

MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Fall 2002
 Quiz 3

6.251/15.081
 12/11/02 (2:35-3:55 p.m., in class)

Problem 1. (25 points)

Consider the assignment problem with arc costs c_{ij} as indicated in Figure 1 and suppose that the projects' prices (rewards) are also as shown.

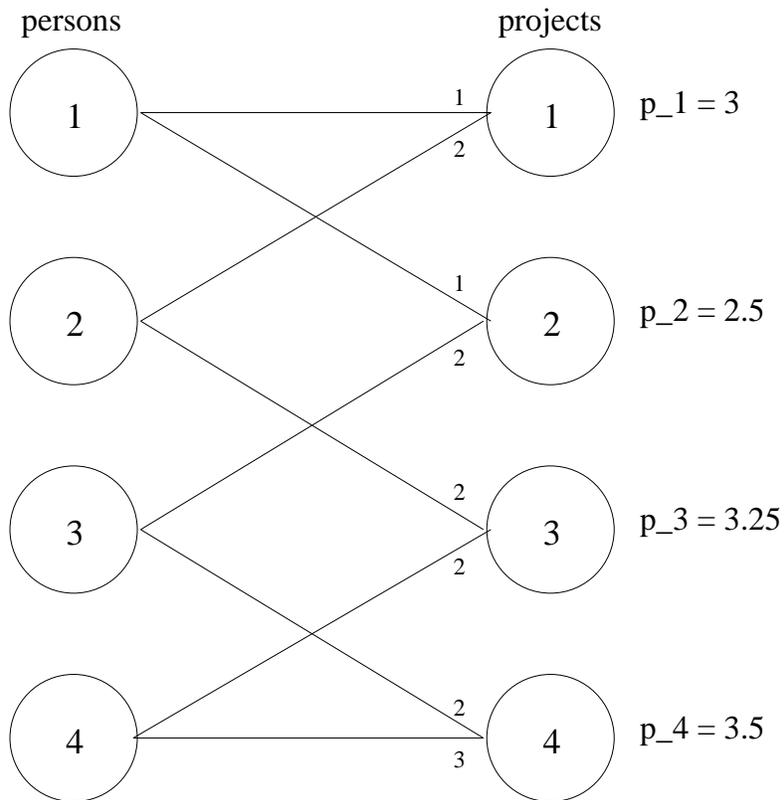


Figure 1: Assignment scenario for problem 1.

- (a) Construct a partial assignment involving only persons 2 and 4 that satisfies ϵ -complementary slackness, for $\epsilon = 1/4$.
- (b) Starting from these prices and this partial assignment, and with $\epsilon = 1/4$, carry out one iteration of the auction algorithm.

Problem 2. (25 points)

We are given an undirected graph with n nodes, and three possible labels. We are interested in deciding whether we can associate a label to each node, so that any two nodes connected by an edge have different labels. Formulate an integer linear programming problem which is feasible if and only if such a labeling is possible.

Problem 3. (25 points)

Consider an uncapacitated network flow problem with integer data (i.e., the supplies b_i and the arc costs c_{ij} are all integer). Suppose that we have a nondegenerate basic feasible solution \mathbf{f} and a dual feasible solution \mathbf{p} that satisfies satisfy ϵ -complementary slackness:

$$\text{if } f_{ij} > 0, \quad \text{then } p_i \geq c_{ij} + p_j - \epsilon.$$

Assume that $\epsilon < 1/(n - 1)$. Show that \mathbf{f} is optimal. [*Hint:* Say something about the cost of interesting cycles; alternatively, bound the cost of \mathbf{f} .]

Problem 4. (25 points)

Let

$$S_{\text{IP}} = \{\mathbf{x} \text{ integer} \mid \mathbf{Ax} \leq \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{x} \geq \mathbf{0}\}.$$

Also, given a vector \mathbf{p} , let

$$S(\mathbf{p}) = \{\mathbf{x} \mid \lfloor \mathbf{p}'\mathbf{A} \rfloor \mathbf{x} \leq \lfloor \mathbf{p}'\mathbf{b} \rfloor\}.$$

(a) Show that if $\mathbf{p} \geq \mathbf{0}$, then

$$S_{\text{IP}} \subseteq S(\mathbf{p}).$$

(b) Assume that the set $\{\mathbf{Ax} \leq \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{x} \text{ integer}\}$ is finite. Let

$$z_D = \max_{\mathbf{q} \geq \mathbf{0}} \min\{\mathbf{c}'\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{q}'\mathbf{x} \mid \mathbf{Ax} \leq \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{x} \text{ integer}\},$$

be the value of the Lagrangean dual, if we relax and dualize the constraints $\mathbf{x} \geq \mathbf{0}$. Also, let

$$\begin{aligned} z_P = \quad & \min \quad \mathbf{c}'\mathbf{x} \\ & \text{subject to} \quad \lfloor \mathbf{p}'\mathbf{A} \rfloor \mathbf{x} \leq \lfloor \mathbf{p}'\mathbf{b} \rfloor, \quad \forall \mathbf{p} \geq \mathbf{0} \\ & \mathbf{x} \geq \mathbf{0}. \end{aligned}$$

Show that $z_P \leq z_D$.

Note: The optimization problem that defines z_P involves infinitely many constraints. It turns out that these constraints define a polyhedron, but the problem can be solved without appealing to this fact.