

Central Square Retrofit

Transforming the Mass Ave. corridor into a pedestrian centered live-work environment



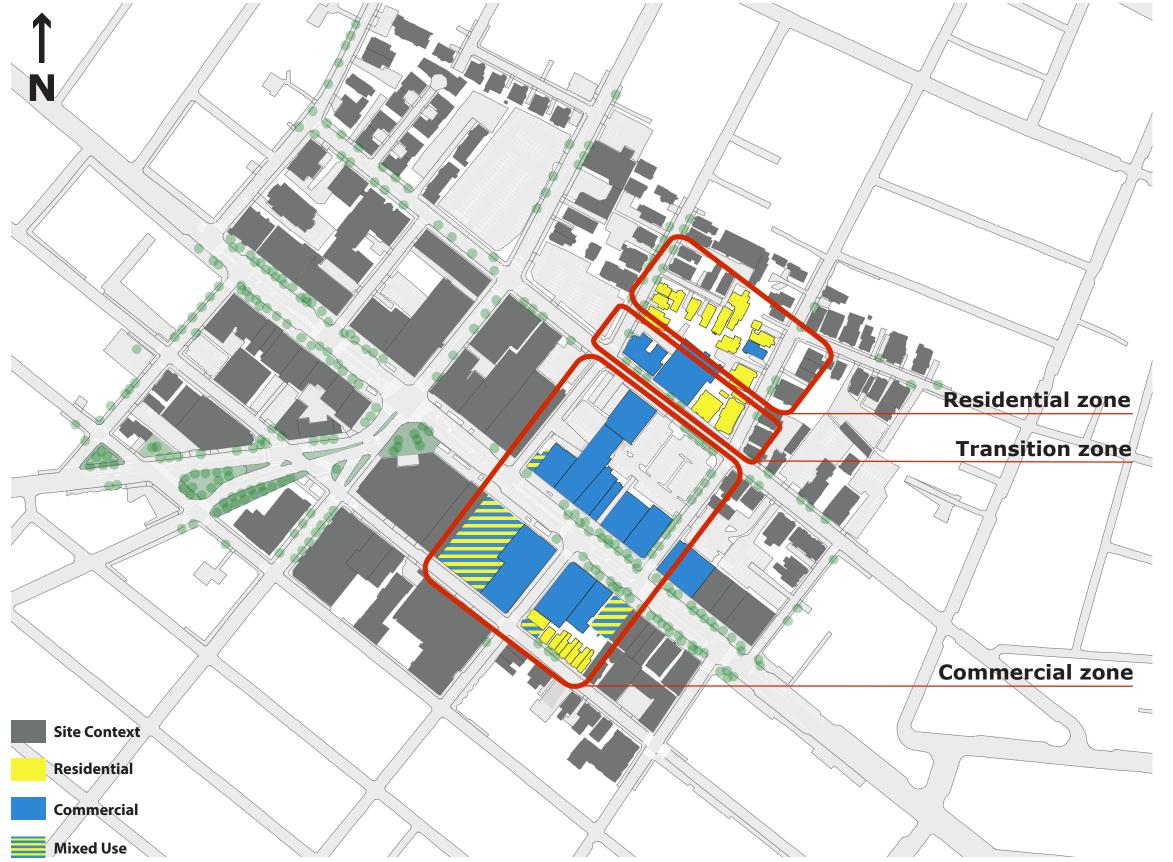






Land Use Map_Existing





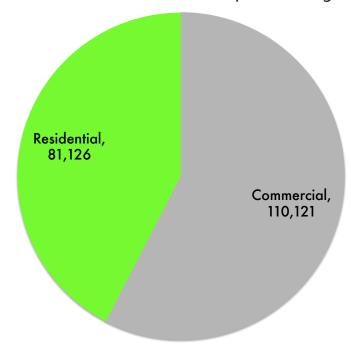




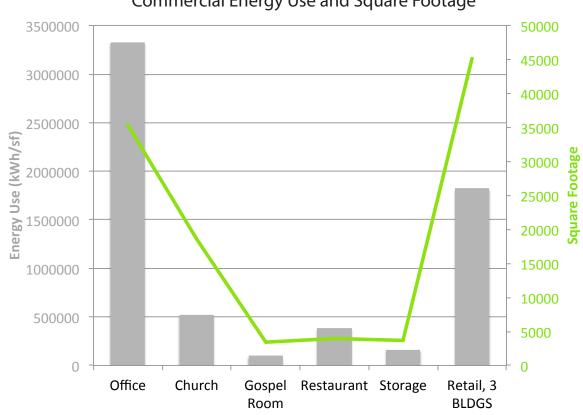




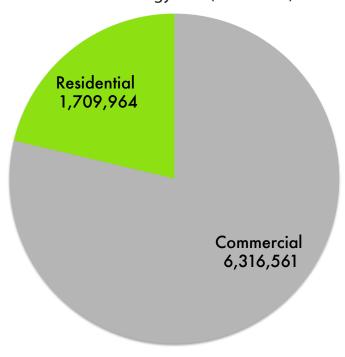




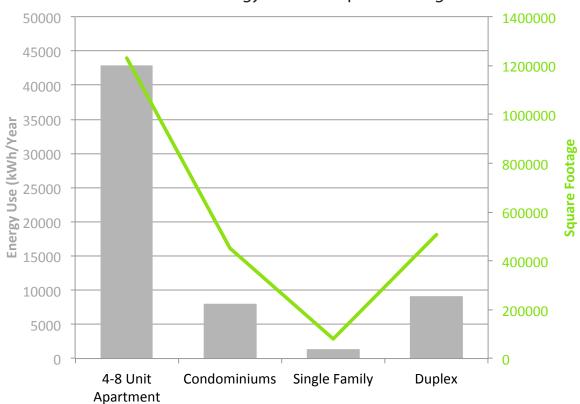
Commercial Energy Use and Square Footage





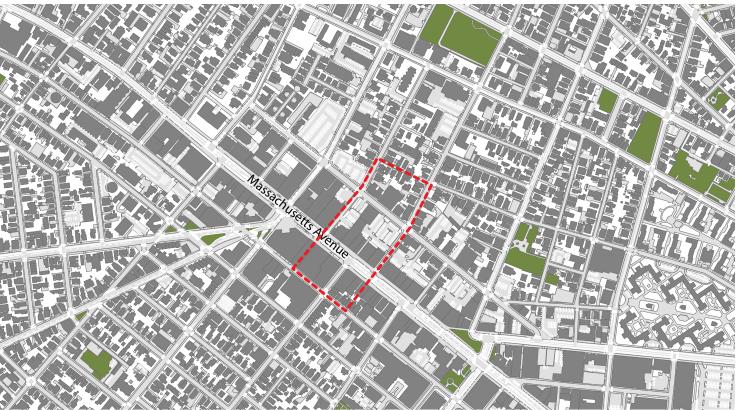


Residential Energy Use and Square Footage

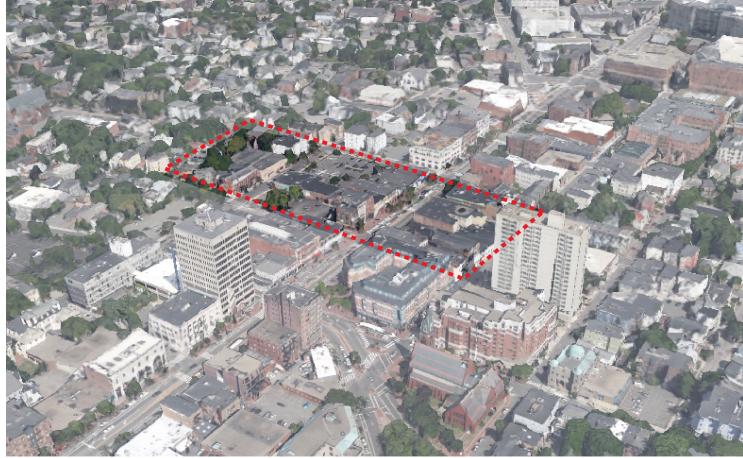


Constraints

- Lack of open space and public parks.
- Lack of mixed use buildings and a live/work environment
- Deep floor plate buildings along the Mass Ave corridor lack natural daylight.
- Unpleasant wind conditions along Mass Ave, and a lack of trees or other wind blocking system.
- Abundant parking lots generate minimal revenue, and cause a division between the residential and commercial districts.
- Excessive impermeable areas cause urban heat island effect, and hamper water drainage.
- No permanent community gathering space like a farmersmarket or outdoor venue.
- Lack of pedestrian throughway connections between Mass Ave corridor and residential neighborhoods.



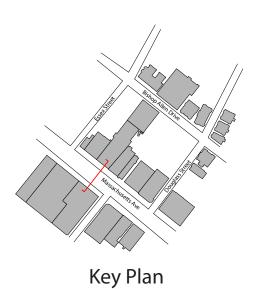
Open Space GIS Layer - Central Square



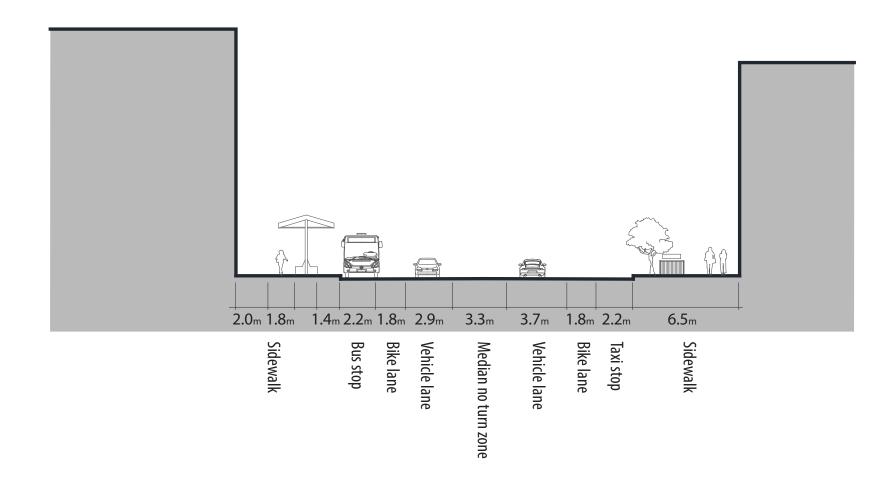
Aerial Image of Central Square

Central Square, Cambridge | Retrofit Sections



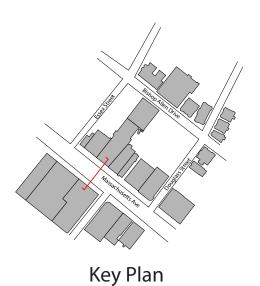


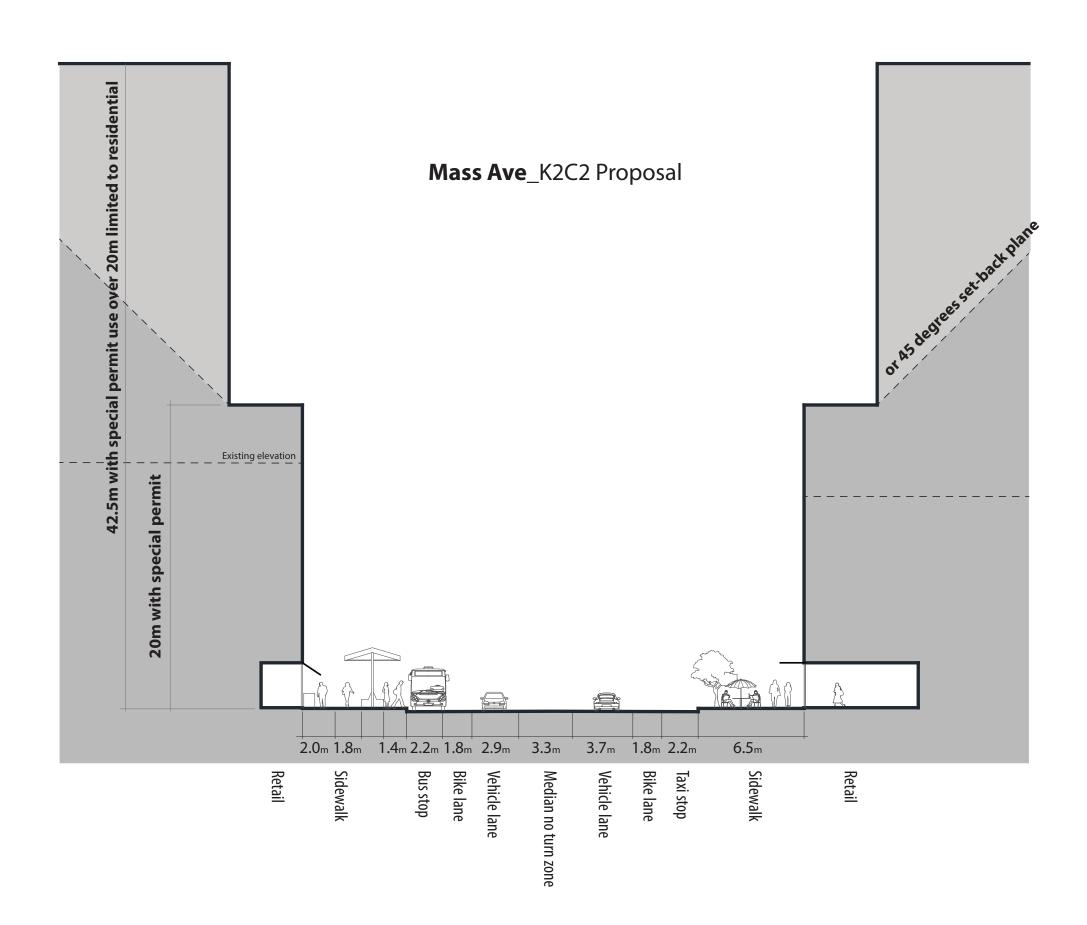
Mass Ave_Existing



Central Square, Cambridge | Retrofit Sections

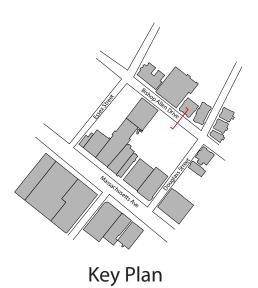




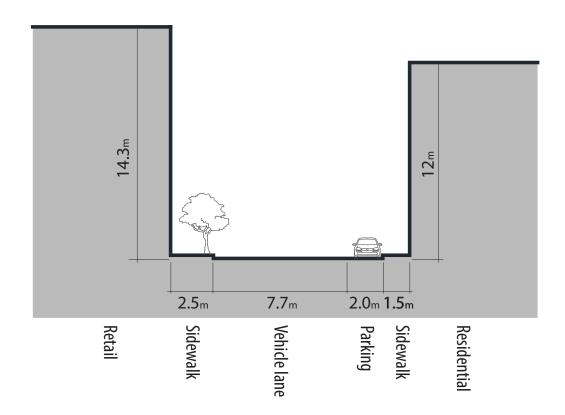


Central Square, Cambridge | Retrofit Sections



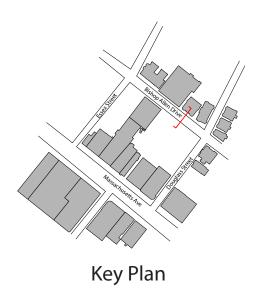


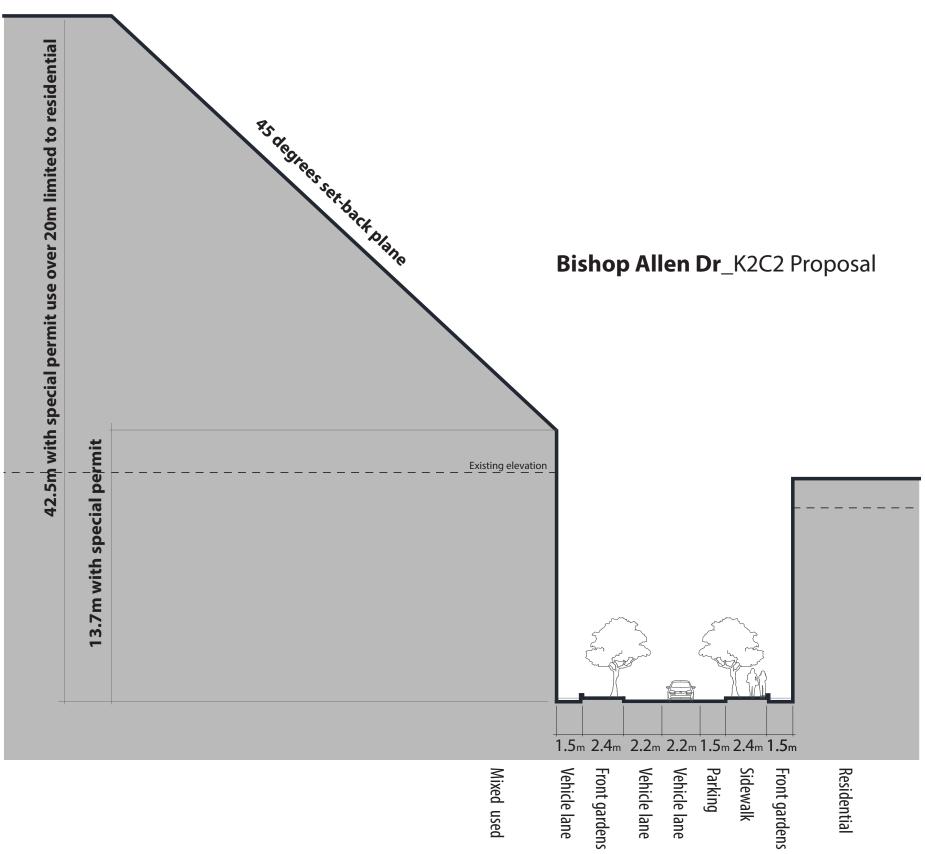
Bishop Allen Dr_Existing



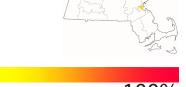


Sections



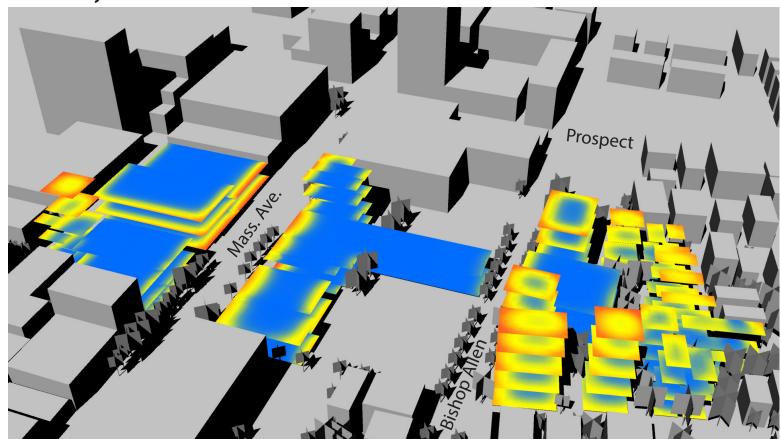


Continuous Daylight Autonomy

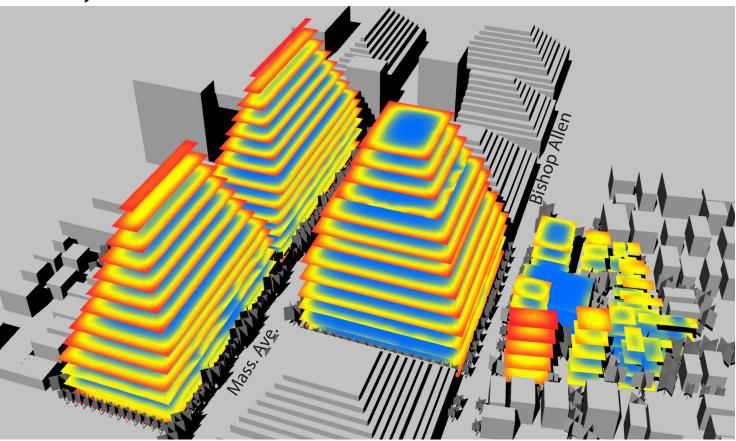


0% 100%

29% Daylit



33% Daylit



K2C2 Proposal

Existing

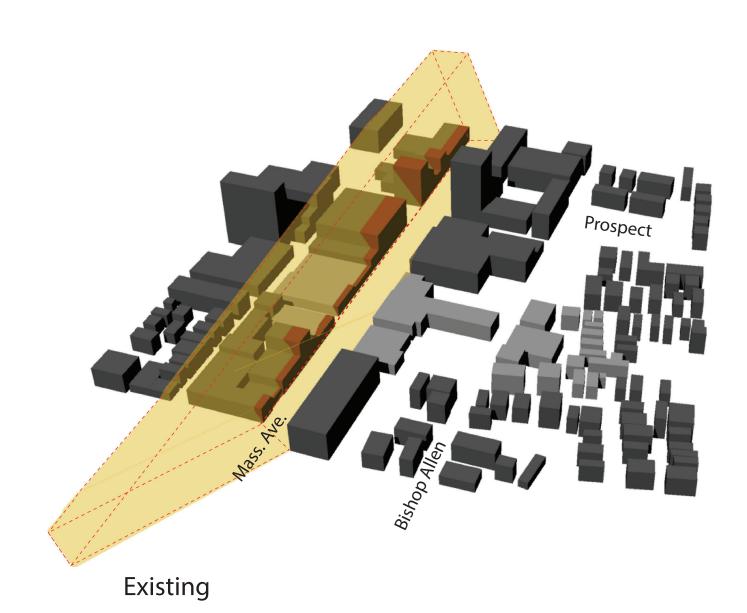


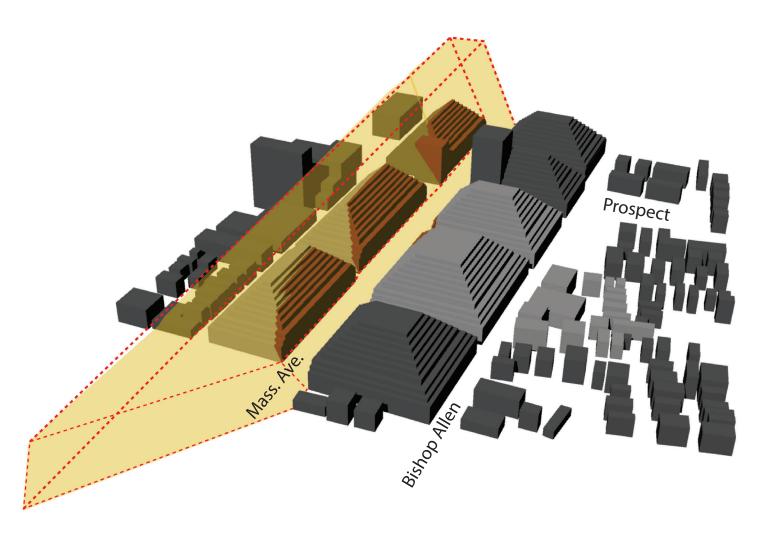


Non-Daylight Areas
Below 300 lux
Less than 50% of occupied hours

Solar Fan_Mass Ave



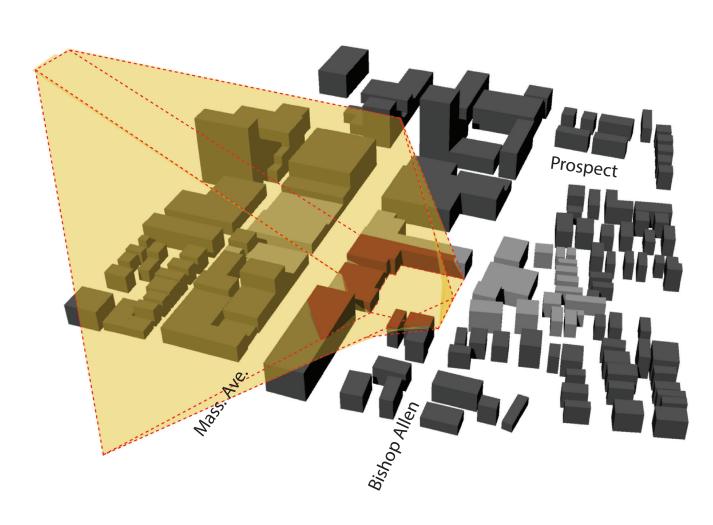


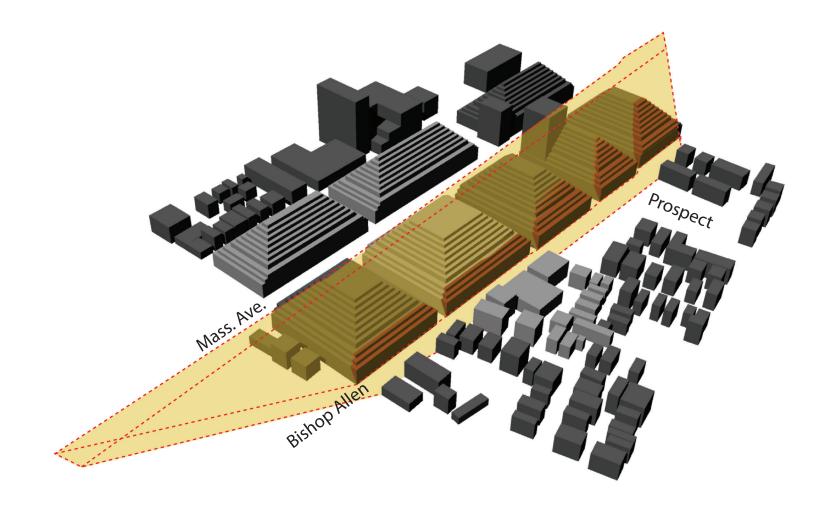


K2C2 Proposal

Solar Fan_Parking Lot





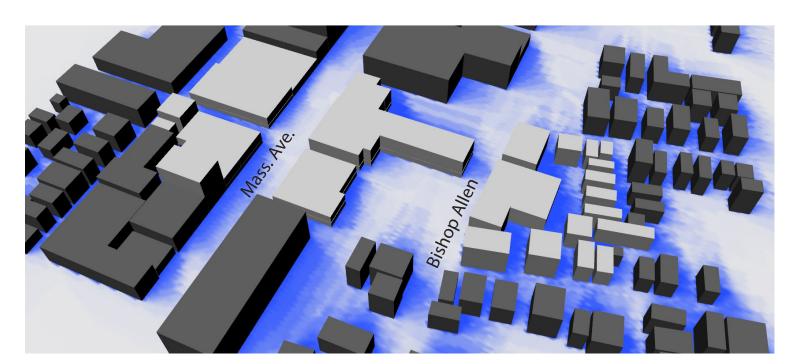


Existing K2C2 Proposal

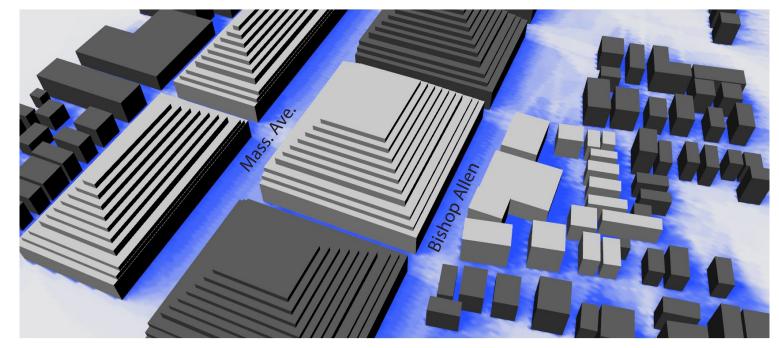
Outdoor Comfort_Winter



Uncomfortable (Cold) Below 5 C and no direct sunlight January - February - March





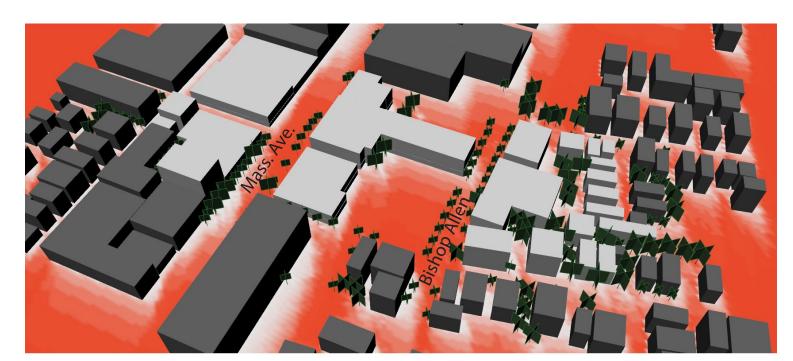


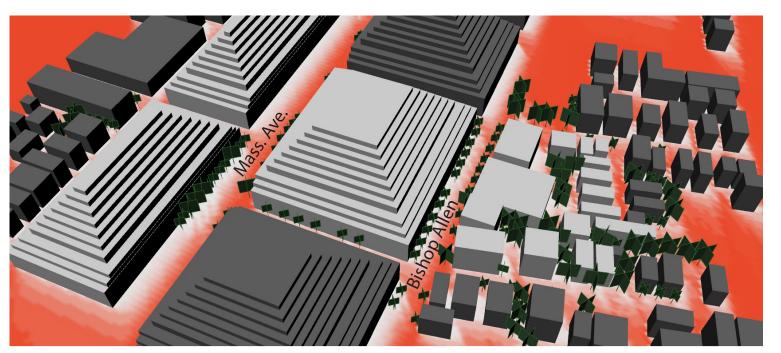
K2C2 Proposal

Outdoor Comfort_Summer



Uncomfortable (Hot) Above 28 C and direct sunlight June - July - August

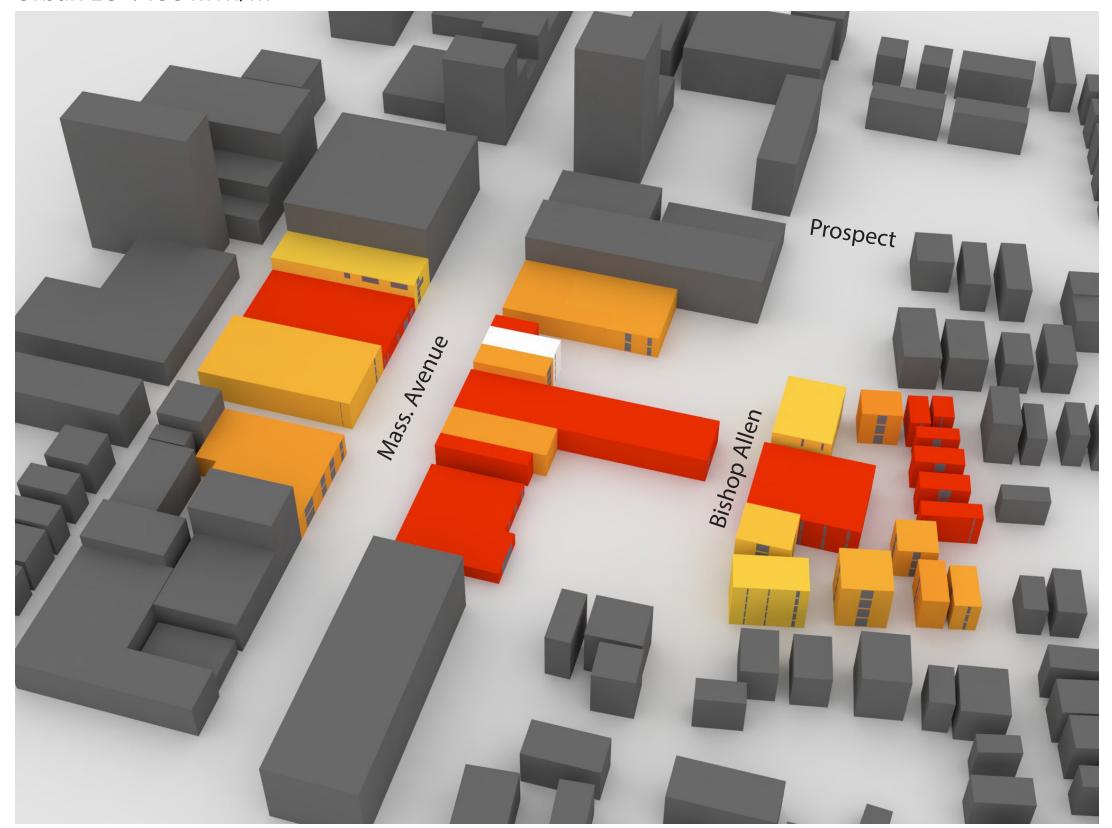


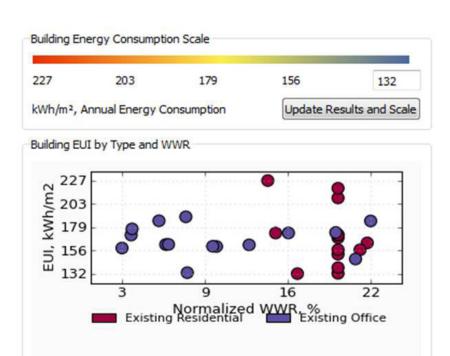


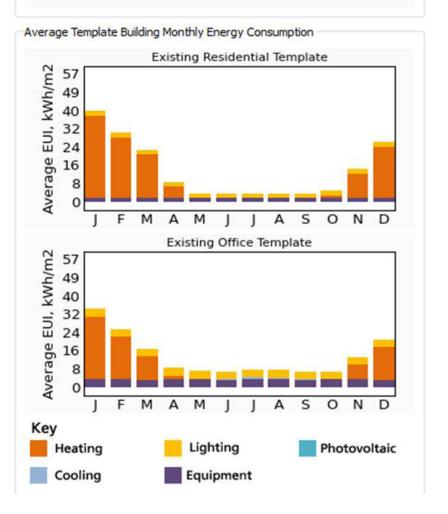
K2C2 Proposal Existing

UMI_Existing

Urban EUI: 158 kWh/m²

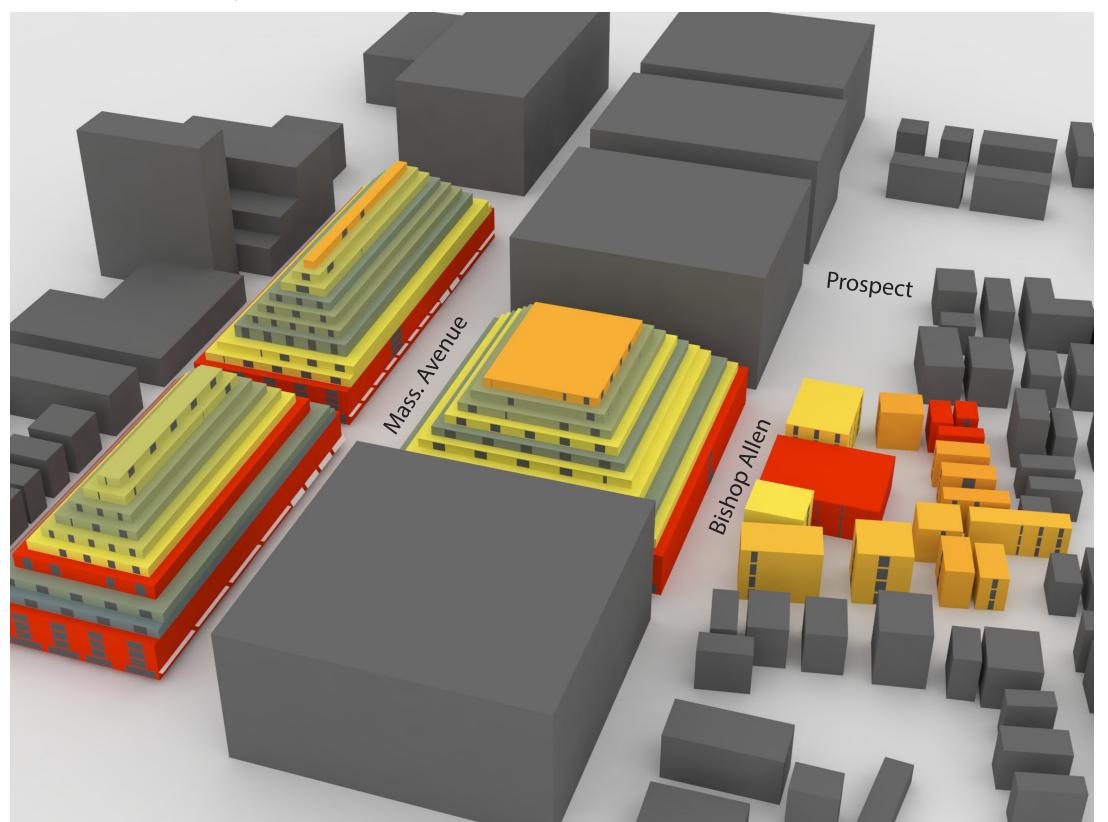




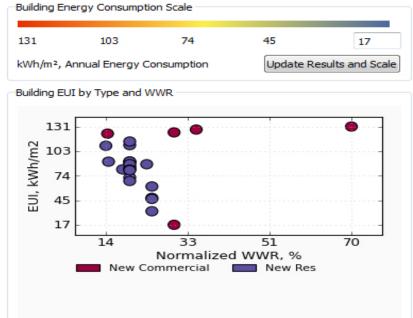


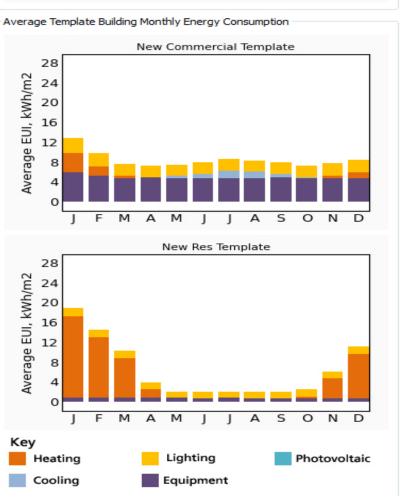
UMI_K2C2 Proposal

Urban EUI: 133 kWh/m²









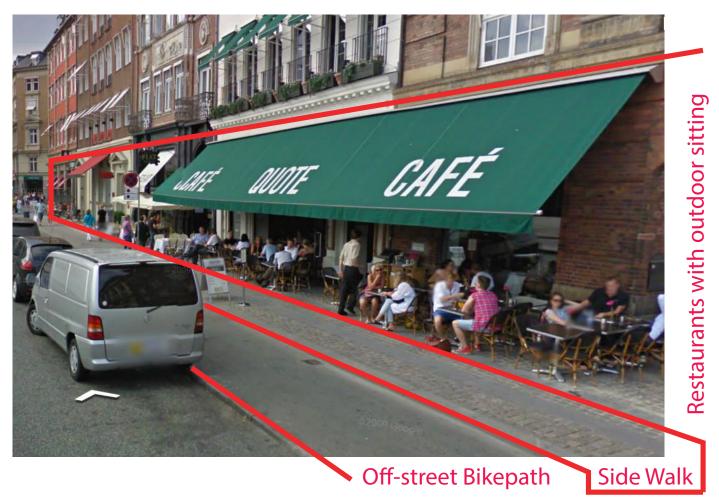
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Transit:

- Integrate defined and seperated bikepaths for safer cycling. This would alleviate the current conflict between cyclists and buses.
- Improve the pedestrian experience by allowing cafes to add outdoor seating to sidewalk areas at their facades. Encourage mobile food vendors for increased activity along Mass Ave. corridor.
- Build additional bus stops outside of bikelanes with improved rain and wind protection. Integrate timers and other technology to display bus schedueles and arrival times.

Streetscapes/Greenspace:

- Plan for more deciduous street trees along sidewalks to improve shading for homes and sidewalks in summer.
- Compare options of replacing parking lots with open space VS mixed use development. Pocket parks and pedestrian only streets can reactivate underutilized spaces.
- Integrate green roofs into commercial and residential buildings to counteract the urban heat island effect, lower the urban EUI, and provide additional open spaces for added density.





Central Square, Cambridge | Retrofit Massing:

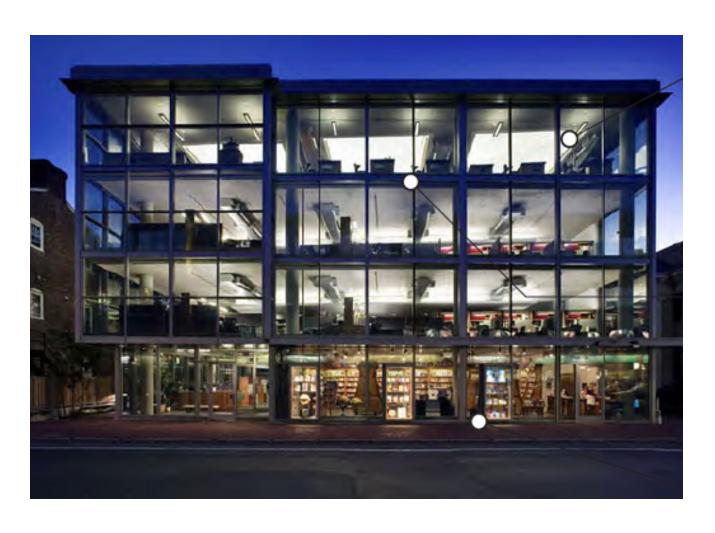
- Tactfully add density to the Mass Ave corridor without causing excessive shading to facades or sidewalks.
- Divide deep floor plate commercial buildings to open up the blocks for optimized daylighting. Improve the quality of the office environment.
- Utilize micro-units and other residential types to add diversity to housing options in the Central Square area. Compact footprint residential towers allow for better access to daylight and natural ventilation.

Facades:

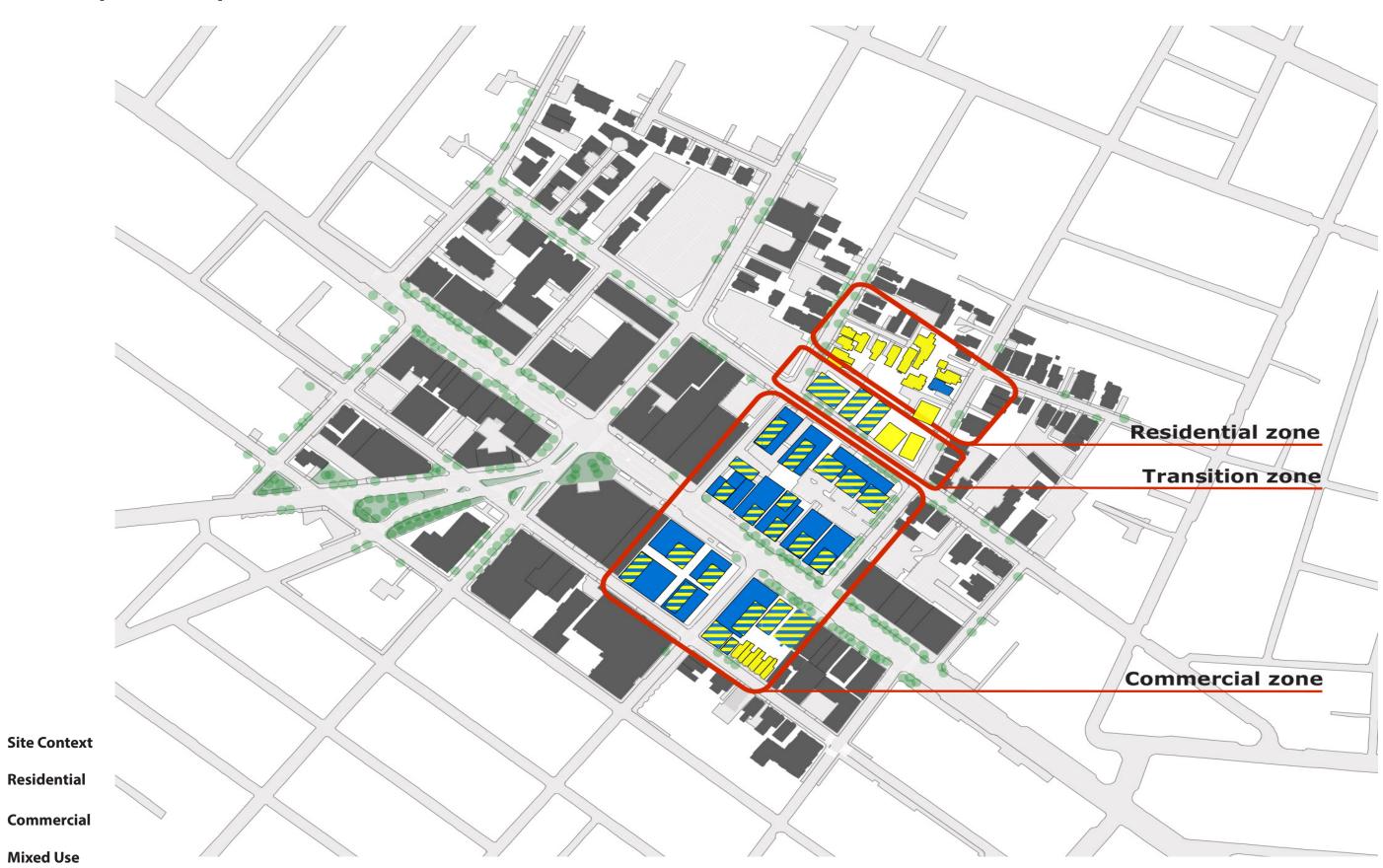
- Measure the impact of proposed high window to wall ratios and transparency for the commercial facades. Utilize urban daylighting tool to compare massing and WWR options.
- Measure the impact of sidewalk awnings and shading devices on commercial/residential facades.
- Cater facade design and transparency Measure the impact of sidewalk awnings and shading devices on commercial/residential facades.



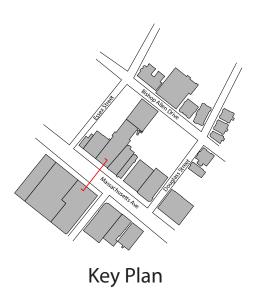


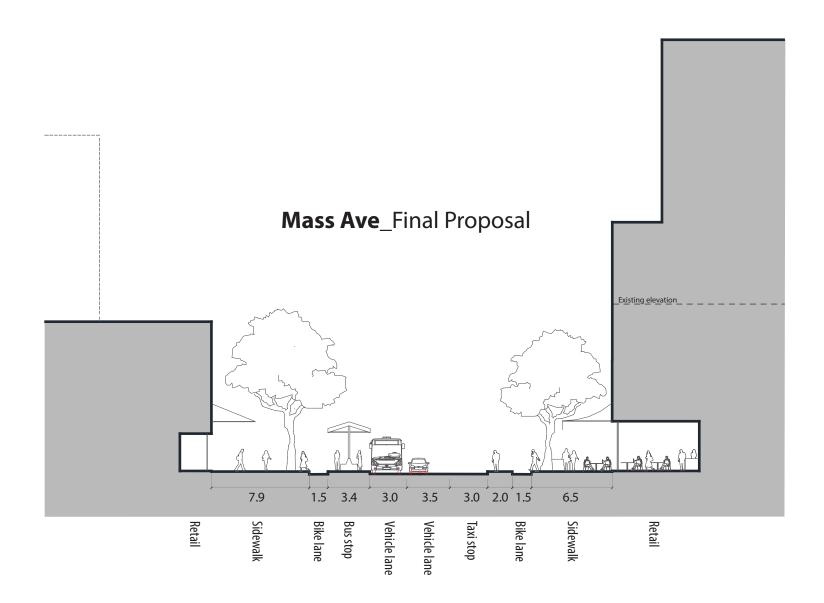


Land Use Map_Final Proposal

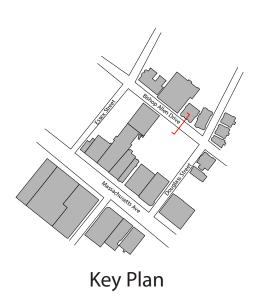




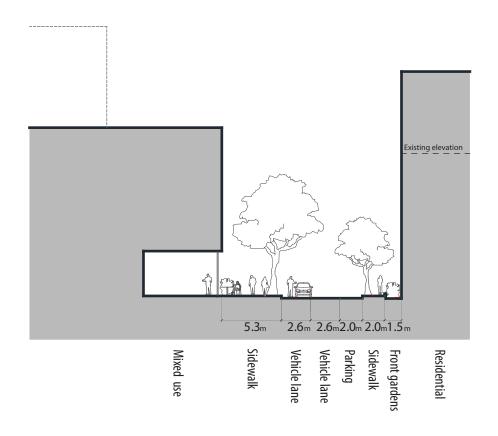






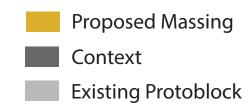


Bishop Allen Drive_Final Proposal



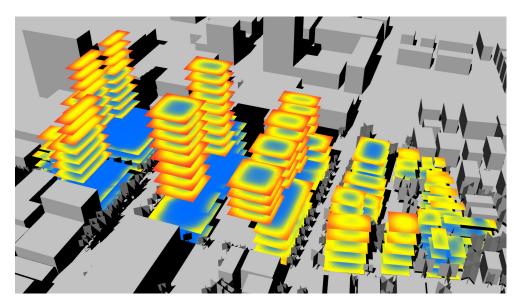
Birds Eye View_Final Proposal



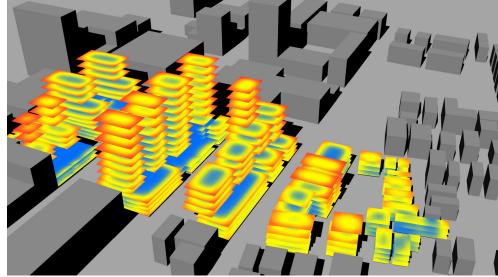


Central Square, Cambridge | Retrofit Continuous Daylight Autonomy





Proposal 1



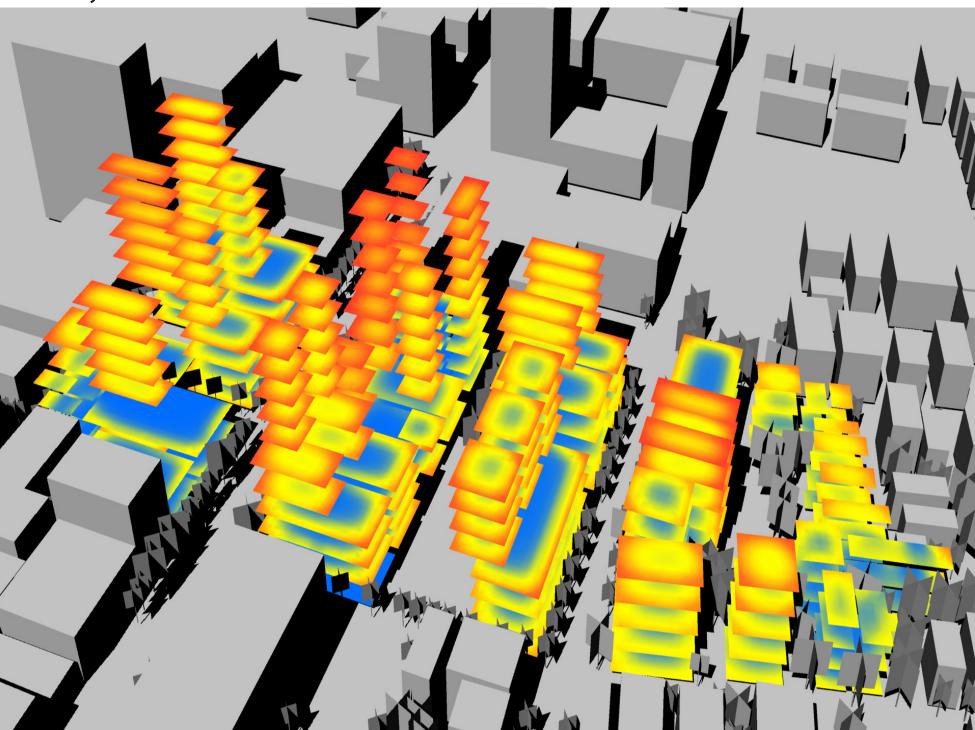
Proposal 2



Well-Daylight Areas

Non-Daylight Areas
Below 300 lux
Less than 50% of occupied hours

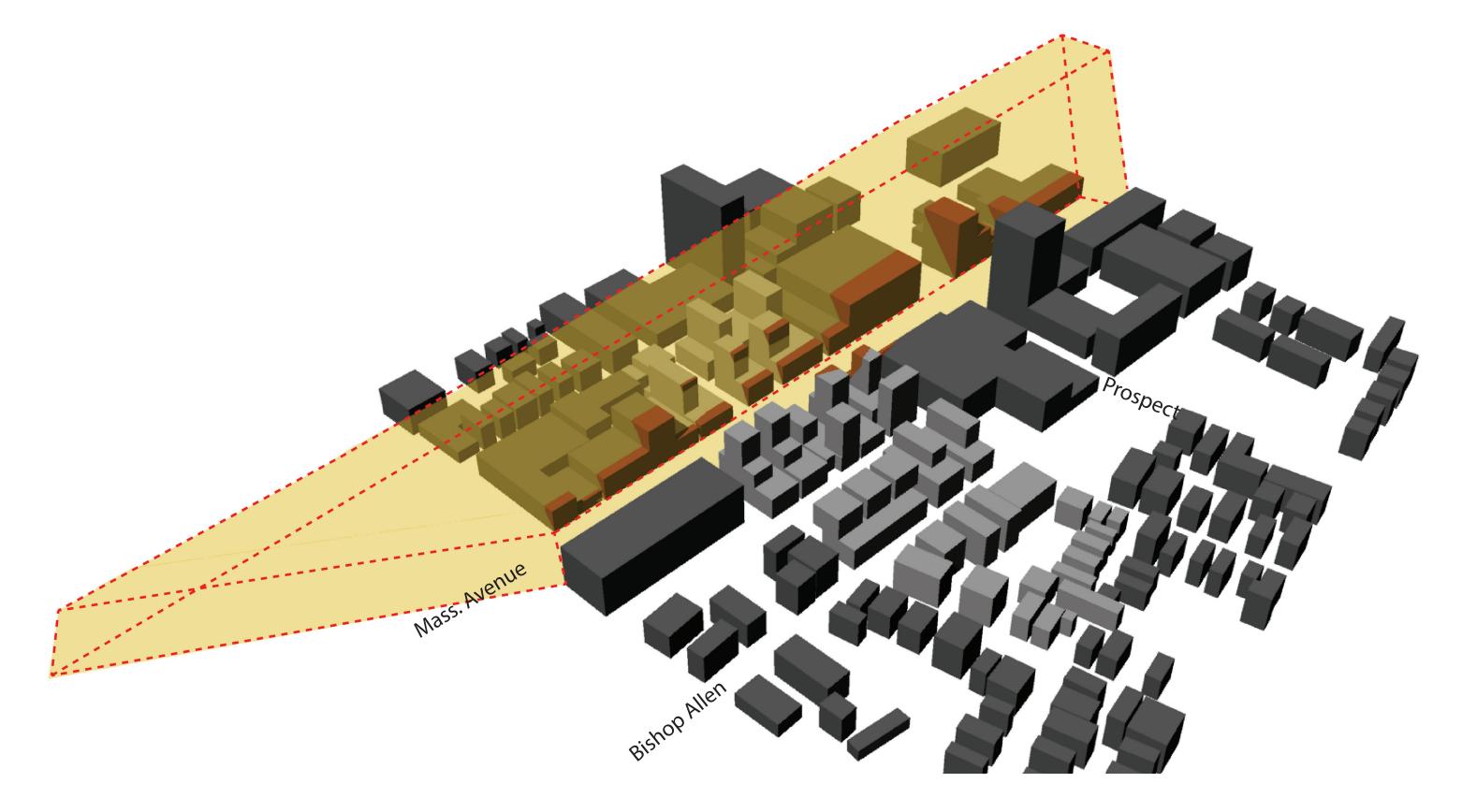
39 % Daylit



Final Proposal

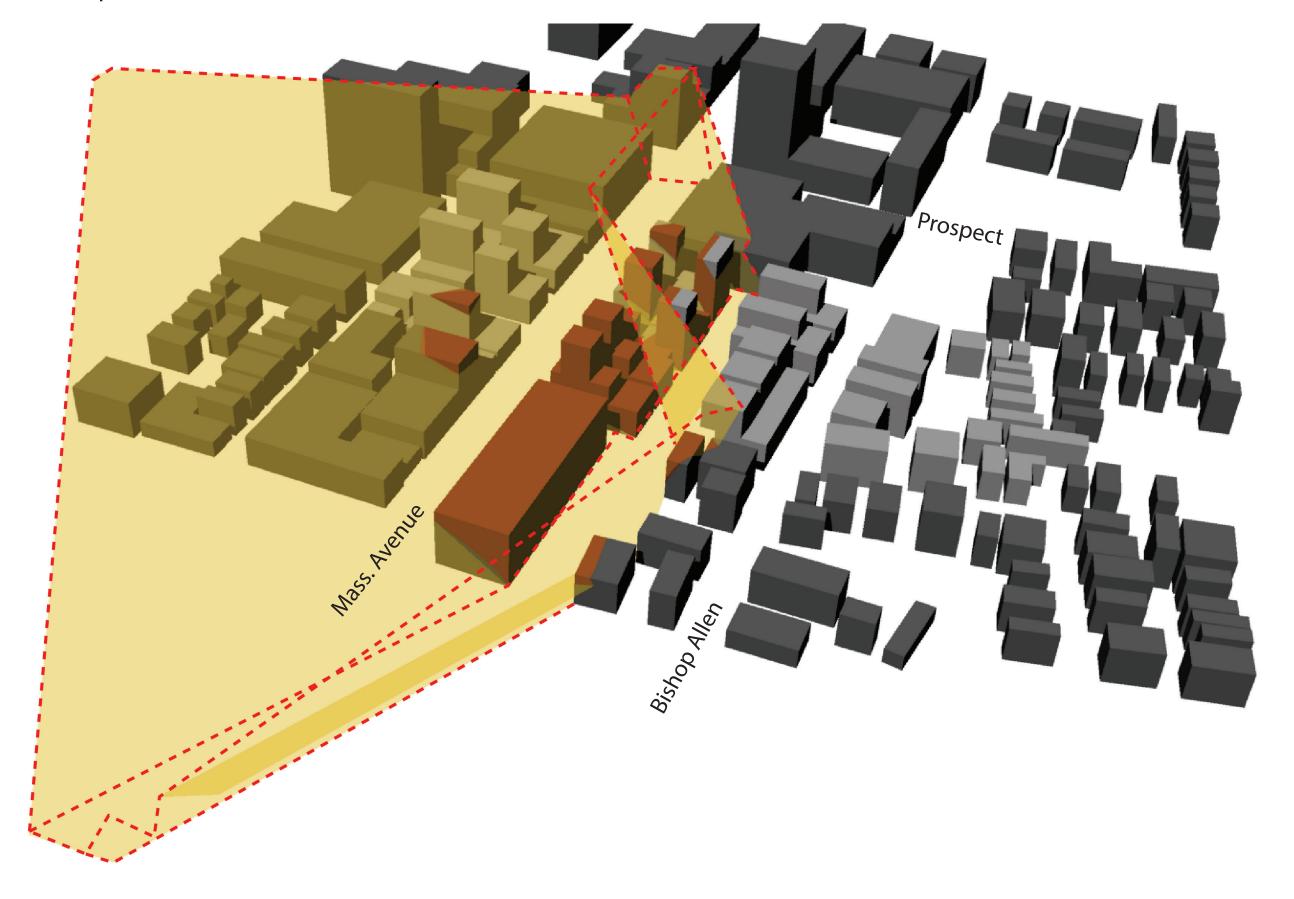
Solar Fan_ Final Proposal Mass Ave





Solar Fan_Final Proposal Pedestrian street

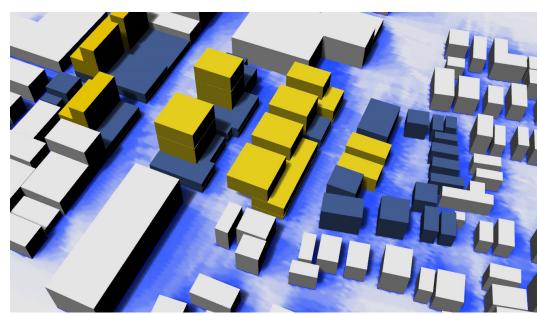




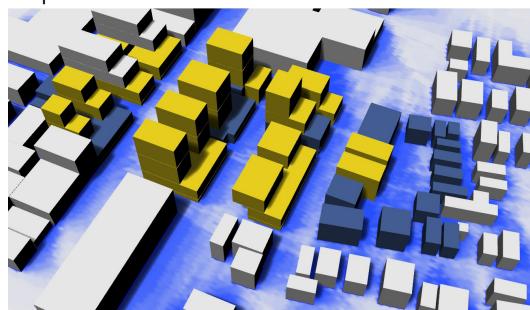
Outdoor Comfort_Proposals 1,2, & Final



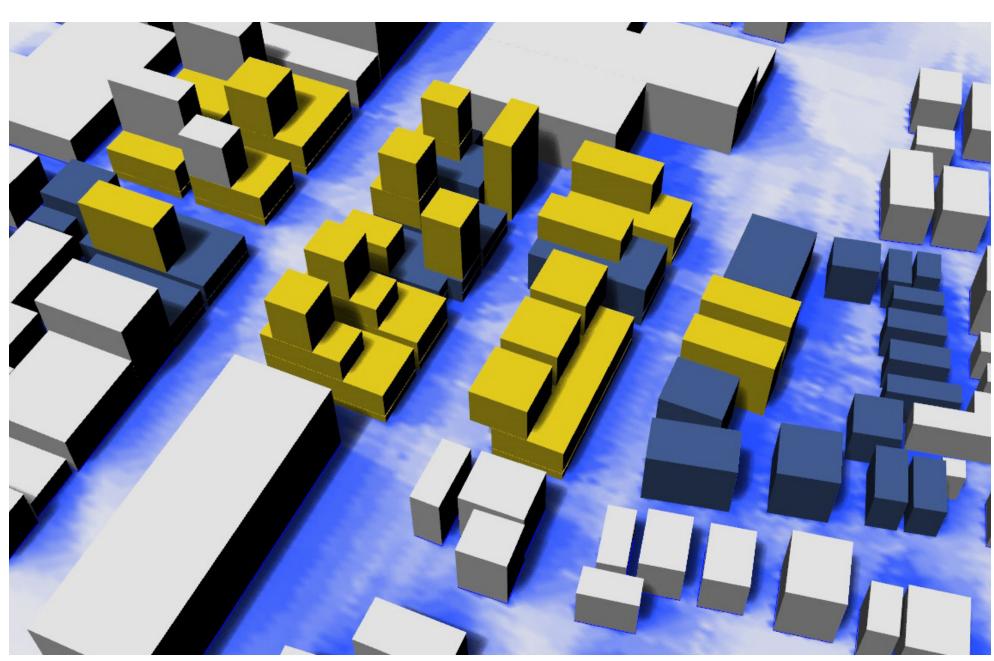
Uncomfortable (Cold)
Below 5 C and no direct sunlight
January - February - March



Proposal 1



Proposal 2

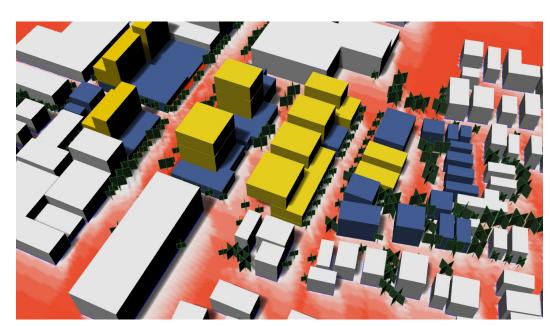


Final Proposal

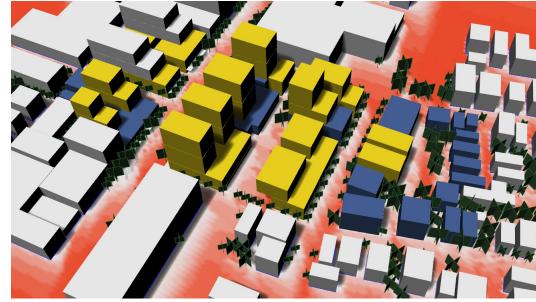
Outdoor Comfort_Proposals 1,2, & Final



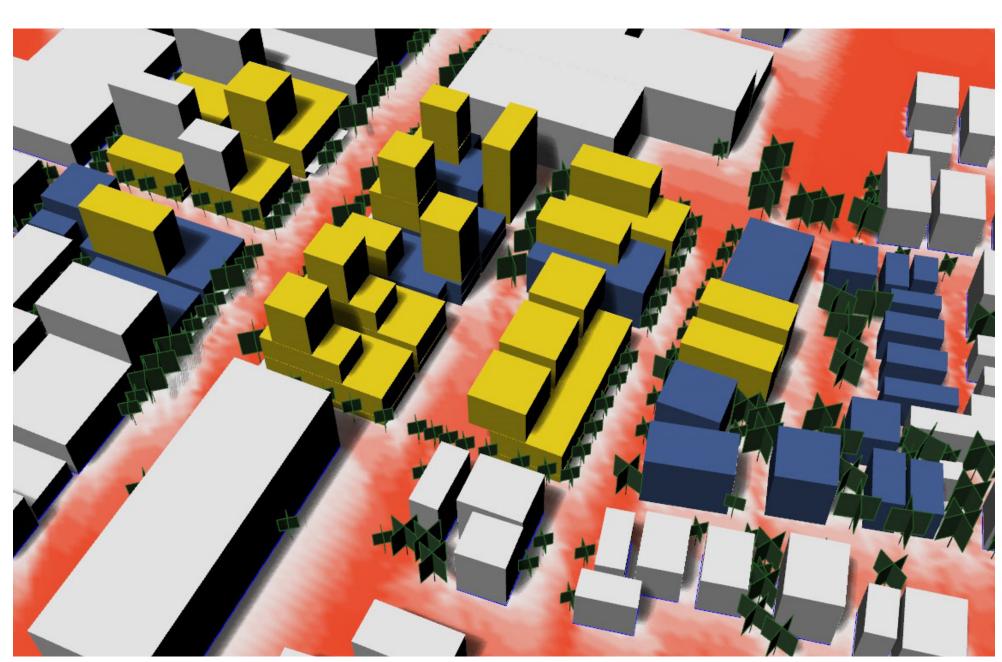
Uncomfortable (Hot)
Above 28 C and direct sunlight
June - July - August



Proposal 1



Proposal 2

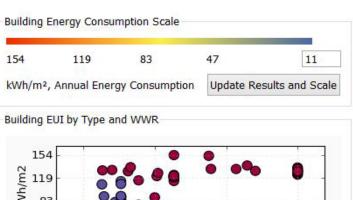


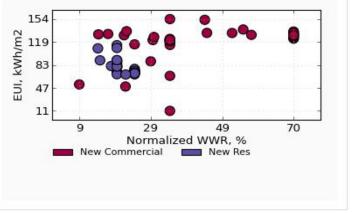
Final Proposal

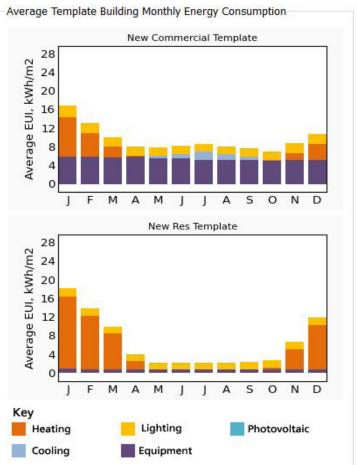
UMI_Final Proposal

Urban EUI: 101.1 kWh/m²



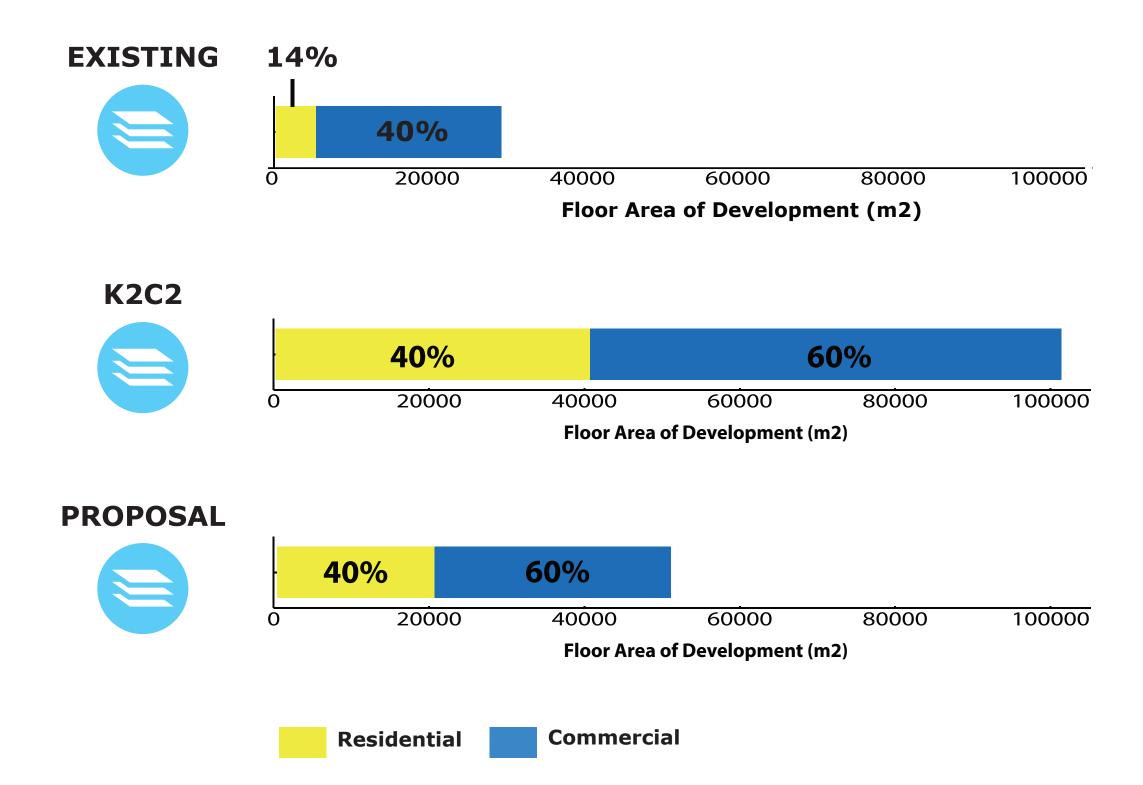






Floor Area Breakdown





Central Square, Cambridge | Retrofit Summary of Metrics



EVI2 I TIAR	EXIS	ΤI	N	G
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K2C2

PROPOSAL



1.5
Density[FAR]

5.2
Density[FAR]

2.8
Density[FAR]



3.5
Finance IRR[%]

6.4 Finance IRR[%]

7.4Finance IRR[%]



158Energy[kWh/m2 a]

133Energy[kWh/m2 a]

101
Energy[kWh/m2 a]



29
Daylit Area[%]

33
Daylit Area[%]

39
Daylit Area[%]



90Accessibility[%]

98
Accessibility[%]

99
Accessibility[%]



Carbon Emissions[t/m2]

Carbon Emissions[t/m2]

Carbon Emissions[t/m2]



