

LZW ALGORITHM

6.02 / Dec. 2, 2010

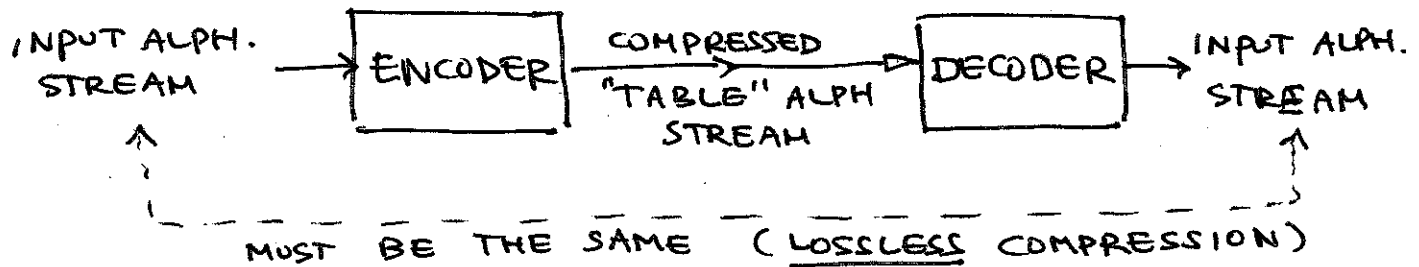
①

TWO ALPHABETS : $\left. \begin{array}{l} * \text{ INPUT ALPHABET} \\ * \text{ "TABLE" ALPHABET} \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \# \text{ OF ELEMENTS} \\ \text{IS TYPICALLY} \\ \text{A POWER OF 2} \end{array}$

INPUT ALPH. $\subset$ "TABLE" ALPH.

EX. IN LECTURE NOTES : INPUT ALPH. = $\underbrace{\{ \text{ALL BYTES} \}}_{256 \text{ SYMBOLS (0..255)}}$

"TABLE" ALPH. = FIRST 2^{12}
NON-NEGATIVE INTEGERS



LZW

ENCODER :

"STATE" : (a) "TABLE" ("STRING TABLE")
A PARTIALLY DEFINED MAPPING
OF "TABLE" ALPH. TO WORDS IN THE
INPUT ALPH.

ALWAYS : INPUT ALPH. $\rightarrow$ CORRESPONDING
SINGLE SYMBOL
WORD

(b) "STRING" : EITHER ~~"NONE"~~ ~~"EMPTY"~~ ""
OR AN EXISTING TABLE ENTRY (EMPTY)
INITIALIZED AT ~~"NONE"~~ ""

UPDATE OF STATE/OUTPUT FOR THE NEXT INCOMING SYMB.

IF STR + NEW IN TABLE :
STR = STR + NEW

ELSE:
SEND (SYMBOL (STR))
ADD TO TABLE (STR + NEW)

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Ex.1 INPUT ALPH. = {0,1}

TABLE ALPH. = {0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7}

INPUT STREAM = "000 000 000 00"

INPUT	S	TBL. INQ.		OUT	TABLE UPD.	
0	—	0	0	—	—	—
0	0	00	—	0	00	2
0	0	00	2	—	—	—
0	2	000	—	2	000	3
0	0	00	2	—	—	—
0	2	000	3	—	—	—
0	3	0000	—	3	0000	4
0	0	00	2	—	—	—
0	2	000	3	—	—	—
0	3	0000	4	—	—	—
0	4	00000	—	4	00000	5
1	0	—	—	0	—	—

"COMPRESSED"
STREAM:

"02340"

(WE ACTUALLY
HAVE NOT WON
ANYTHING YET)

LZW DECODER

STATE : (a) CURRENT TABLE (INITIALIZED IN ITS "MINIMAL" FORM)
(b) LAST SYMBOL TO ARRIVE (INITIALIZED AT "NOTHING")

UPDATE OF STATE/OUTPUT :

OUTPUT : TABLE (LAST SYMBOL)

→ ADD TO TABLE : TABLE (LAST SYMB.) + FIRST SYMB (TABLE (NEW))

LAST = NEW

"NEW", WHEN
"LAST"
ARE NOT
"NOTHING"

6.02/Dec. 2, 2010Ex. 2 INPUT ALPH. = $\{0, 1, \dots, 255\}$ (bytes)TABLE ALPH. = $\{0, 1, \dots, 4095\}$ (typical)COMPRESSED STREAM = $\{5, 7, 7, 5, 259, 5\}$

ORIGINAL STREAM = ?

IN	LAST	OUT	TABLE UPD.
5	—	—	—
7	5	5	256 : (5, 7)
7	7	7	257 : (7, 7)
5	7	7	258 : (7, 5)
259	5	5	259 : (5, 5)
5	259	(5, 5)	260 : (5, 5, 5)
—	5	5	—

RECONSTRUCTED
STREAM = $(5, 7, 7, 5, 5, 5, 5)$ Ex. 3 IN THE SETUP OF Ex. 2, ~~IS~~ IS IT POSSIBLE
TO HAVE A COMPRESSION RATE OF 5000?ANSW (FOR SOME INPUT SEQUENCE?)ANSWER: NOWHY?IF THE TABLE ENCODES A SEQUENCE
OF LENGTH $n > 1$, IT ALSO
ENCODES A SEQUENCE OF LENGTH $n-1$!HENCE MAX. LENGTH OF A SEQUENCE
FROM A TABLE IS 3841, IN WHICH
CASE 12 bits ENCODE $8 \cdot 3841$ BITS.HENCE COMPRESSION RATE $\leq \frac{8 \cdot 3841}{12} \ll 5000$