

BP205 Molecular Dynamics of the Cell
Problem Set 1
Due January 20th in class.

1. Diffusion of a molecule that is also being consumed by a chemical reaction.

A pill containing molecule P at concentration C floats atop a solution in a very long test tube. P diffuses out of the pill with diffusion constant D and undergoes a chemical reaction in solution at rate K. At steady state, what is the concentration profile as a function of depth of the test tube? Discuss how the concentration profile would differ if no chemical reaction were taking place. What is the flux of P out of the pill at steady state?

2. Interpretation of a Brownian Dynamics simulation.

Brownian Dynamics is used to simulate motion of atoms by incorporating stochastic Brownian forces. The result of the simulation is a series of trajectories: the x, y and z coordinates of each molecule at each time step. A homogeneous population of 153 spheres each with a diffusion constant of $1.839 \text{ \AA}^2/\text{ns}$ was simulated for 1 ms, and you have been provided with the first (t0.txt) and last (tf.txt) set of coordinates (in \AA). These files can be downloaded at the course website (www.jacobsonlab.org/~monica). Interpret the results of this simulation by answering the following:

- a. Is the mean square displacement what you would expect if the system followed normal diffusion (linear with time)?
- b. Does the distribution of individual particle displacements around zero compare to the expected probability distribution in three dimensions?