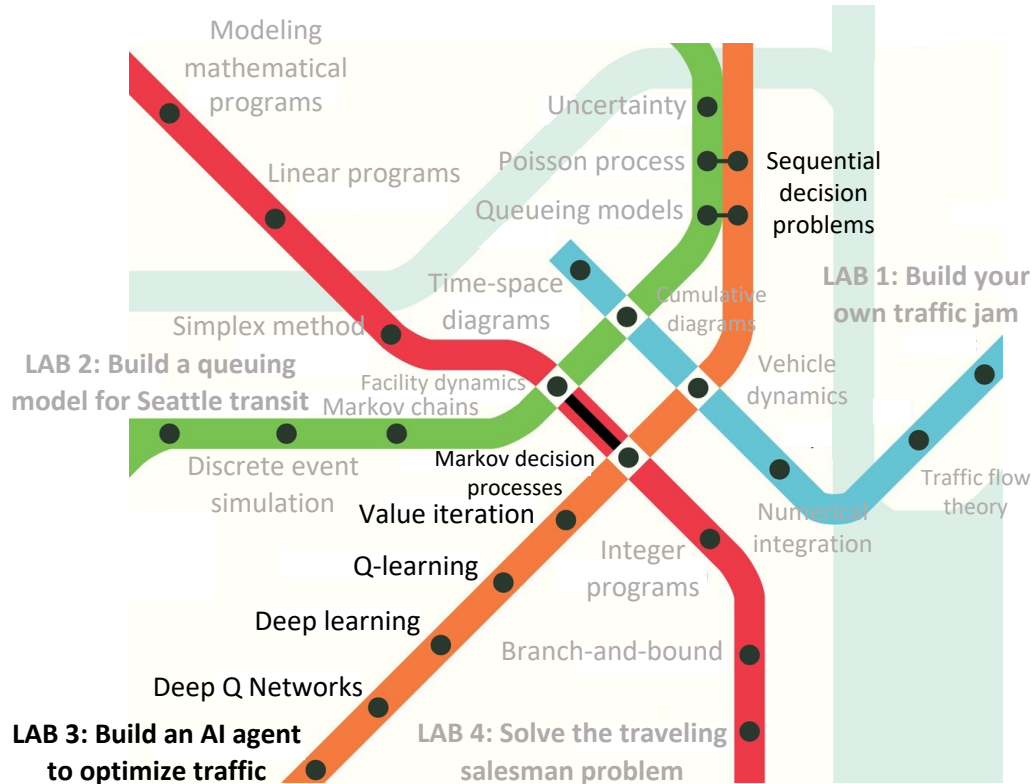
# Unit 3: Machine learning for traffic control



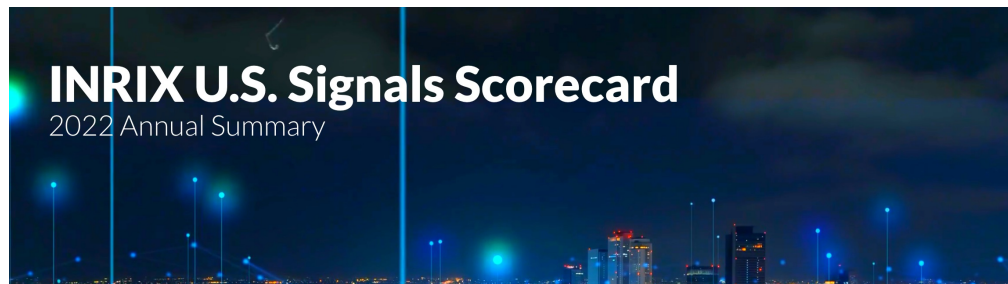
Unit 3

**Optimizing**

**Multi-stage**

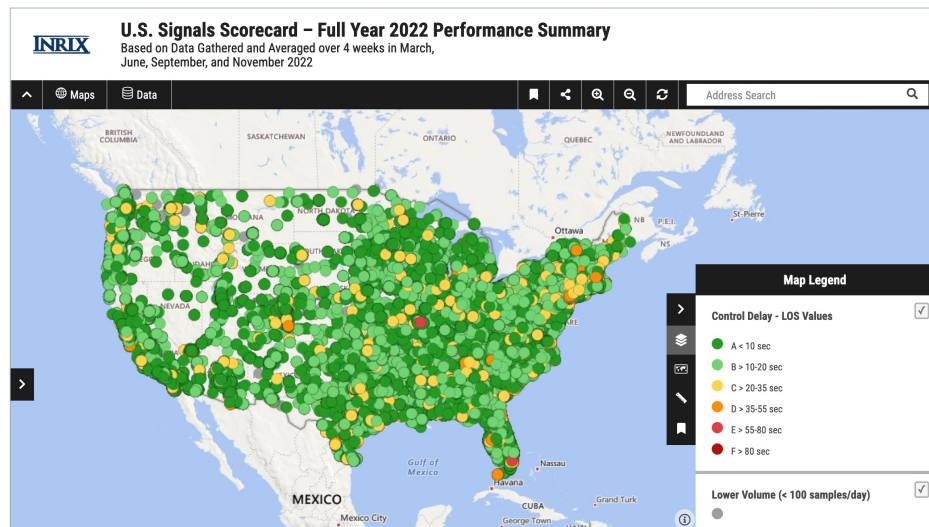


# Traffic control is still hard



## INRIX U.S. Signals Scorecard

2022 Annual Summary



### Inputs

**~5 Billion**

Total Number of Observed Crossings Used to Generate Results

**~10 Million**

Number of Connected Vehicles Providing Location and Movement Data



**242,757**

Signalized Intersections Analyzed

**All 50 States**

(Plus District of Columbia)

**400+**  
Regions

**1,150+**  
Counties

### Results

**23,308**

Intersection Avg Daily Traffic

**18.1**

Seconds of Delay Per Vehicle

**63.5%**

Arrival on Green

**117.4**

Total Hours of Daily Delay

**2.53 Days**

Days to Generate 1 Metric Tonne of Carbon Emissions From Delay

**0.97 Days**

Days to Consume 1 Barrel of Oil From Delay

Average  
Traffic  
Signal

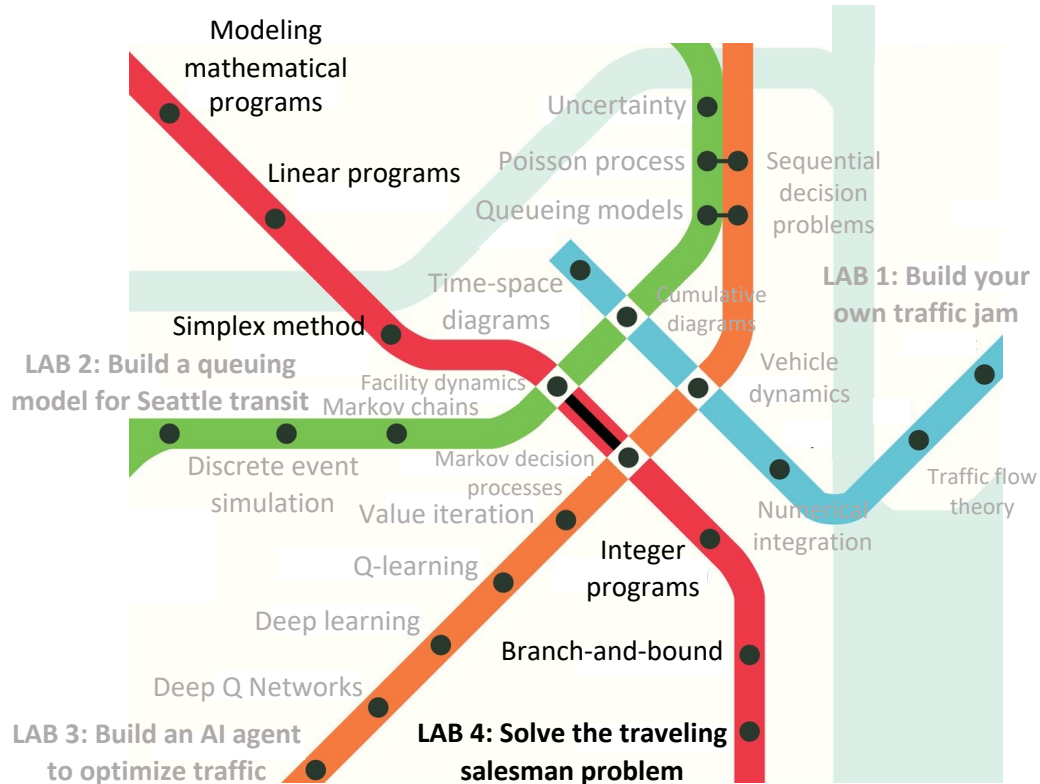


# Unit 4: Optimizing transportation resources

Unit 4

Optimizing

Single-stage

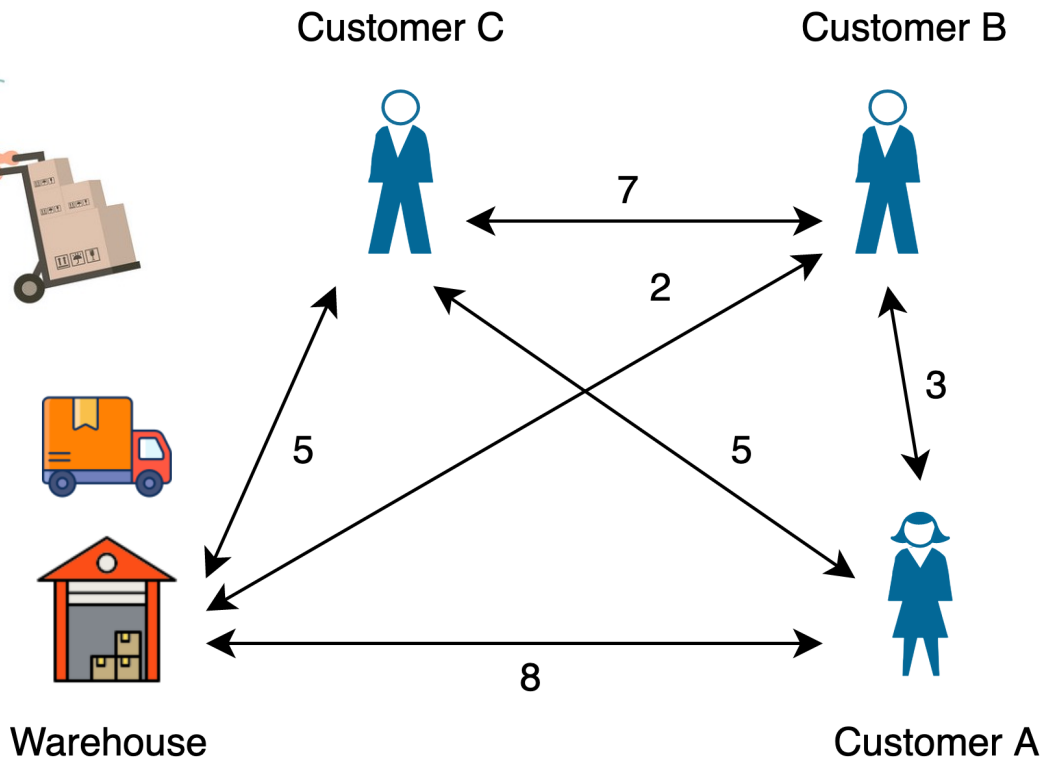




# CL#4: Solve the traveling salesman problem



**Under construction:**  
We might change things up  
this year!



# Course objectives

1. Introduction to techniques to **design, analyze, evaluate and control** the level of service of various **transportation systems**.
2. Introduction to **powerful modeling foundations**: queueing theory, reinforcement learning, mathematical programming
3. Special emphasis on **computational methods** and their application to transportation. Hands-on computational assignments. **Requires proficiency in Python.**

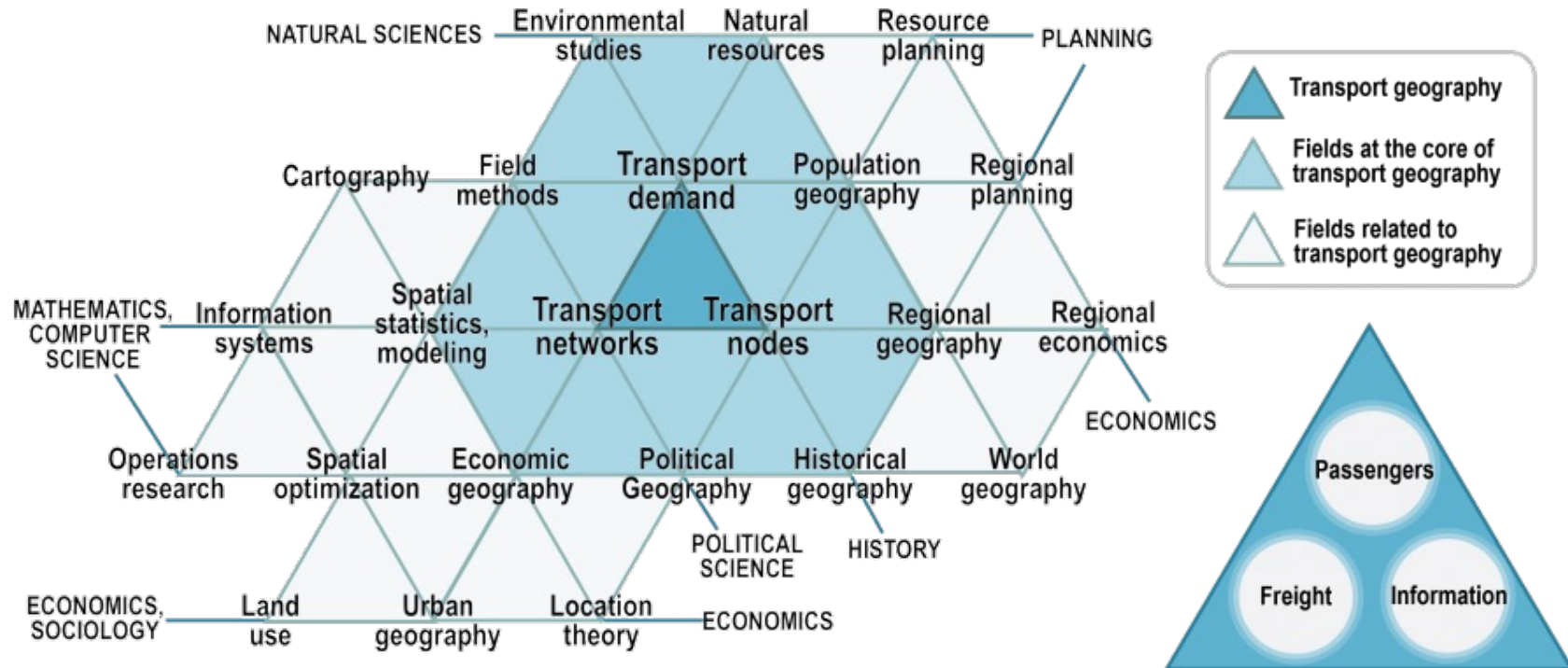
## *Discussion time*

What is something that has nothing to do with transportation?



# Transportation spans a lot of fields

- Transportation studies is intertwined with just about every department at MIT



# Ask questions

- Make the class your own by asking questions
  - In class, on Piazza, office hours, email us, etc.
- Transportation touches all of our lives, most parts of human endeavors, many many technical tools.

# Outline

1. **About the course**
  - a. Course overview
  - b. **Administrivia**
2. A nontechnical introduction to transportation
3. Why I study transportation

# Team

- Prof. Cathy Wu <cathywu at mit dot edu>
  - Office hours: WF4-4:30 (3-333)
- TAs:
  - Samuel Chin <jkschin at mit dot edu>
- Staff email: 1-041-staff@mit.edu or 1-200-staff@mit.edu
- You can reach the staff generally via office hours or via email.  
**Include “[1.041]” or “[1.200]” in your subject line.**

# Administrivia

- Lectures: WF 2:30 - 4:00 pm (3-333)
- Recitations: TBD (**see Piazza for poll**)
- Check website & Piazza for the most up-to-date information.
  
- **Course webpage:** For class materials & info
  - <https://web.mit.edu/1.041/www/>
- **Piazza:** For class announcements, assessments, solutions
  - The Piazza is also a resource for you to collaborate with one another.
  - For obvious reasons, don't post answers in Piazza.
  - We (the staff) can't answer each question on Piazza, so do come to office hours.
- **Gradescope:** For HW/quiz submissions
- **Canvas:** Code/project submissions, Zoom (in case of going remote)

# Textbooks

- Unit 1: Daganzo, Carlos. **Fundamentals of transportation and traffic operations**. Emerald Group Publishing (2008).
  - Available online: <http://ndl.ethernet.edu.et/bitstream/123456789/75532/1/66.pdf>
- Unit 2: Larson, Richard C. and Amedeo R. Odoni. **Urban Operations Research**. Prentice-Hall (1981).
  - Available online: [https://web.mit.edu/urban\\_or\\_book/www/book/](https://web.mit.edu/urban_or_book/www/book/)
- Unit 3: Morales, Miguel. **Grokking deep reinforcement learning**. Manning Publications (2020).
  - Available online: <https://www.manning.com/books/grokking-deep-reinforcement-learning>
- Unit 4: Bradley, Stephen P., Arnoldo C. Hax, and Thomas L. Magnanti. **Applied mathematical programming**. Addison-Wesley (1977).
  - Available online: <https://web.mit.edu/15.053/www/AppliedMathematicalProgramming.pdf>
- Additional handouts will be distributed as needed.
- Lecture slides will be posted.

# Evaluation

- Undergraduate students:
  - Four In-class micro-quizzes (20%)
  - Four computational labs (20%)
  - Completion grade for four problem sets (20%)
  - (Optional) Submit a video on any class topic for +5% extra credit
- Graduate students:
  - Four In-class micro-quizzes (15%)
  - Three computational labs (choose any of four) (15%)
  - Completion grade for four problem sets (15%)
  - Class project (15%, with +5% extra credit for video submissions)
- Two in-class quizzes (40%)
- Late policy (for PSets):
  - 3 late days, no questions asked. After that, late homework will be penalized 10% every 24 hours. Those submitting late must abide by honor code.
- PSet partners:
  - Check out <https://psetpartners.mit.edu> to find pset partners.
  - Sign up early; matching will be done at the end of the first week of classes.

# Assignments

<b>Assignments</b>	<b>Covers</b>
<b>Problem Set 1</b> <b>Problem Set 2</b> <b>Computational problem 1</b>	Unit 1
<b>Problem Set 3</b> <b>Computational problem 2</b>	Unit 2
<b>Problem Set 4</b> <b>Computational problem 3</b>	Unit 3
<b>Problem Set 5</b> <b>Computational problem 4</b>	Unit 4
<b>Project presentation + report</b> <b>(Optional) Video</b>	Any unit



# Class project (grad students only)

- Deliverables: 1) Project proposal, 2) Written report, 3) In-class presentation
  - **Option 1:** Research project of your choice, which seeks to establish new knowledge in transportation research fields.
  - **Option 2:** Reproduce a transportation research paper. Background: Learn more about the reproducibility crisis in transportation research [here](#). There are a few different options: a) Pick any paper of your choice, reproduce it to the best of your ability, and report on the difficulties and/or findings; b) Experiment with using Large Language Models for reproducing a set of papers of your choice; c) Identify a benchmark that is missing from the field and contribute towards it by reproducing a combination of methods, datasets, and metrics.
- (Optional) Students may opt to do a video presentation
- Groups of 1-2 are permitted.

# Academic integrity & collaboration

- Bottom line:
  1. Use whatever sources you need to support your learning.
  2. **Cite your sources.**
  3. **No copying.** You must write up your own solutions.
  4. Don't allow others to copy your work.
- This applies to collaborators, a “friendly expert,” another text, website, or a “bible.”
- Also applies for use of Generative AI (GenAI) tools
  - Help with writing is fine, encouraged, and does not need to be cited.
- In general, use basic, common sense concepts of academic honesty.
- See the full academic integrity policy on course website.

## *Break*

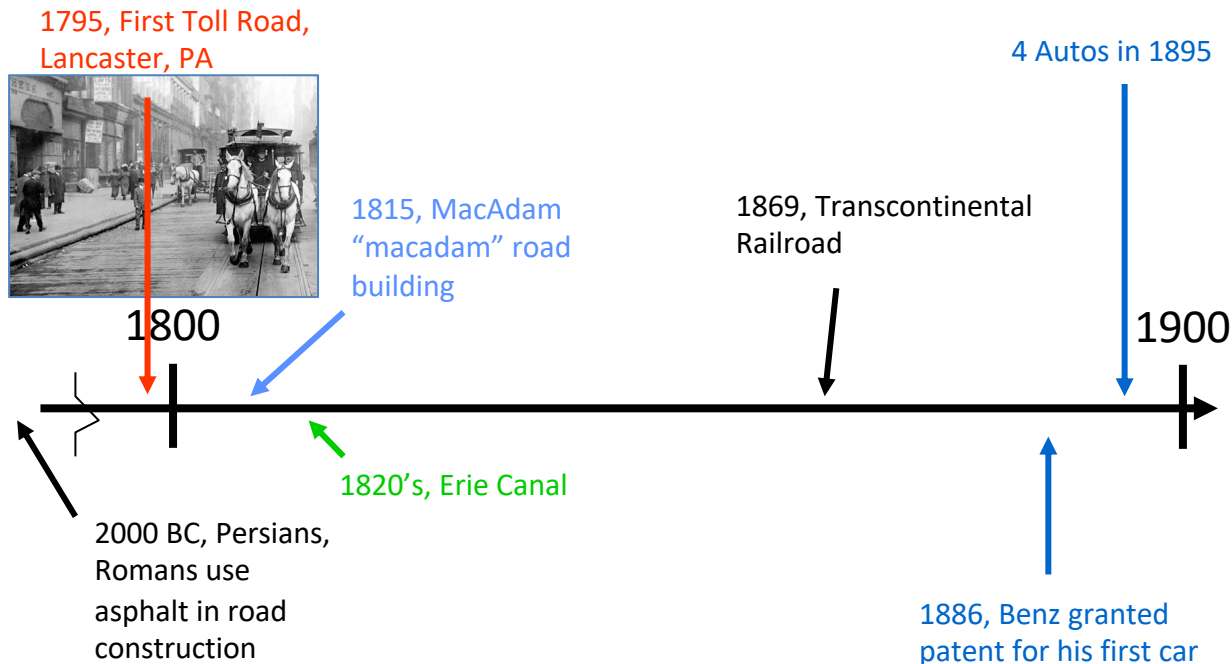
If you have questions about registration, now is a good time.

# Outline

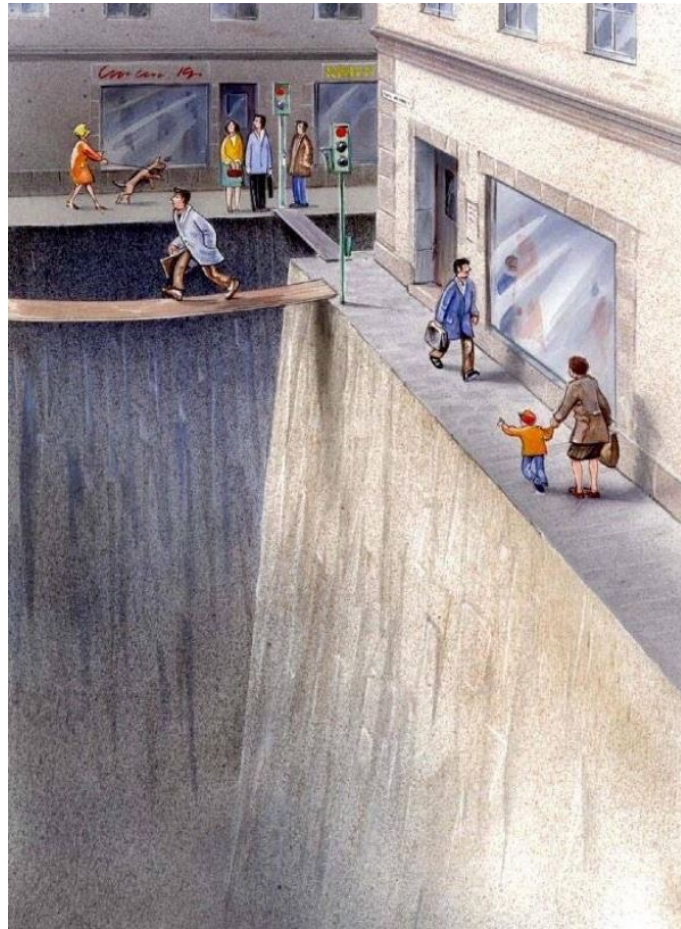
1. About the course
2. **A nontechnical introduction to transportation**
  - a. Past: A brief history
  - b. Present: Three revolutions
  - c. Future: Mega trends
3. Why I study transportation

# Automobility is a relatively recent phenomenon

- We have had asphalt roads for 4000+ years.
- We have had cars for 100 years.

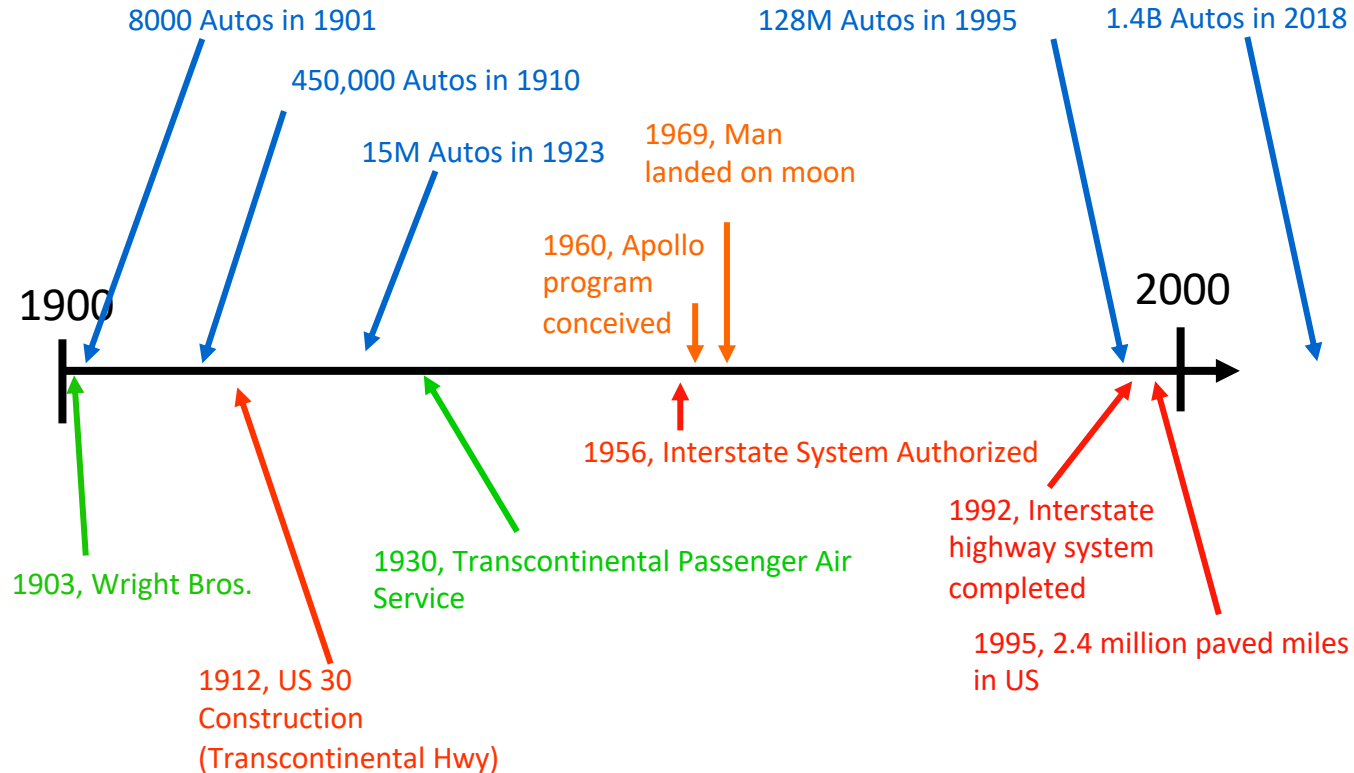


# Today



Claes Tingvall (2014)

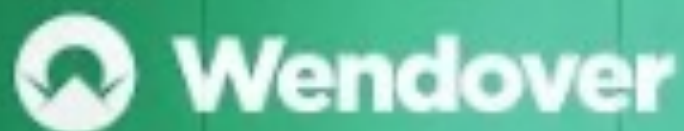
# Timeline (1900—2000)



# The Interstate Highway System

- Largest public works project in American history.
- Considered the greatest investment ever by the US.
  - **Return on investment** estimated at at least 6x.
- Cross country road trip: 62 days → 42 hours 🤖
- Why such a big deal? Because the US is **huge**.
  - **Connectivity** is power.
  - Impact: The Interstate Highway System **connected** the vast spread of population centers of the US.





# The US' Greatest Ever Investment



*Landing a man on the moon*  
—VS—  
*Building the Interstate Highway System*

What's harder? Why?

# Erie canal (1825)

- Not just about roads.
- Planes, trains, ships, drones, bicycles, people, goods, bison. Anything that moves through shared spaces.



The New York Times

N.Y. / Region

WORLD U.S. N.Y. / REGION BUSINESS TECHNOLOGY SCIENCE HEALTH SPORTS OPINION  
THE CITY CONNECTICUT LONG ISLAND NEW JERSEY WESTCHESTER

## Hints of Comeback for Nation's First Superhighway



Sung Park for The New York Times

ERN MULE The tugboat Margot nosed a barge along the Erie Canal.

STOPHER MAAG

ed: November 2, 2008

LE FALLS, N.Y. — Most people do not believe that Tim Dufel  
ush 2,000 tons of steel all the way across [New York State](#). Isn't

TWITTER

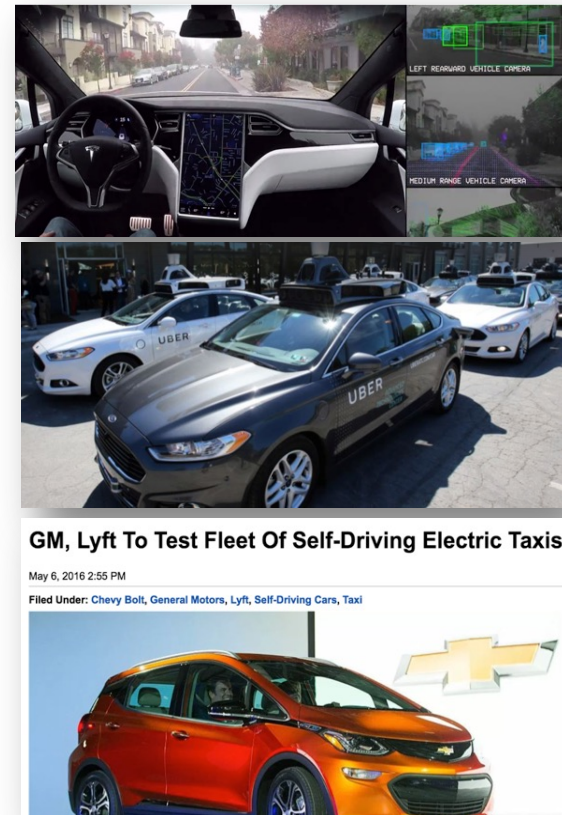
☒ SIGN IN TO  
E-MAIL OR SAVE  
THIS

# Outline

1. About the course
2. A nontechnical introduction to transportation
  - a. Past: A brief history
  - b. Present: Three revolutions**
  - c. Future: Mega trends
3. Why I study transportation

# Vehicular CPS “revolutions” are currently underway

- *“The auto industry will change more in the next 5-10 years than it has in the last 50”*  
- M. Berra (GM), 2016
- Daniel Sperling (UC Davis): “Three revolutions”
  - electrification
  - automation (& connectivity)
  - sharing
- Shared = Uber, Lyft, Blue Bikes
- Shared + electric = Bird, Lime
- Electric + automated = Tesla
- Electric + automated + shared = Waymo, GM Cruise



# Timeline (2000—Present & Future)

Physical infrastructure → Digital infrastructure

Some key events:

- 2000: Zipcar pioneers sharing of a vehicle.
- 2004/2007: DARPA grand challenges launch autonomous vehicle industry
- 2007: iPhone 1 unveiled → Smartphone adoption reaches 73% (2021)
- 2010: Google autonomous street view

Bonus event:

- 2010: SpaceX became the first privately funded company to successfully launch, orbit and recover a spacecraft



# Emerging transportation systems



High-Level Taxonomy (Summary)	
Domain	Emerging System
Ground	Autonomous freight corridors, robotic delivery
Urban	MaaS, dynamic streets, micromobility
Air	Cargo drones, HAPS, STM
Maritime	Autonomous ships, smart ports
Infrastructure	Hyperloop, smart roads
Energy	V2G, hydrogen logistics
Digital	Digital twins, swarm control

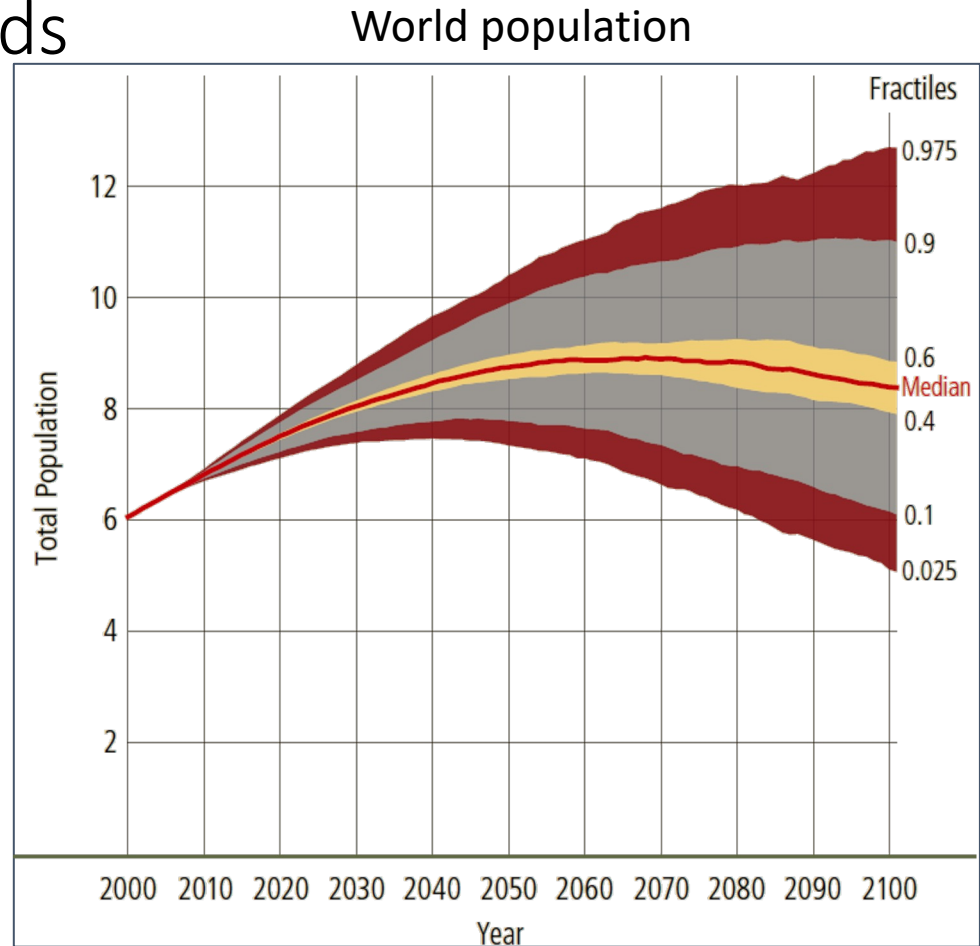
# Outline

1. About the course
2. A nontechnical introduction to transportation
  - a. Past: A brief history
  - b. Present: Three revolutions
  - c. **Future: Mega trends**
3. Why I study transportation



# Transportation demands

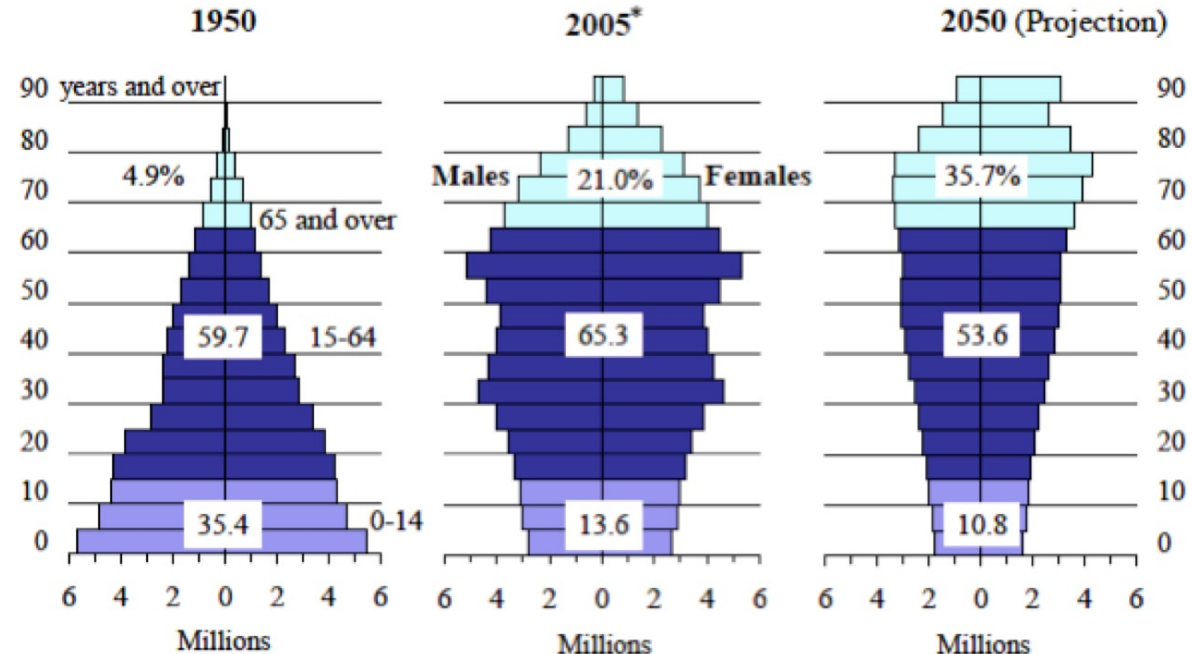
- Growth of population
  - US: 300 million in 2006, 420 million in 2050
  - Larger growth in China and India



# Transportation demands

- Population inversion:
  - “Senior tsunami” from baby boomers
  - Decline in birth rate

Japanese age groups



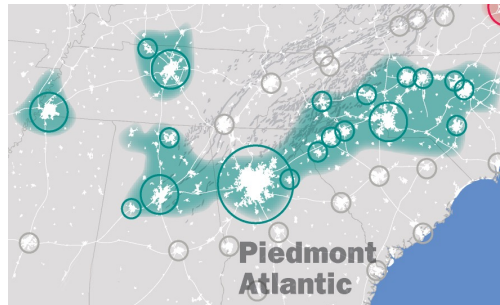
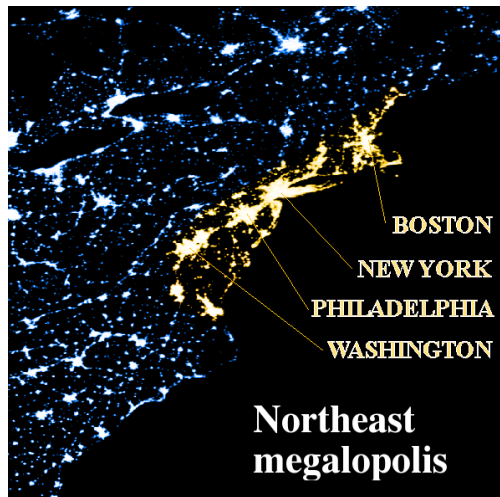
# Urbanization

- Since 2006 more than half the world population lives in urban areas
- By 2050, expected to grow to 80%
- Top 100 US metropolitan areas
  - Only 12% of the landmass, but
  - 65% of the population
  - 74% of the most educated citizens
  - 77% of knowledge economy jobs
  - 74% of GDP



# Increasing criticality of key ports and corridors

- Growth of mega regions
  - Northeast, Northern California, etc.
- 1.9 million tractor-trailer trucks in 2005, up 13% since 2001
- Highway vehicle miles traveled (VMT) are projected to grow 60%
- Container ships volume expected to increase 186% in 20 years
- Doubling of freight traffic by train



# Growing complexity of urban landscape

- More than half the jobs are more than 10 miles outside of downtown
- Growth of the “exit ramp economy” – low density developments along suburban freeways
- In 2005, more of America’s poor live in metro suburbs than in the city core

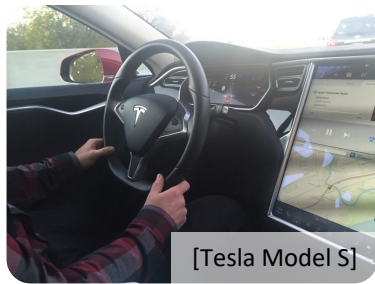
# Outline

1. About the course
2. A nontechnical introduction to transportation
3. **Why I study transportation**

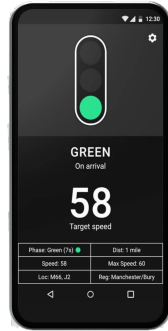
# The gap between technology and societal impact



Waymo

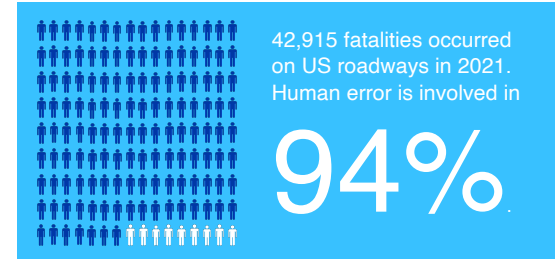


[Tesla Model S]



GLOSA Demo app [1]

Connected and automated vehicle  
(CAV) technologies



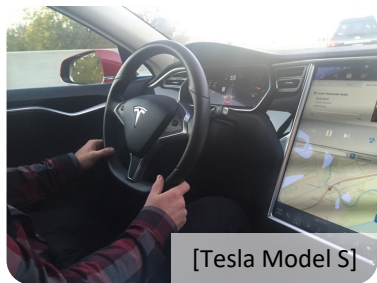
43K annual US fatalities, among leading  
causes of death of young people

Road safety

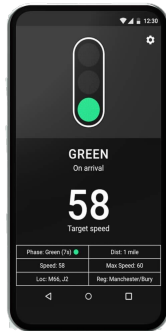
# The gap between technology and societal impact



Waymo



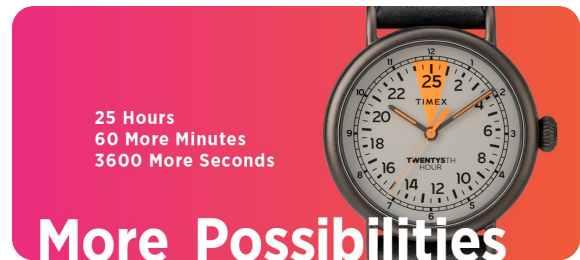
[Tesla Model S]



GLOSA Demo app [1]



Connected and automated vehicle  
(CAV) technologies



1 hour each day / American driver

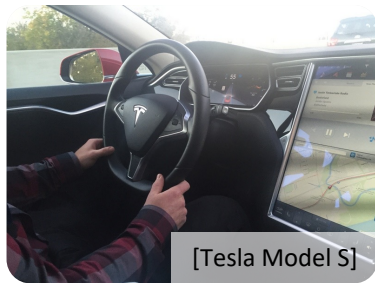
Congestion



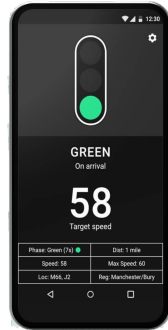
# The gap between technology and societal impact



Waymo

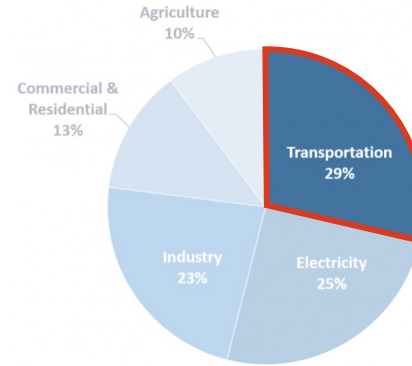


[Tesla Model S]



GLOSA Demo app [1]

Connected and automated vehicle  
(CAV) technologies



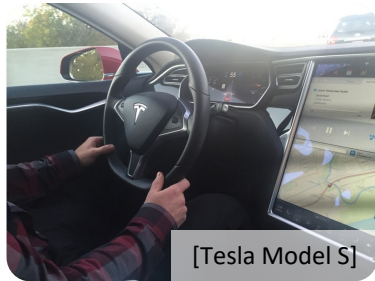
Transportation is the largest contributing sector of greenhouse gas emissions in the US at 29%, mostly on roadways

Environmental impact

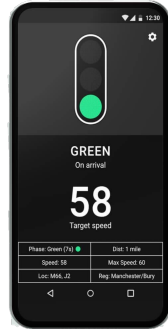
# The gap between technology and societal impact



Waymo



[Tesla Model S]



GLOSA Demo app [1]



Equity

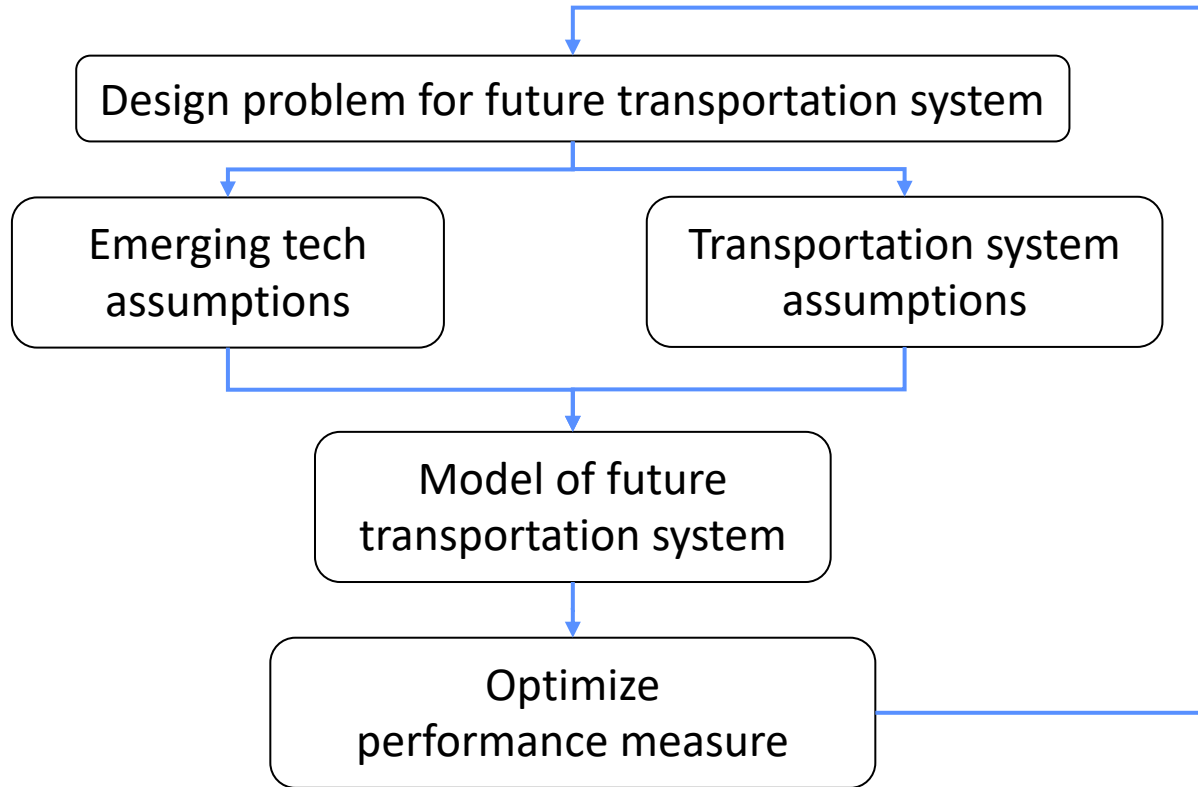
Access

Public health

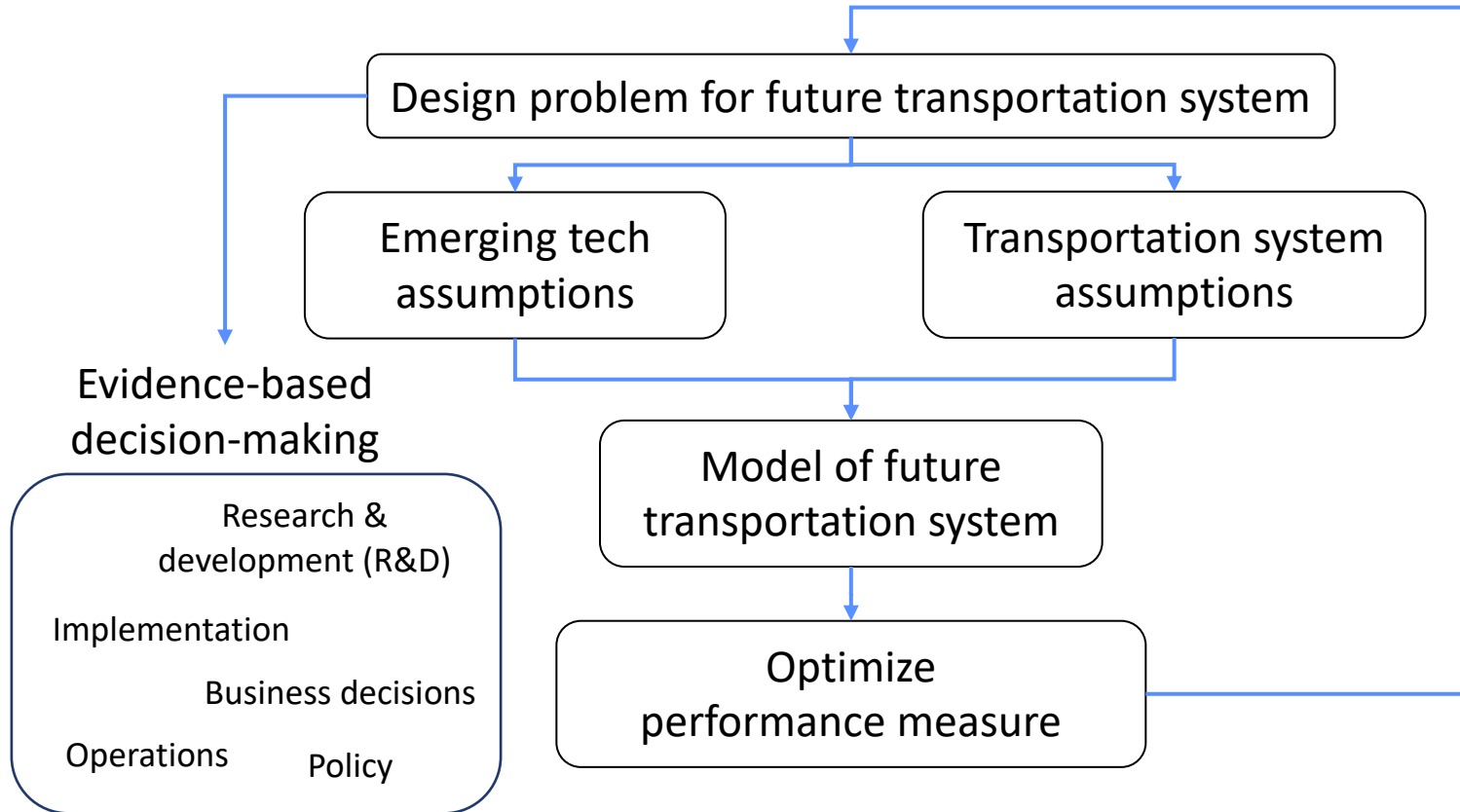
...

Connected and automated vehicle  
(CAV) technologies

# Research flow diagram

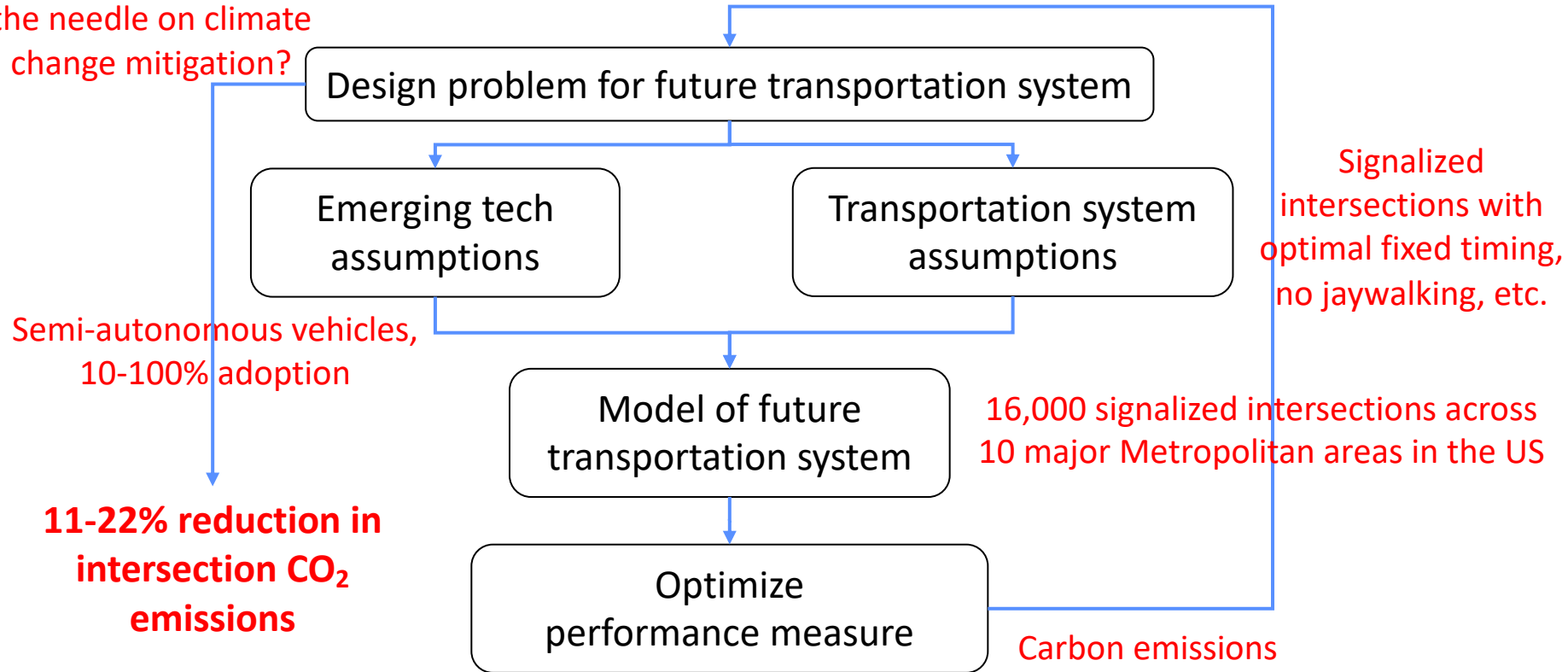


# Research flow diagram

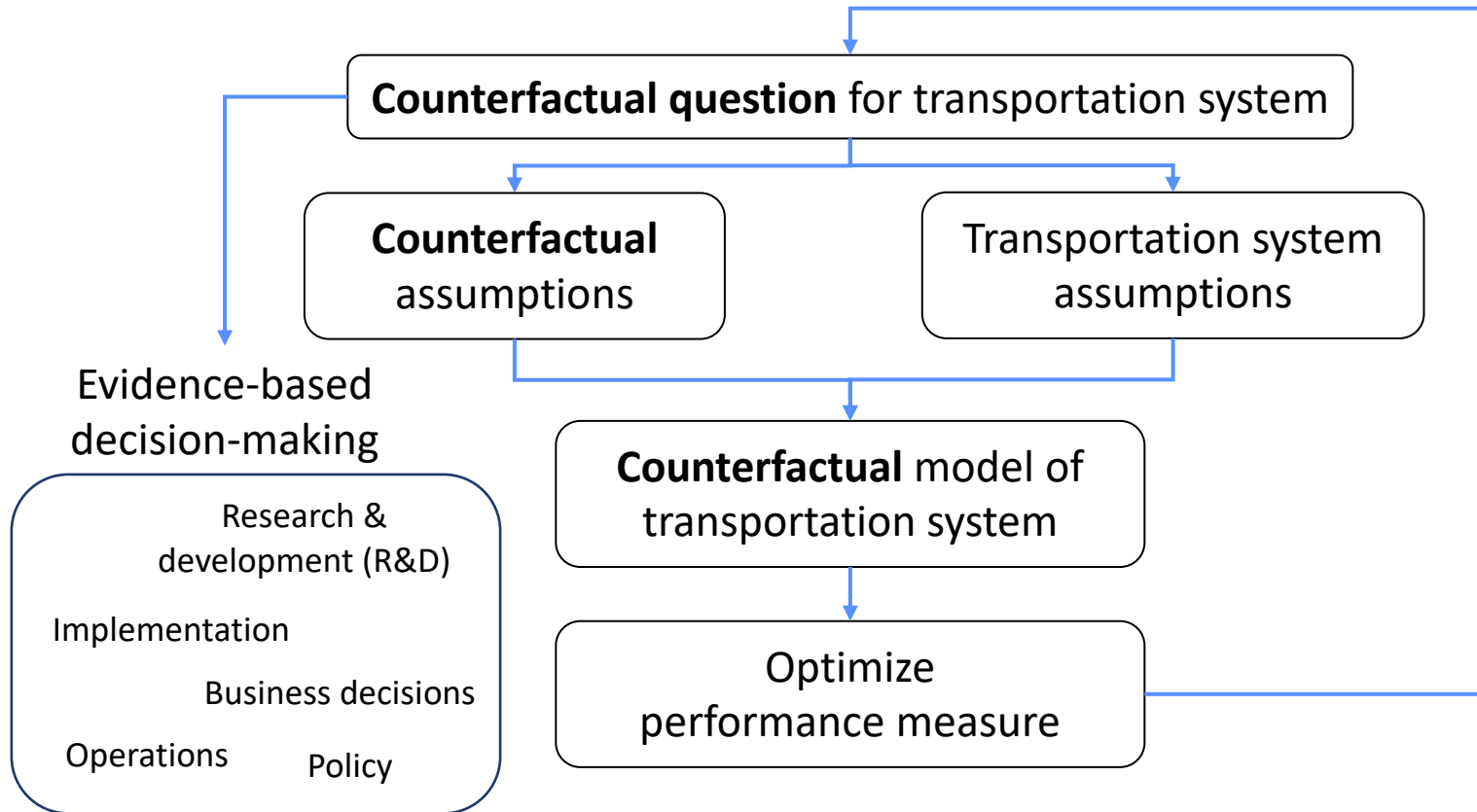


# Ex: Reducing the carbon intensity of urban driving

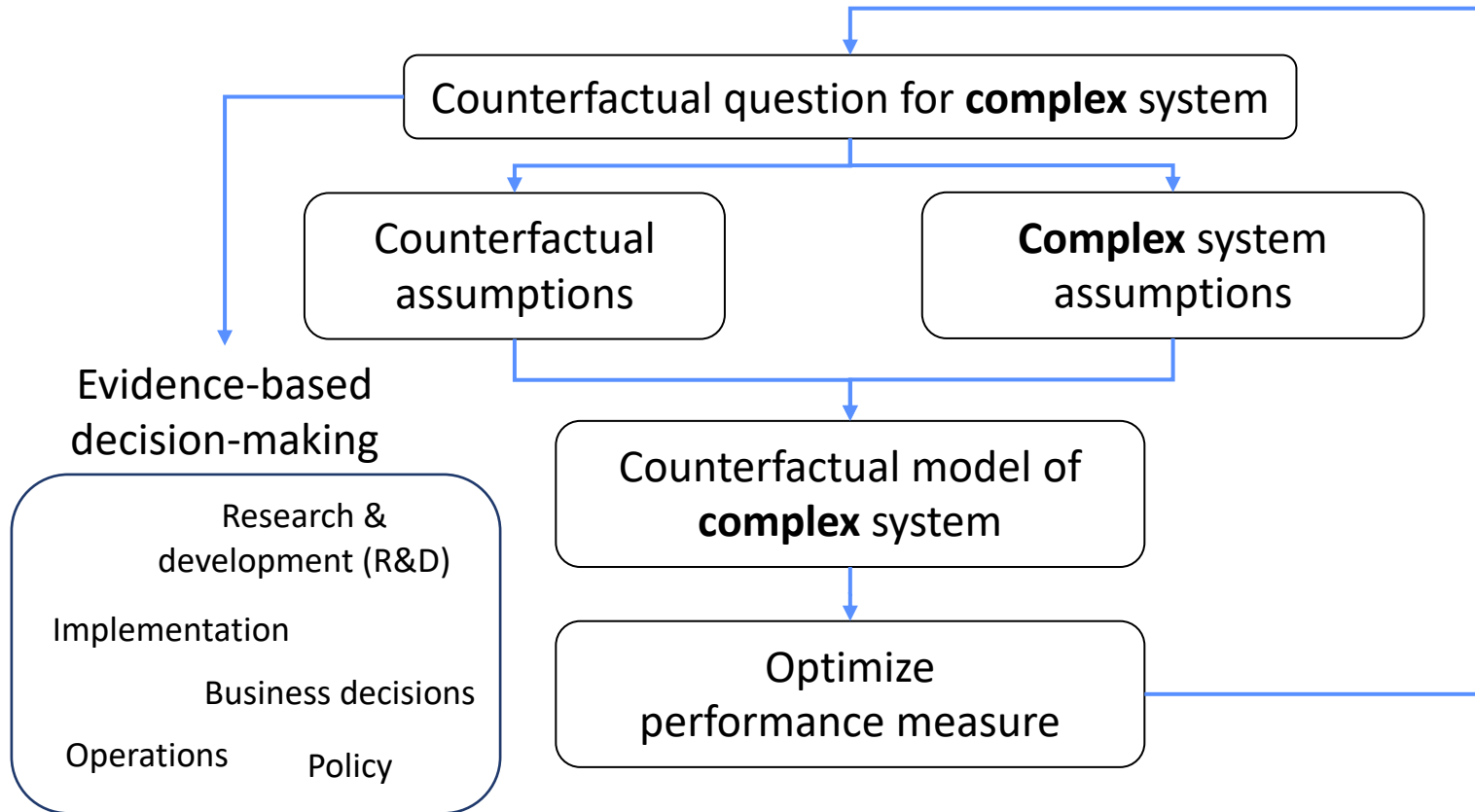
Would eco-driving move  
the needle on climate  
change mitigation?



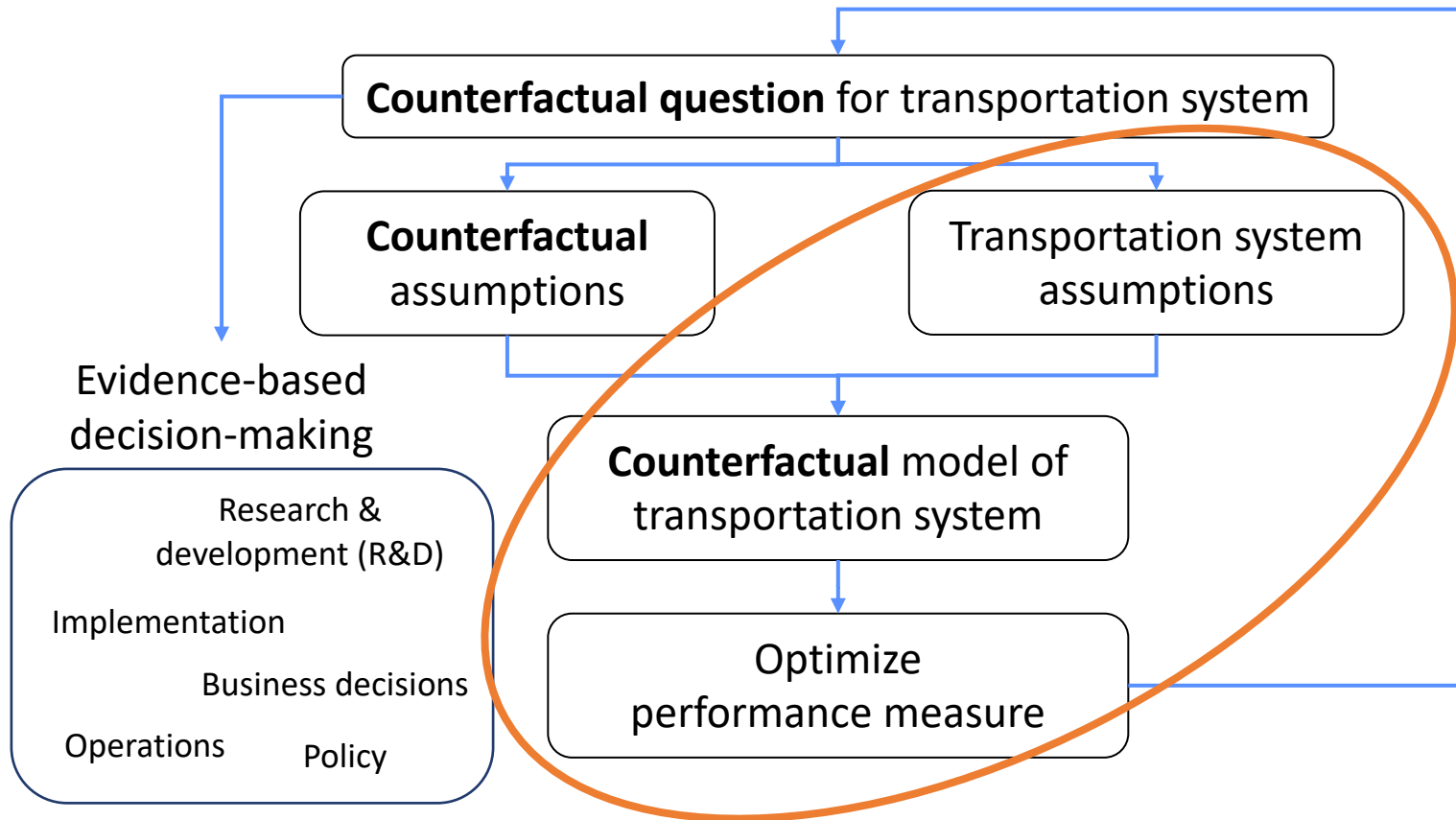
# Evidence-based decision-making at large



# Evidence-based decision-making at large



# Evidence-based decision-making at large



**This  
course**



# MIT Mobility Initiative

- Weekly virtual seminar
- Register to attend:
  - <https://www.mmi.mit.edu/>
- Excellent back catalog of talks since 2020
- Diverse topics spanning mobility, broadly defined
- Great complement to this course

## MOBILITY FORUM

A weekly seminar series, the MIT Mobility Forum offers an opportunity to showcase the groundbreaking transportation research occurring across the Institute. Faculty members and researchers present their latest findings, ideas, and innovations, followed by a lively discussion. More details can be found at [www.mobilityinitiative.mit.edu/mobilityforum](http://www.mobilityinitiative.mit.edu/mobilityforum).

# References

1. Some slides adapted from:
  - Prof. Carolina Osorio (MIT 1.041)
  - Prof. Dan Work (Vanderbilt CE 3501)