

ALFACINHA

translation: (1) little lettuce; (2) nickname for a native of Lisbon used by Tripeiros (tripe-eaters) from the north

PRODUCTIVE USE OF ROOFTOP SPACES

Program the productive use of outdoor spaces to maximize available rooftop areas for:

greenhouse farming + photovoltaic energy generation

COST-EFFECTIVENESS

Through financial analysis of design interventions within the site, ensure that integration of elements such as building-integrated food production is economically sustainable

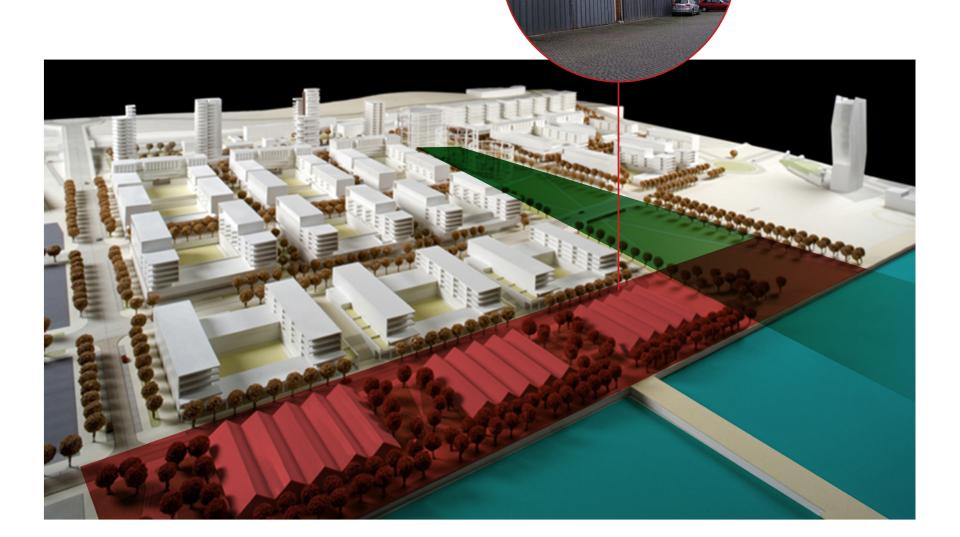
DESIGN GOAL

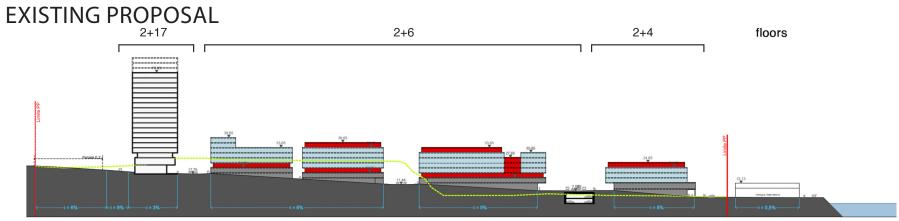
Maximize onsite food production with net zero additional operational energy





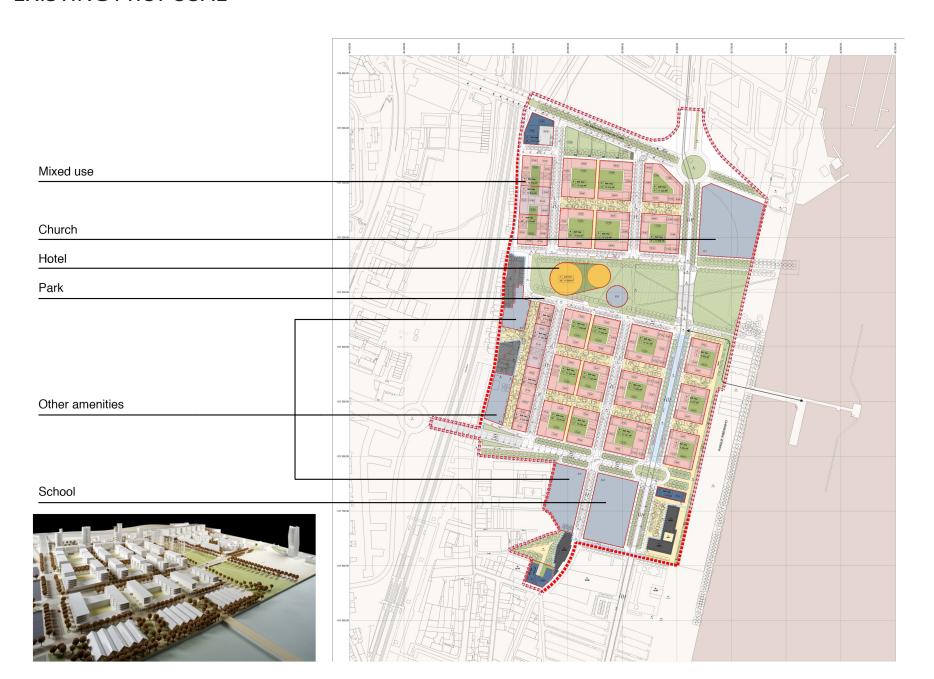
EXISTING PROPOSAL







EXISTING PROPOSAL



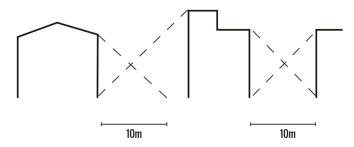


PROTOBLOCK DESIGN: REGULATIONS & EVOLUTION

LISBON'S REGULATIONS

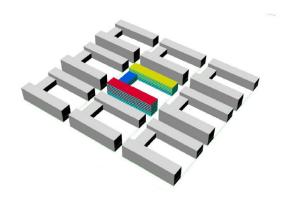
45 DEGREE RULE

No vertical wall of the building can be over the limit defined by the $45^{\rm o}$ line between the adjacent buildings separated by a street

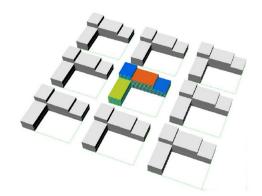


15M DEPTH

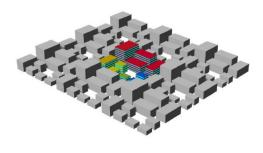
Maximum depth of buildings (not including balconies) is 15m Hotels and public facilities can be 18m wide



Reference Block Plan Planta de Implantação Proposal

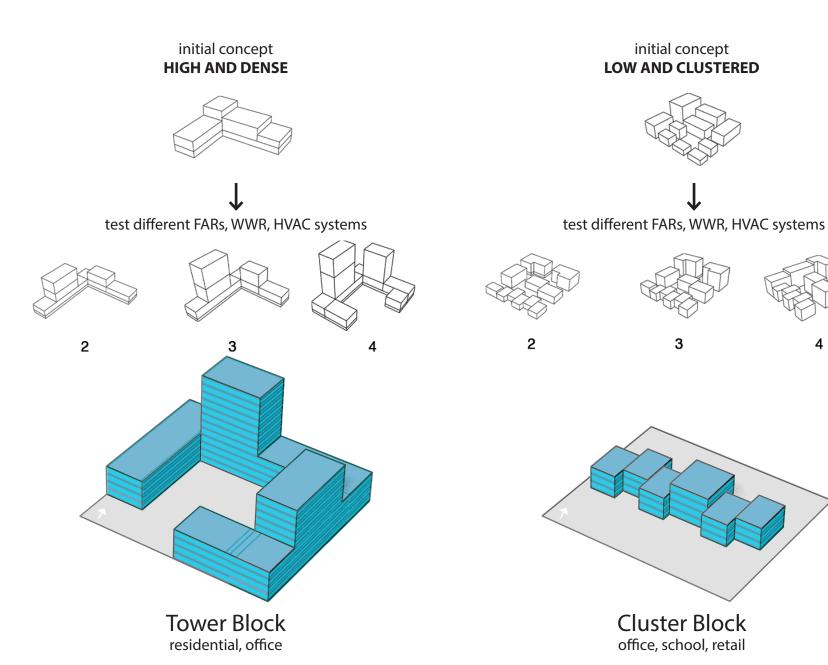


Design Alternative 1 L-shaped



Design Alternative 2 Clustered

PROTOBLOCK DESIGN: EVOLUTION



PROTOBLOCK DESIGN: EUI

Residential: Hybrid (natural vent. + cooling)

Office & School: Hybrid (natural vent. + cooling)

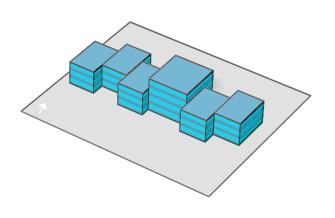
Retail: Cooling only

SE ₁	PO	INTS	(°C)
			· -/

	Cooling	Heating	Natural Vent
Residential	24	18	20-24
Office & School	22	20	20-21
Retail	22	20	-

Tower Block residential, office

Cluster Block office, school, retail



	Residential Block	Office Block	Office Cluster	Retail Cluster
	kWh/m2	kWh/m2	kWh/m2	kWh/m2
System	Hybrid	Hybrid	Hybrid	Cooling only
Total energy	76	102	101	102
Lighting	12	25	20	37
Equipment	16	27	27	26
Heating	2	4	6	0
Cooling	6	31	33	34
DHW	40	15	15	6

PROTOBLOCK DESIGN: DAYLIGHT AUTONOMY

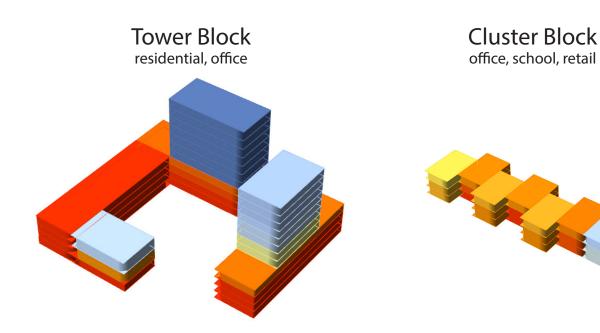
WWR options tested:

20, 20, 20, 20

40, 40, 40, 40

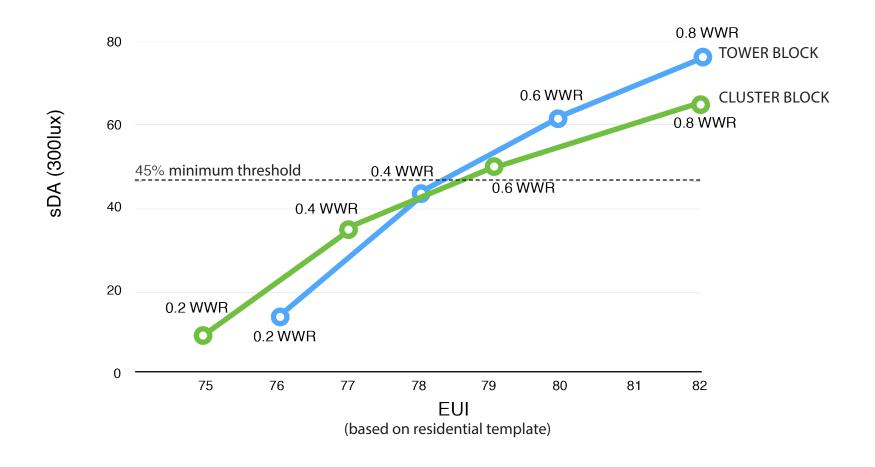
60, 60, 60, 60

80, 80, 80, 80



	Prototype 1: Tower Block	Prototype 2: Cluster
Windows	Double, air filled, Low-E Coating	Double, air filled, Low-E Coating
WWR (N, S, E, W)	40, 80, 60, 40	60, 60, 60, 60
sDA (300 lux)	57%	52%

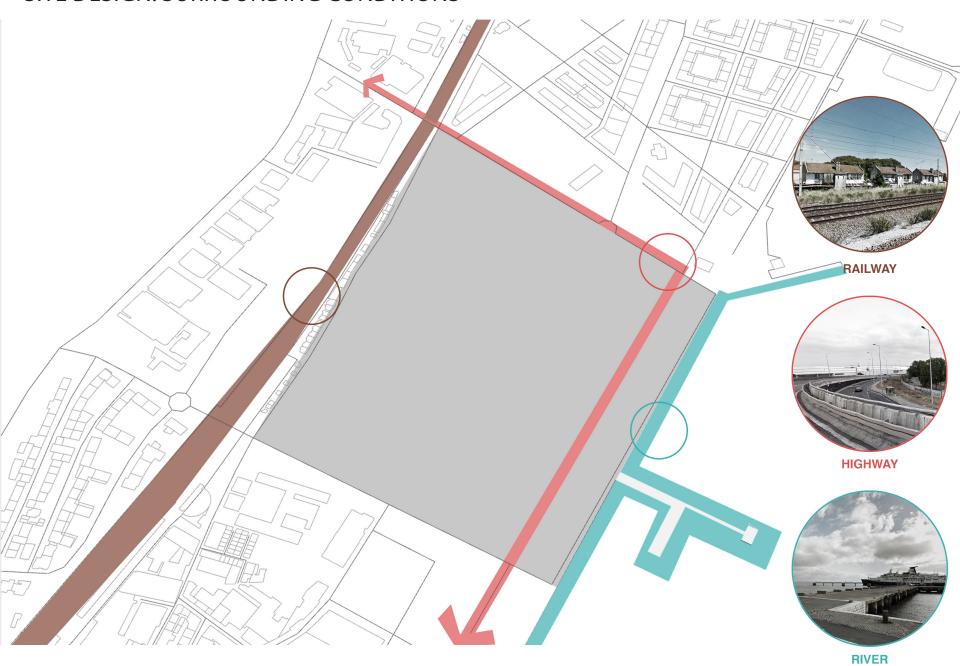
PROTOBLOCK DESIGN: EUI -VS- DAYLIGHT AUTONOMY



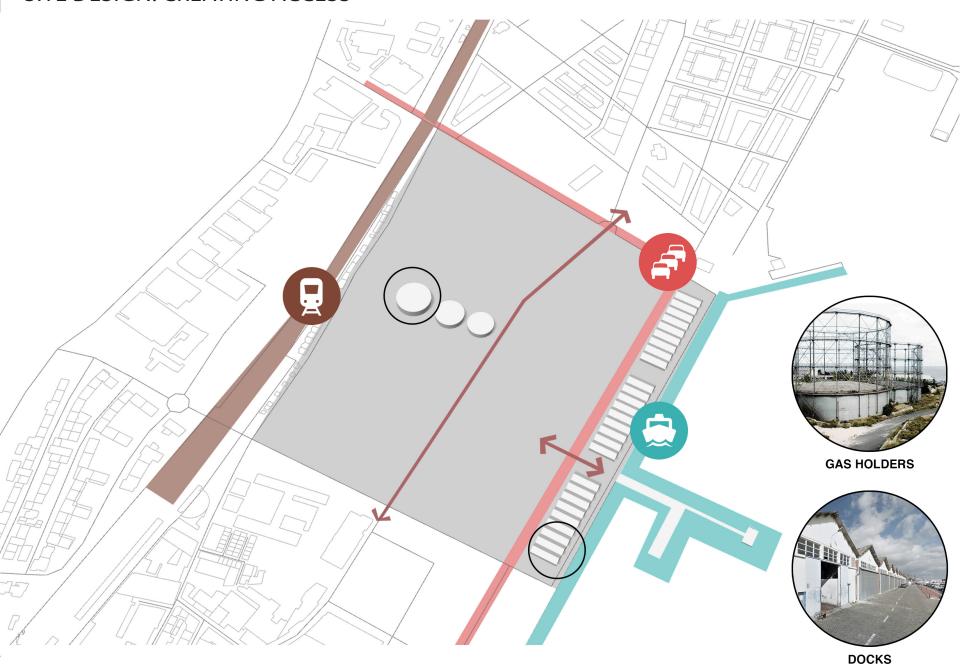
	Prototype 1: Tower Block	Prototype 2: Cluster
Windows	Double, air filled, Low-E Coating	Double, air filled, Low-E Coating
WWR (N, S, E, W)	40, 80, 60, 40	60, 60, 60, 60

SITE DESIGN

SITE DESIGN: SURROUNDING CONDITIONS



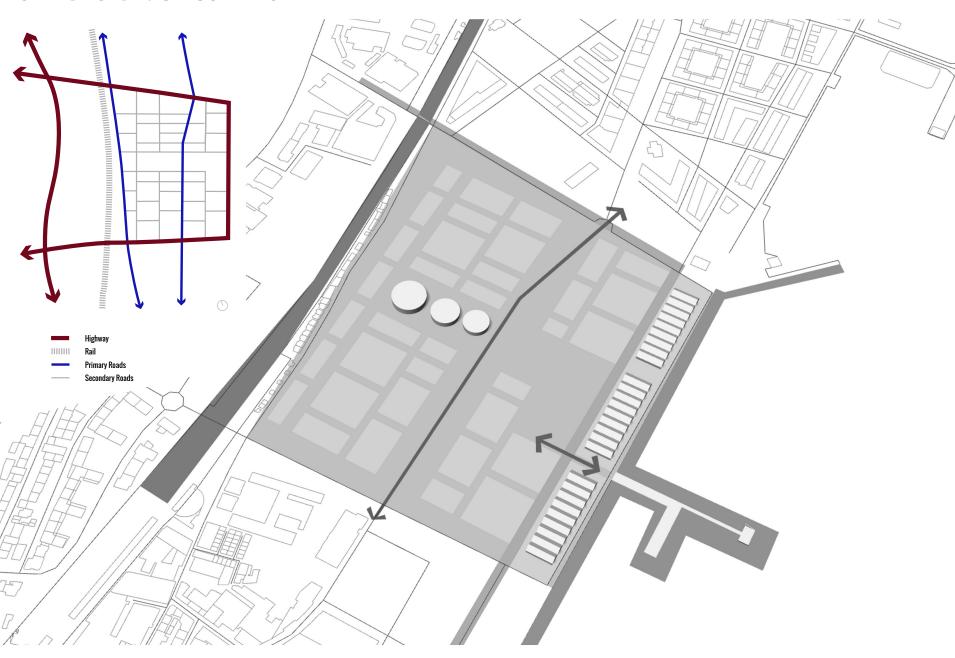
SITE DESIGN: CREATING ACCESS



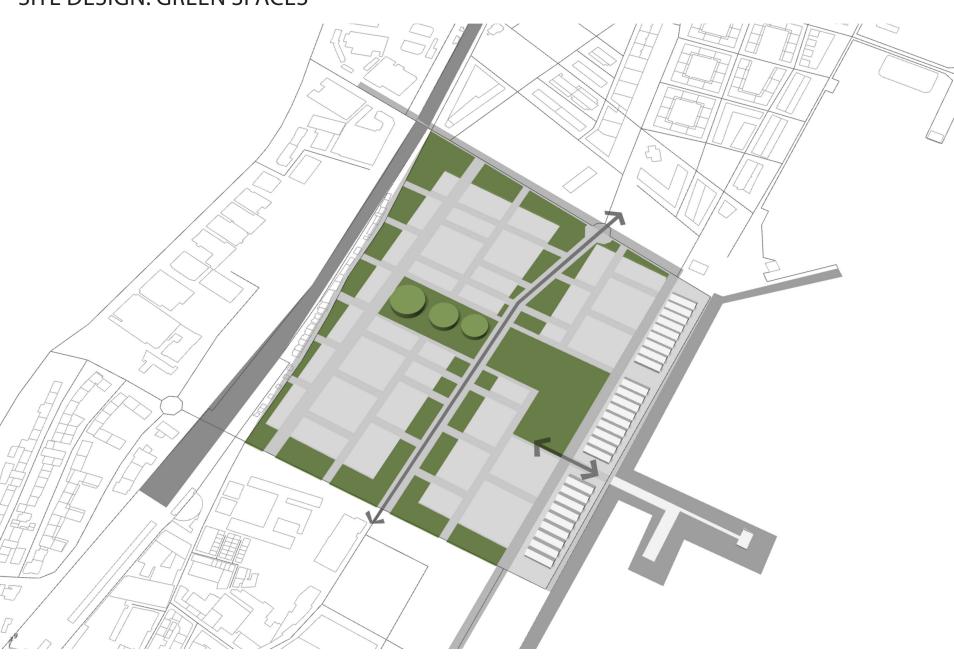
SITE DESIGN: MAKING USE OF EXISTING STRUCTURES



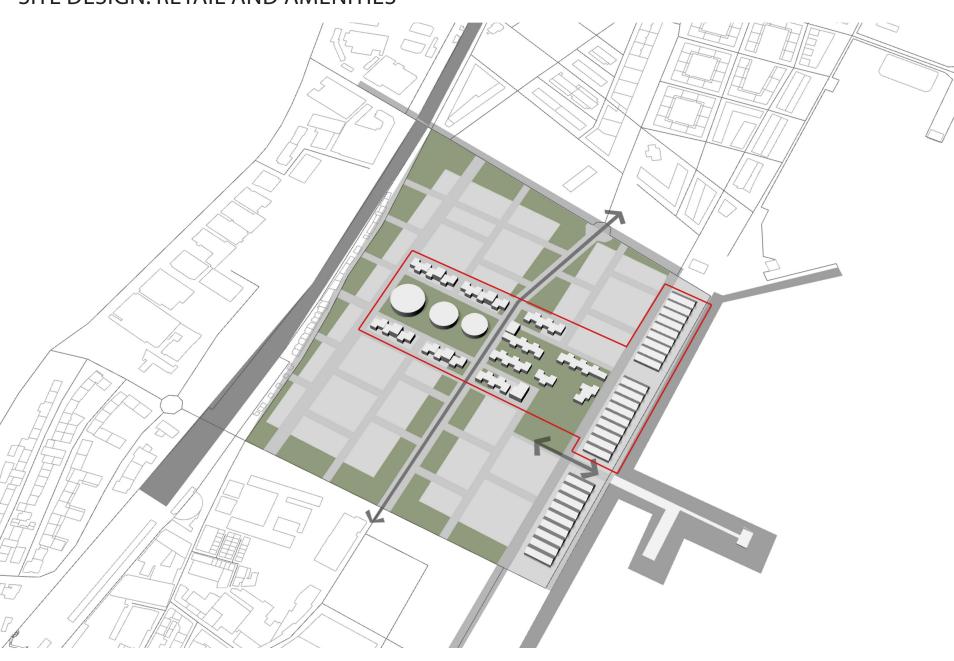
SITE DESIGN: CIRCULATION



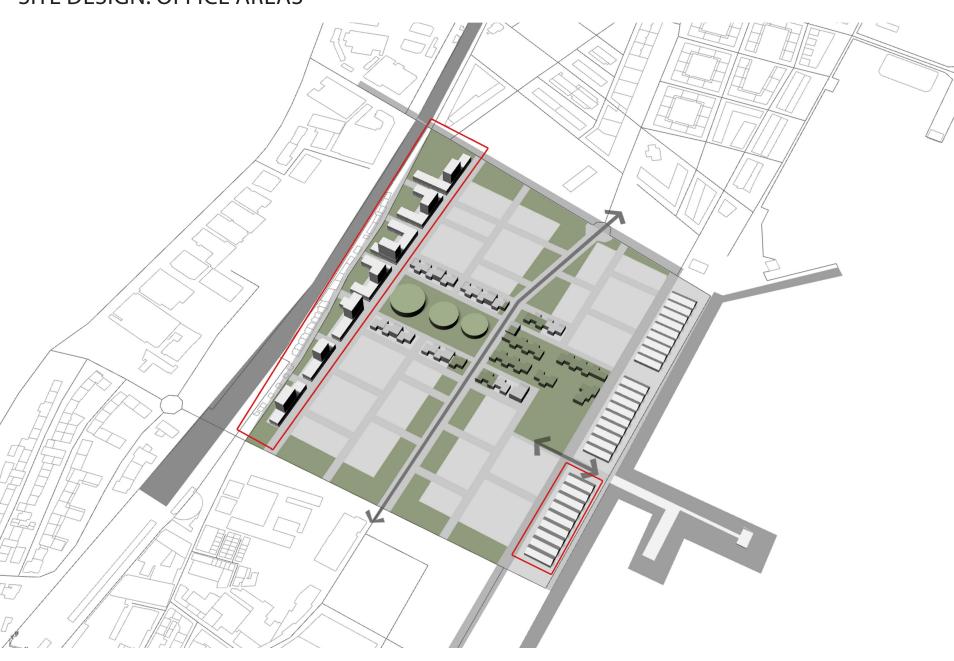
SITE DESIGN: GREEN SPACES



SITE DESIGN: RETAIL AND AMENITIES



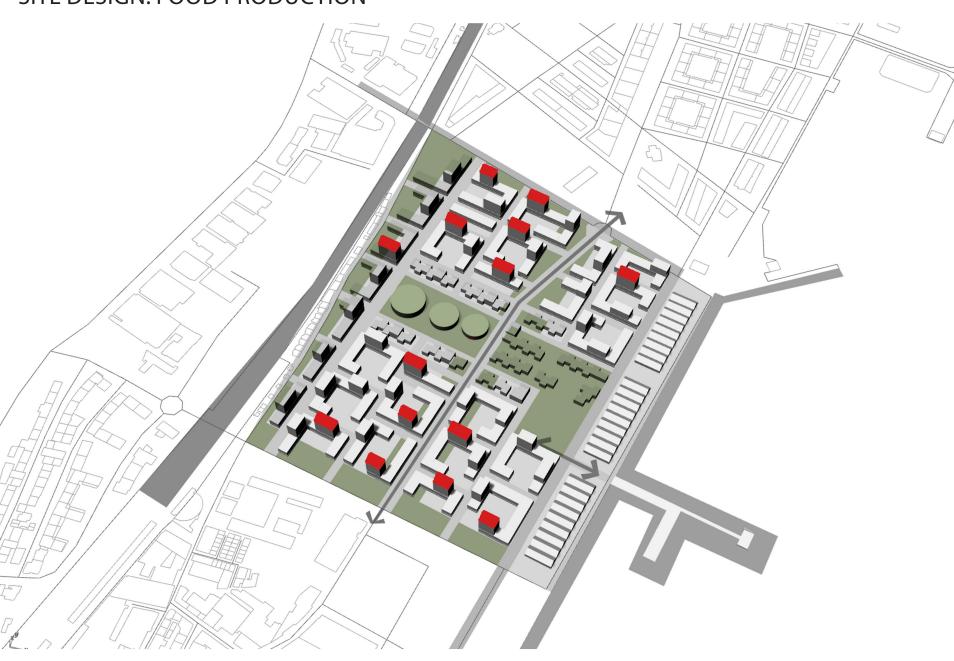
SITE DESIGN: OFFICE AREAS



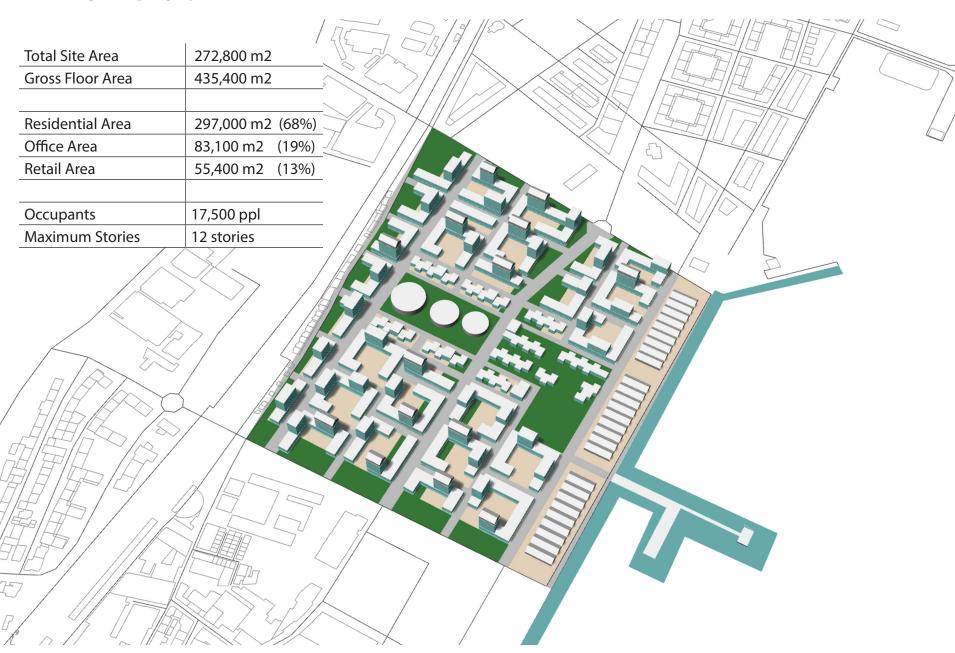
SITE DESIGN: RESIDENTIAL AREAS



SITE DESIGN: FOOD PRODUCTION



FINAL SITE DESIGN





URBAN REGULATION

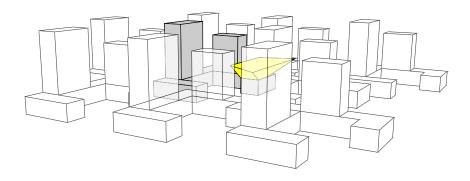
URBAN REGULATION: ONSITE PRODUCTIVE (GROWING) AREAS



Source: Fayetteville 2030 Food Security Scenario Plan

URBAN DESIGN GUIDELINE
Analyzing the farming potential of roof surfaces

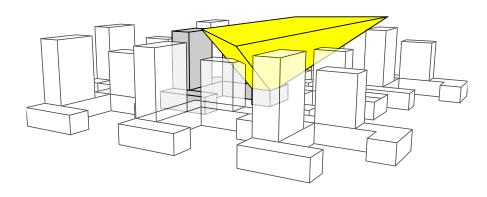
DESIGN APPROACH
Identify the surfaces with growing potential above
50 % based on solar exposure



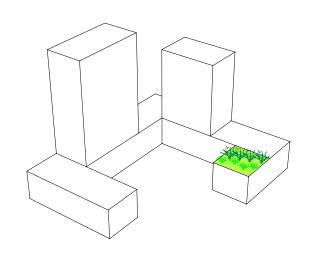
less access to solar radiation = less food production

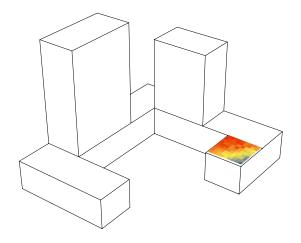
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more access to solar radiation = more food production



URBAN REGULATION: PERFORMATIVE RULE





3. 15 July 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	
Average Solar	Production
Radiation	Score
(kWh/m2/yr)	(%)
<850	0
850-999	17%
1000-1149	33%
1150-1299	50%
1300-1449	67%
1450-1599	83%

(1) Identify potential farming area (2)
Perform solar
radiation analysis

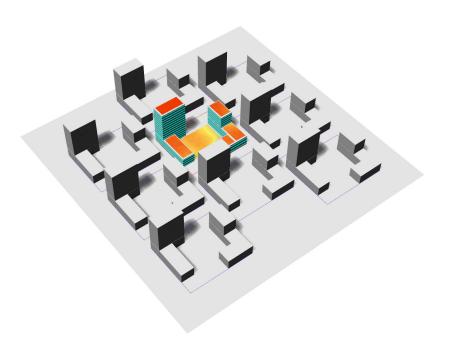
Only install a hydroponic greenhouse if average solar radiation of area is above 1150 kWh/m2/yr

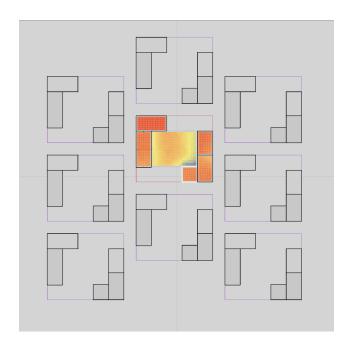
(3)

URBAN REGULATION: PERFORMATIVE RULE

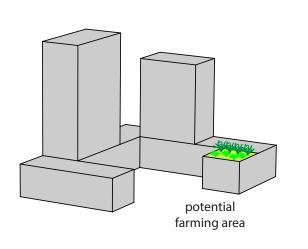
PROTOBLOCK ANALYSIS

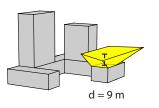
top roofs: 1600 kWh/m2 low roofs: 1450 kWh/m2 ground: 1000 kWh/m2

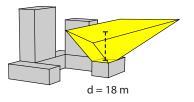


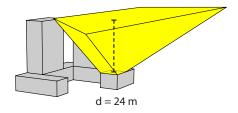


URBAN REGULATION: PRESCRIPTIVE RULE















Solar Fan Height (m)

Average Solar Radiation (kWh/m2/yr) Production Score (%)

9 or less	<850	0
10-12	850-999	17%
13-15	1000-1149	33%
16-18	1150-1299	50%
19-21	1300-1449	67%
22-24	1450-1599	83%
24 and above	1600	100%

(1) Identify potential farming area (2)

Place solar fan on site.

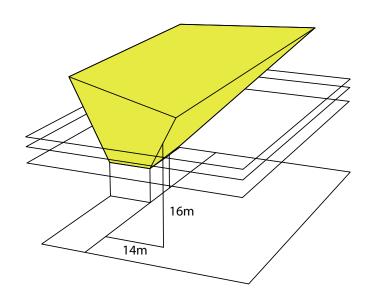
Measure maximum
height that the fan can
reach before intersecting
a surrounding surface.

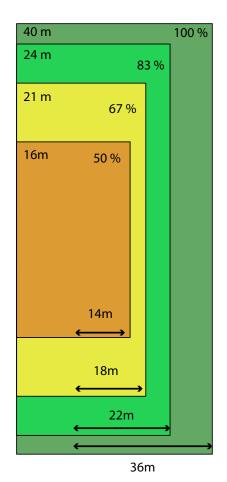
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(3)
Only install a
hydroponic greenhouse
if the solar fan can reach **16 meters** or above
before intersecting a
surrounding surface.

URBAN REGULATION: PRESCRIPTIVE RULE

To achieve a minimum production score of 50%, there should be a minimum of **14 m in distance and 16 m in height differential** between the potential farming area and adjacent buildings.





PRODUCTION SCORE

X POTENTIAL YIELD

PERCENTAGE OF ROOFTOP AREA

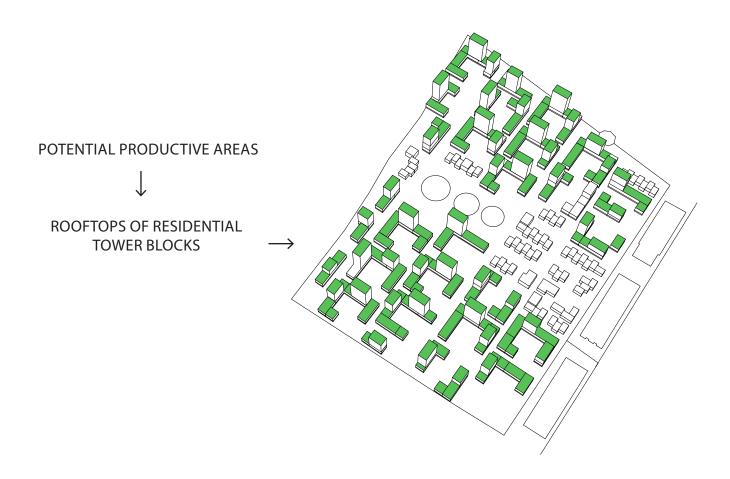
ON-SITE FOOD OR ENERGY PRODUCTION

based on performative or prescriptive analysis

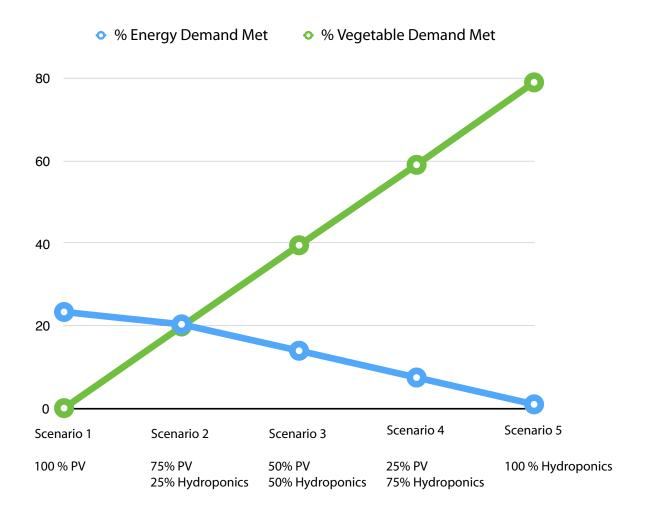
rooftop hydroponic greenhouse farming or PV installation

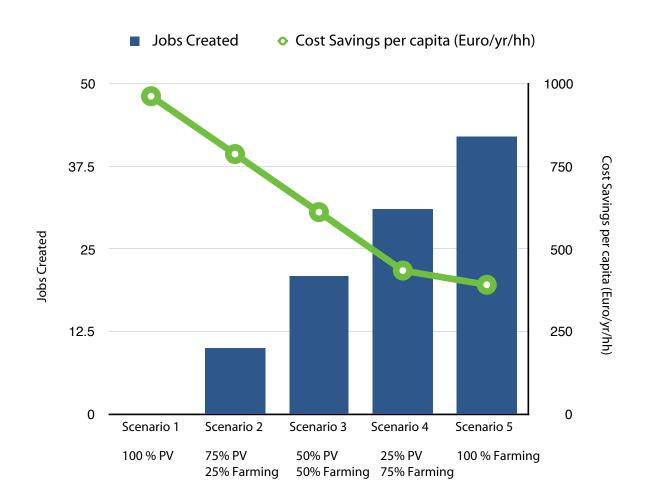
rooftop hydroponic greenhouse farming or PV installation

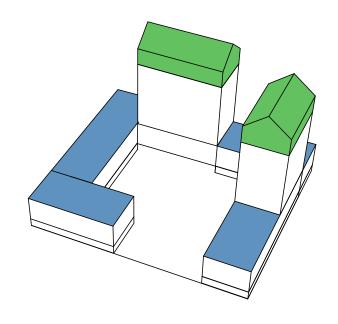
result to compare to occupant consumption needs



X







Chosen Scenario:

35.2 % Hydroponic Greenhouses (all high roofs for hydroponic farming)

64.8 % PV (all low roofs)

RESULTS



% Energy Demand Met

16



% Vegetable Demand Met

41



Cost Savings

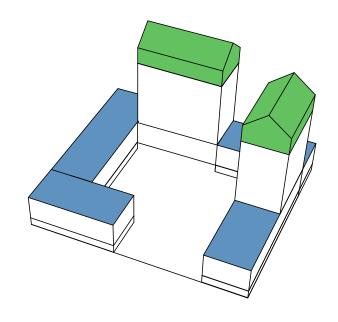
752 euro/yr/hh



Jobs Created

15

NEW METRIC: FARM SCORE



Chosen Scenario:

35.2 % Hydroponic Greenhouses (all high roofs for hydroponic farming)

64.8 % PV (all low roofs)

RESULTS



% Energy Demand Met

16



% Vegetable Demand Met

41

New Metric: FARM SCORE



Cost Savings

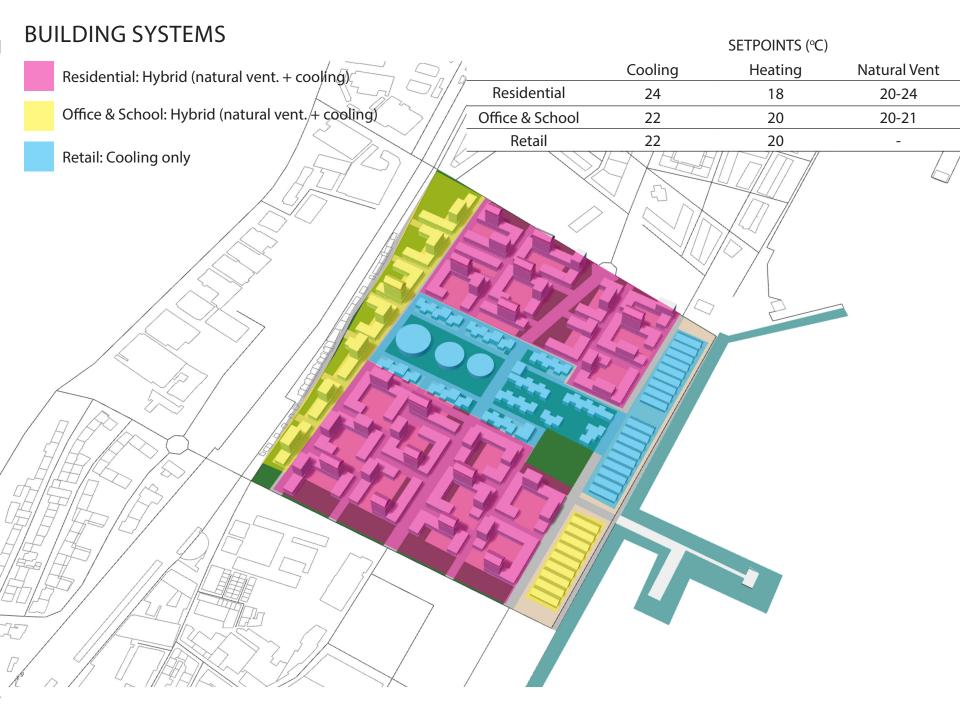
752 euro/yr/hh



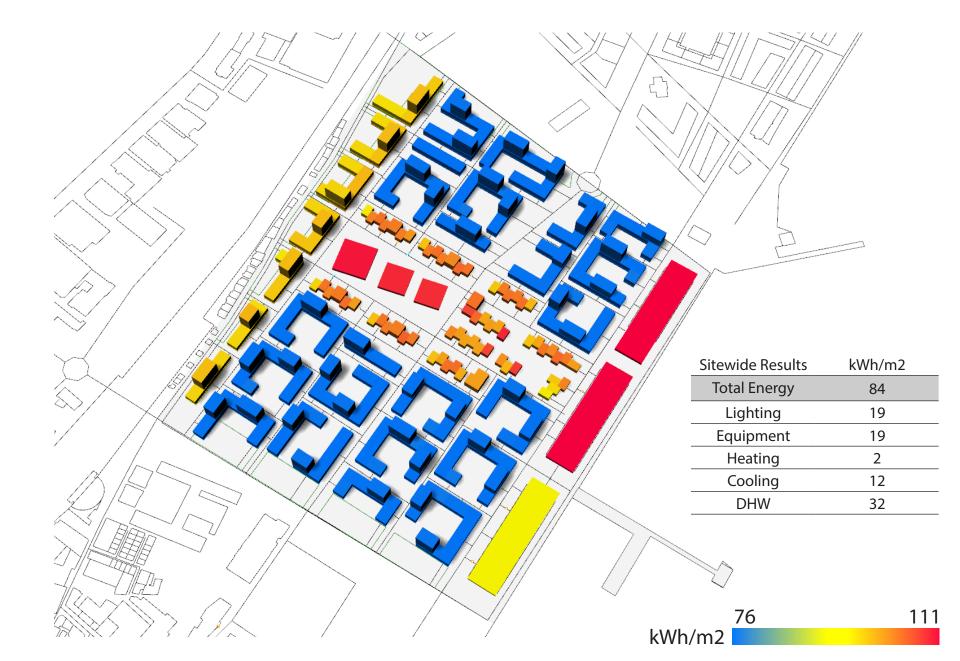
Jobs Created

15

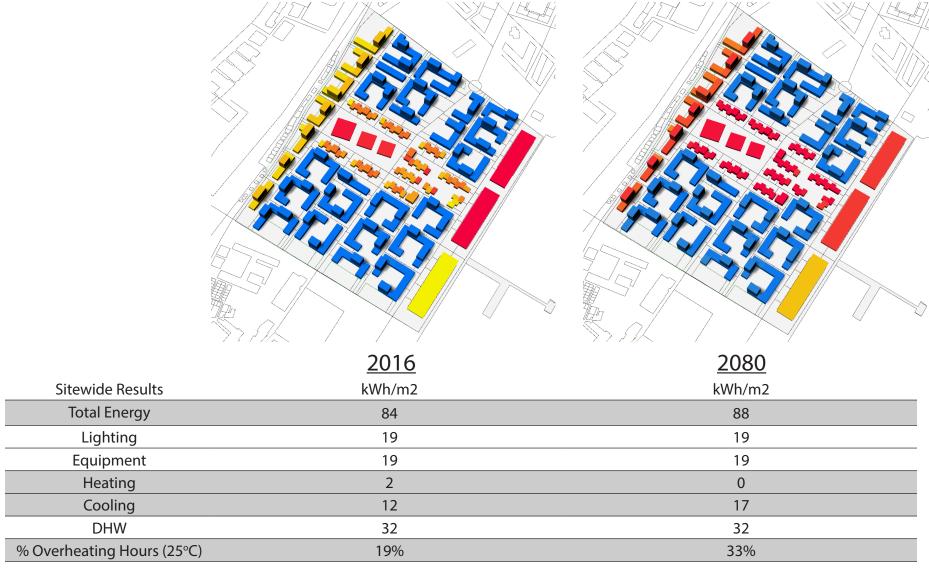




SITE EUI



CLIMATE CHANGE: 2016 VS 2080



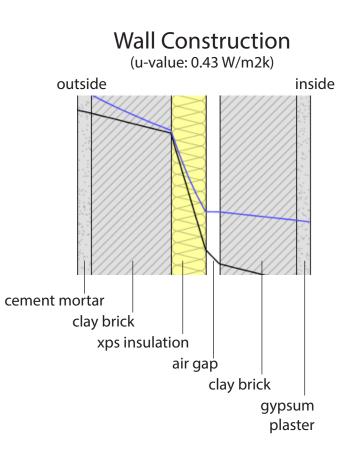


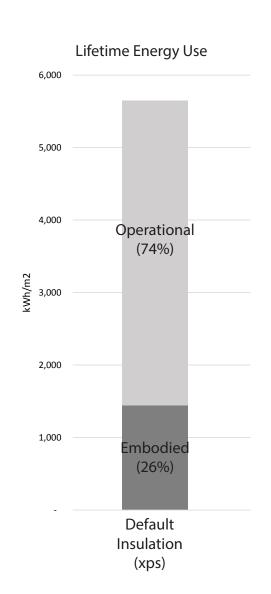
SITE DAYLIGHT POTENTIAL

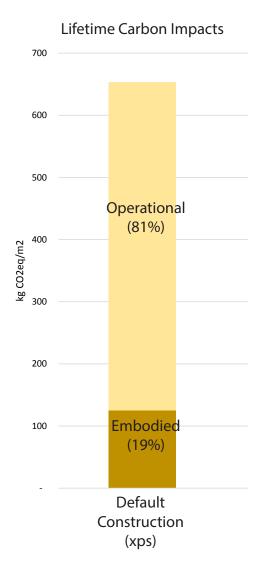




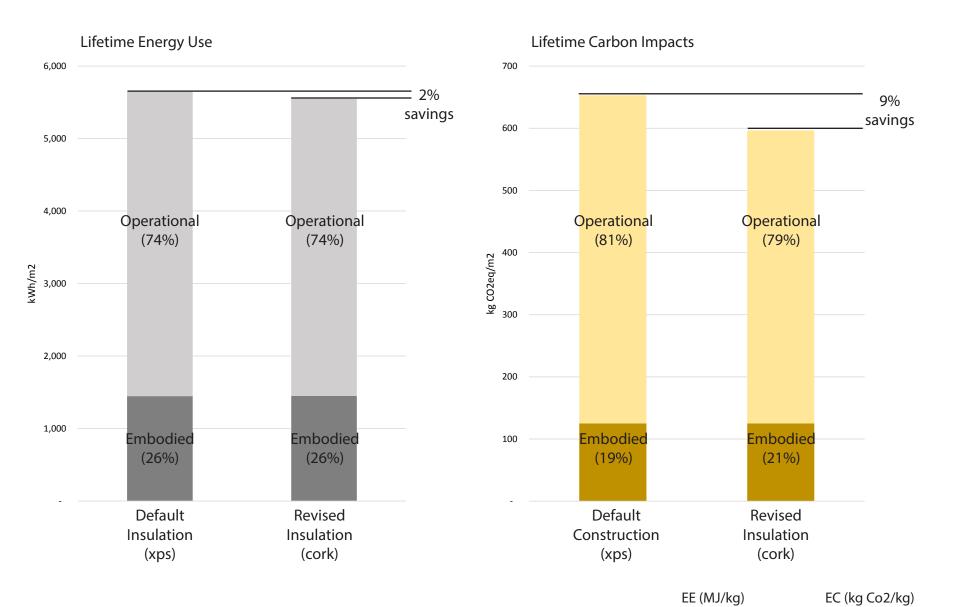
LIFECYCLE IMPACTS (50 YR)







LIFECYCLE IMPACTS (50 YR), SUBSTITUTE: XPS (5cm) → Cork (7cm)



xps insulation (5cm)

cork insulation (7cm)

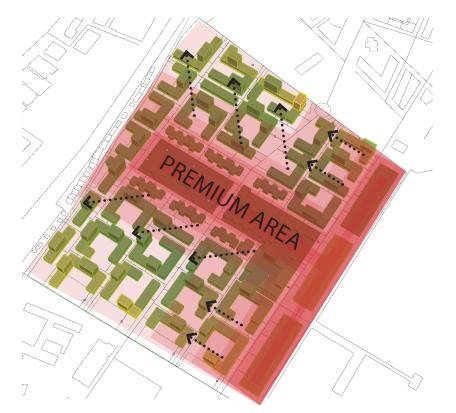
109

4

3.45

0.19

SITE-WIDE FINANCE



POTENTIAL RETURNS

Walkability Premium	ROI (1-yr)	Added Annual Revenue	
0% (no-premium)	7.95%	-	
5%	8.42%	5.2M €	
10%	8.88%	10.3M €	

costs/expenses

income

	I			I	1
	Construction Costs	Total Energy Costs (€/yr)		Maintenance Costs	Rent
	(€/m2)	Electricity	Gas	(€/yr)	(€/m2/yr)
Residential	€ 2,200.00				€ 122.00
Office/School	€ 1,700.00	7.1M €	0.08M €	23.7M €	€ 218.00
Retail	€ 1,700.00				€ 1,060.00



WALKABILITY



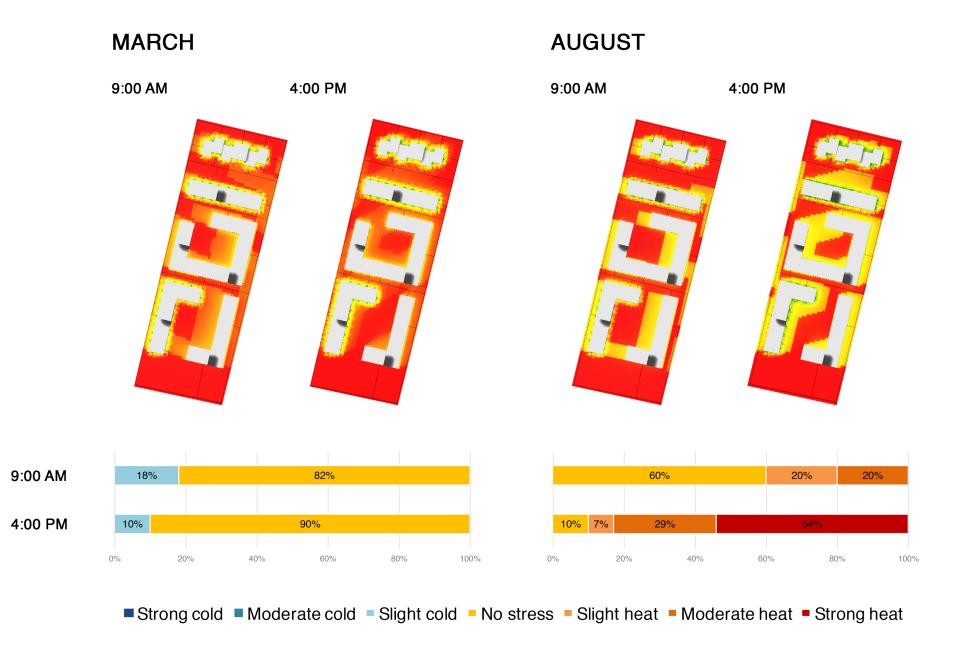
ASSUMPTIONS

MOBILITY RADIUS						
		300m				
AMENITIES						
		Global weight	Destination weights			
FOOD						
Grocery store		3	1			
Community garden		2	1			
OTHER SERVICES						
Restaurant		3	50, 30, 20			
Coffee	•	2	80, 20			
Shopping		1	1			
Bank		1	1			
School		1	1			
RECREATION						
Park		2	1			
Entertainment		1	1			
TRANSPORTATION						
Bus stop		2	1			
Bike hub		2	1			



WALKABILITY SCORE 88%

OUTDOOR COMFORT (UTCI)



SCORECARD



ALFACINHA

LISBON

Land area (m2)
Building area (m2)
Residents (pp/m2 land)
Workers (pp/m2 land)

272,700 435,400 0.027 0.017

*occupancy values exclude retail spaces

84 kWh/m2y OPERATION ENERGY



5,647 kWh/m2

kWh/m2 EMBODIED ENERGY (50y) 653 kgCO2/m2 BUILDING GHG EMISSIONS (50y)



46 % DA DAYLIGHT AREA



88 % WS WALKABILITY SCORE



8.4 % ROI FINANCIAL RETURN (1y)

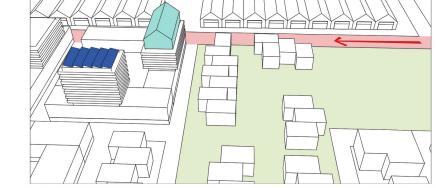


41 % FS

% FSVEGGIE
DEMAND



FINAL THOUGHTS







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